

CITY OF COCOA, FLORIDA

Fiscal Year Ended: September 30, 2024

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT





COCOA

CITY OF COCOA, FLORIDA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Prepared by: Finance Department

CITY OF COCOA, FLORIDA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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Finance Department

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March 27, 2025

The Honorable Mayor,

City Council Members, and Citizens of the City of Cocoa, Florida

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Cocoa, Florida (the "City"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, as presented by the Finance Department of the City, is hereby submitted pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapter 166.241, Chapter 218.3, and Chapter 10.500 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida and Article XIV, Section 1 of the City Charter.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. Proper management of the government requires establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City has established an internal control structure designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and presents fairly the financial position and the results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by the City's independent certified public accountants, Forvis Mazars. The goal of the independent audit is to provide a reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the year ended September 30, 2024, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The Independent Auditors' Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements, in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A provides an introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial

statements; it complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A is located immediately after the auditor's report.

GOVERNMENT PROFILE

The City of Cocoa has a population of 20,225 and is located in central Brevard County, Florida, midway between the cities of Titusville to the north and Melbourne to the south. It was incorporated as a village in 1895 and as a City in 1913. The City Charter, as adopted in 1959, provides for a Council-City Manager form of government. The elected council consists of a Mayor elected at-large and four Council Members that are elected by district. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council.

The City provides a wide range of services normally associated with a municipality. These services include police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of roads, streets and sidewalks, water, wastewater and stormwater utilities, community services, recreational activities, and cultural events. In addition to the general government activities, the governing body exercises, or has the ability to exercise, oversight of the Water and Sewer Utility and the Stormwater Utility; therefore, these activities are included in the reporting entity.

The City of Cocoa has a regional water system that provides and sells water within an area extending approximately 268 square miles. The City has supplied water to the residents of Cocoa and adjacent communities since 1927 and is the sole supplier of water to central Brevard County between the NASA and Pineda Causeways, including the cities of Cocoa, Rockledge, Cocoa Beach and Cape Canaveral as well as unincorporated areas on the mainland, Merritt Island, Port Canaveral, and the beach area. Federal facilities serviced include Patrick Space Force Base, Kennedy Space Center, and Cape Canaveral Air Force Station. The City owns, operates, and maintains 48 wells, a groundwater pretreatment plant, an intake structure/surface water pretreatment plant, two water treatment trains, aquifer storage and recovery system, a transmission and distribution system, and five water storage tanks. The water treatment system has a ground water capacity of 48 million gallons per day and a surface water capacity of 12 million gallons per day, although the current consumptive use permit allows for withdrawals of 31 million gallons per day groundwater and 8.83 million gallons per day surface water. The City also provides sanitary sewer service within the city limits and unincorporated areas adjacent to Cocoa. A water reuse system distributes reclaimed water for irrigation purposes and is available to both residential and commercial customers within the City.

The Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) was created in 1981. The agency is overseen by its own governing board consisting of the City of Cocoa, Florida, City Council and two additional members, appointed by the City Council, who reside in, own property in, or are engaged in business within the Agency's defined area. The Cocoa CRA is included within the governmental activities in the City's financial statements as a blended component unit. The Cocoa CRA uses property tax incremental revenues derived from taxable real property within the geographic boundaries of the redevelopment area to finance redevelopment projects, streetscape, and façade improvement programs. During fiscal year 1998, the City created two new redevelopment agencies: The Diamond Square Community Redevelopment Agency (DS CRA) and the U.S. 1 Corridor Community Redevelopment Agency originally set to sunset in 2023. Through an agreement with Brevard County, the term of the Diamond Square CRA was extended an additional 10 years to 2033 and the term of the U.S. 1 Corridor CRA ended on September 30, 2020. The governing board of the Diamond Square CRA is appointed by the Cocoa City Council and is made up of City residents and/or Cocoa business and property owners within the Diamond Square defined area. This agency makes use of property tax incremental revenues derived from

taxable real property within the geographic boundaries of the areas to finance redevelopment of those areas. The Diamond Square CRA is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Cocoa, Florida's financial planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is a five-year plan which identifies capital projects and equipment purchases, provides a planning schedule, and identifies options for financing the program. The link between the CIP and the budget is essential and the entire plan is included in the annual budget. All departments are required to submit their budgetary requests to the City Manager, who uses these requests as a starting point for developing a proposed budget to submit to the City Council. The City Council is required by Florida statute to hold two public hearings and adopt a final budget, by resolution, no later than September 30th of each year. After budget adoption, the City Manager may transfer funds within the same fund and department up to his approval level. Funds expended may not exceed the budgeted appropriation for personal services, operating expenditures, and capital outlay.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each major and non-major governmental funds for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. This comparison is presented as part of the Required Supplementary Information.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Cocoa is located on Florida's space coast along the picturesque Indian River Lagoon in east central Florida. With direct access to Interstate-95, US Highway 1, State Road 528 and State Road 520, the City's location serves as the connection point to some of the state's major metropolitan markets such as Orlando, Jacksonville, Tampa, and Miami-Dade. In addition to Cocoa's advantageous location, the City's streamlined building and site permitting process and innovative economic development programs foster a favorable environment for development. Cocoa is also a short distance from Port Canaveral which enables many cruise passengers to visit the historic downtown prior to or after going on a cruise.

Cocoa is home to educational institutions such as Eastern Florida State College's Cocoa campus, and the Florida Solar Energy Center. A Walmart cold distribution storage warehouse and an Amazon First Mile Distribution Center and Warehouse are located in the City, along with several space-related businesses. The Amazon First Mile Distribution Facility is one of only five such facilities in the United States. The City's vibrant historic downtown is a quaint downtown shopping, dining, and entertainment destination. It contains unique shops, restaurants, wine bars and nightclubs. The historic downtown adjoins Riverfront Park and Lee Wenner Park, which provide opportunities for boating, fishing, or enjoying the waterfront. There are more than 65 special events in the Historic Cocoa Village each year, including concerts in Riverfront Park with nationally acclaimed artists, wine walks, art and craft shows, car shows, holiday events and dog festivals. These events attract thousands of visitors per year to Cocoa's downtown. The Historic

Cocoa Village Playhouse hosts many plays each season with residents and visitors coming to the Historic Cocoa Village to dine and enjoy a play or other event at the playhouse.

In 2024, Brightline announce that their next station along the Orlando to Miami route will be located in the City of Cocoa. This multi-modal transportation hub will be a transformative project and significant infrastructure investment for the City of Cocoa, bringing jobs and development to the surrounding area. The station will not only improve connectivity and accessibility for residents and visitors along the Florida and the national economy remained strong in 2024. Florida unemployment was 3.3% in September 2024, which is lower than the nationwide unemployment rate of 4.1%. Florida's private sector job growth rate continues to surpass the national rate, with a 2.2% increase (+192,000) compared to the national private sector job growth rate of 1.6%. In May 2024, the construction sector gained the most jobs among all major industries, adding 5,500 jobs (+0.8%) from the previous month. This was followed by the education and health services sector, adding 2,700 jobs (+0.2%). Florida's real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew by 21.9% from the first guarter of 2019 to the first guarter of 2024, nearly double the national growth rate of 11.1% during the same period. The strong economy in the state is reflected in the economic activity here on the Space Coast. Port Canaveral, which is a short trip over the Indian and Banana rivers from Cocoa, continues to grow in passenger counts and number of cruise ships at the port. The port is also undertaking an expansion to allow for more cruise ships. The port also has a strong cargo section, which handles fuel, sand, and lumber being distributed in the Central Florida area and it handles the rocket boosters when they return to land after launch.

The rocket launches on the Space Coast also create significant economic activity with a record 93 launches in 2024, surpassing the 70 launches in 2023. Approximately 112 launches are planned for 2025. Nearby Cocoa Beach is also a tourist destination, with many tourists visiting Cocoa Beach or Cape Canaveral taking afternoon or evening trips to the Historic Cocoa Village. Cocoa is impacted by the space and tourist industries through workers desiring housing near the space center, port, air force and space force bases and tourists wanting to explore Cocoa's unique waterfront village. In addition, the area of Viera (southwest of the City) is expanding rapidly as part of a planned urban community. The community is approximately 50% built-out and all new residents in Viera area utilize water that is treated and sold by the City's water utility.

Significant housing projects have been initiated in Cocoa in FY 2024 that will provide housing for employees in the space and manufacturing industries. A total of 1,561 building permits were issued during the fiscal year. Single-family developments in Winward Preserve and Lakes at Cocoa Grove are underway that will bring over 300 new homes into the City with an estimated value of \$500,000 per home.

Gross taxable property values increased 13.7% in FY 2024, with 4.2% of the increase attributed to new construction. Millage rates remained the same at 6.9532 mills. The ad valorem revenue increase generated by appreciation and new construction helped the City to fund most capital purchases with ongoing revenue and helped to maintain competitive wages. The property value increases, diversified revenue sources, and interfund transfers from the Water and Sewer Utility Fund for charges for services, payment in lieu of franchise fees and a return on investment provided sufficient revenue to fund the current level of services to the citizens and business owners of Cocoa. More detailed economic information about the City can be found in the Statistical Section of this document.

It is the City's continuous goal to be fiscally responsible while at the same time preserving essential and critical services, maintaining adequate reserve balances, and providing resources to promote affordable and sustainable growth in the City of Cocoa. The City was able to provide

general employees with a salary increase in FY 2024 to keep the City's wages competitive to be able to attract high quality employment candidates. The City Council uses a strategic plan that is a guiding document for the City to ensure resources are strategically allocated to provide the essential and critical services while maintaining fiscal sustainability. The strategic plan was updated in 2023 and continues to serve as the guiding document for the City's annual budget process.

The City leverages the use of grant funding to complement strategic projects throughout various departments. Cocoa is an entitlement community and receives funding from Community Development Block Grants, and Home Investment Partnerships Program from HUD each year to help the Cocoa community. The City received \$128,609 in CDBG funding and \$310,488 in HOME funding for FY 2024. The City also received grant funding of \$228,460 through the state for the State Housing Initiative Program. These grants help the community through first-time homebuyers assistance, grants to sub-recipient organizations that provide services such feeding the elderly and economically challenged citizens. Grants from the Bullet Proof Vest Program and the Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance grant program supported police operations by providing funding for bullet proof vests and mobile printers. The Crime Victim Assistance grant program in the police department covers a portion of the costs for two victims' assistance employees. The City received \$3.8 million of the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Plan (SLFRF). which it is primarily using to support general government operations. \$1,500,429 of the SLFRF funding was spent in FY 2024 for capital projects. The City was successful in obtaining additional grant funding for Fiske & Broadmoor road project, which provides \$4,376,608 toward the cost of the project. Additionally, the City received grants for the Sellers Water Quality Improvement project for \$3,626,000. Staff continues to seek grants each year to support needed capital and operating costs. Details of the grants expended can be found in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards in the Other Reports section of this document.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City adopts a multi-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) annually as part of the budgetary process. The CIP is a planning tool to recognize when major cash expenditures may be necessary. The revenue sources for these projects may come from the issuance of debt, grants, new revenue sources, impact fees and/or fund reserves. The City works with a consultant annually to ensure that the revenue sources are able to meet the CIP needs. Some of the major projects included in the CIP for FY 2025-2029 that will impact the future are:

Rehabilitation & Repair of Range Rd./Michigan Ave to Clearlake

New SR 524 Safety and Capacity Design

New SR 524 South Side Sidewalk Installation

New Mobile Solar Power EV ARC Charging system

Fluoride Tank Replacement

New Dyal SCADA Server, OS, Server Software, and UPS Upgrades

New Jockey High Service Pumps

Rehabilitation of WS19 Raw Water Well

Replacement of Dyal Ground Water (GW) Filter Wash Water Tank Interior Coating

Improvements DS56 Banana River Tank

Improvements of Ozone at Dyal

Improvements Dyal Taylor Creek Reservoir Pump Station

New WS09 48-inch Pipeline West of Well 7A to Dallas (Little Econ to Wewahootee)

New WS11 Redundant Pipeline Well 20 to 23

To ensure that funding is available for these future projects, the City has a General Fund fiscal sustainability study, Stormwater Fund sustainability study and a Water and Sewer Utility Fund revenue sufficiency study performed each fiscal year. No debt is anticipated to be issued for the General Fund and the Stormwater Utility Fund. Debt issuance in the Water and Sewer Utility Fund is anticipated in FY 2028 to meet capital needs.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The Fund Balance Reserve Policy is a fund balance policy that complies with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions. The most recent update to this policy occurred in July 2023. This policy is utilized by management as a budgetary tool and establishes a Capital Replacement Reserve (not less than 5% of total capital outlay reported in the prior year audited Annual Financial Report) and a Stabilization Reserve (no less than \$9.5 million or 33% of the total operating expenditures reported in the prior year audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), whichever is greater) for the General Fund. These reserves are approved by City Council and are reported in the ACFR as Committed Fund Balance. The fund balance policy states that reserves should only be used for one-time expenditures. The reserves also should not be used for ongoing expenditures unless a viable revenue plan designated to sustain the expenditures is simultaneously adopted. In the event the funds are not available to establish or replenish the minimum required balances, the target goals shall be achieved by adding a designated amount to the budget to cover the deficiencies over a period not to exceed five years. The City has not needed to utilize either reserve for many years.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In governmental funds, the City continued with its annual street paving and vehicle replacements in FY 2024. Other significant capital projects in FY 2024 were purchase of P25 compliant radios, Provost and Stradley park improvements, construction of Michael C. Blake subdivision homes for affordable housing, purchase of a fire pumper truck and construction on the Fiske & Broadmoor road improvements.

The Water and Sewer Utility Fund completed the Pineda causeway water pipe project, the Sykes Creek bridge relocation of the water pipe, the IRP improvement project, a portion of the Sellers wastewater plant Advanced Wastewater Treatment project and water filter replacements. These projects ensure continued delivery of clean drinking water, environmentally compliant wastewater treatment, and compliance with state and federal mandates and a well-maintained water and wastewater utility.

The Stormwater Utility Fund's major initiative for FY 2024 was the placement of mats for nutrient removal to improve the Indian River Lagoon water quality.

OTHER INFORMATION

Florida state statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Forvis Mazars was selected by the City Council to perform the audit. The Independent Auditors' Report on the financial statement, which included an unmodified ("clean") opinion, is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The City was awarded Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cocoa for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and

Canada (GFOA). In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. Management believes that the City's fiscal year 2024 ACFR will meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements.

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. The efforts of the Finance staff should be recognized for their commitment to ensuring that all City financial operations comply with the strong internal controls that help the City achieve an unmodified auditor opinion each year and receive the GFOA's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. All other City departments have also contributed directly or indirectly to the preparation of this report by providing timely information to the Finance team, and their cooperation and continued assistance is appreciated. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and City Council for their unwavering support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Sincerely,

Stockton Whitten City Manager Rebecca J. Bowman Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Cocoa Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Serving the Community

COUNCIL

Michael Blake Mayor
Lavander Hearn Deputy Mayor
Alex Goins Council Member
Patricia Weeks Council Member
Lorraine Koss Council Member

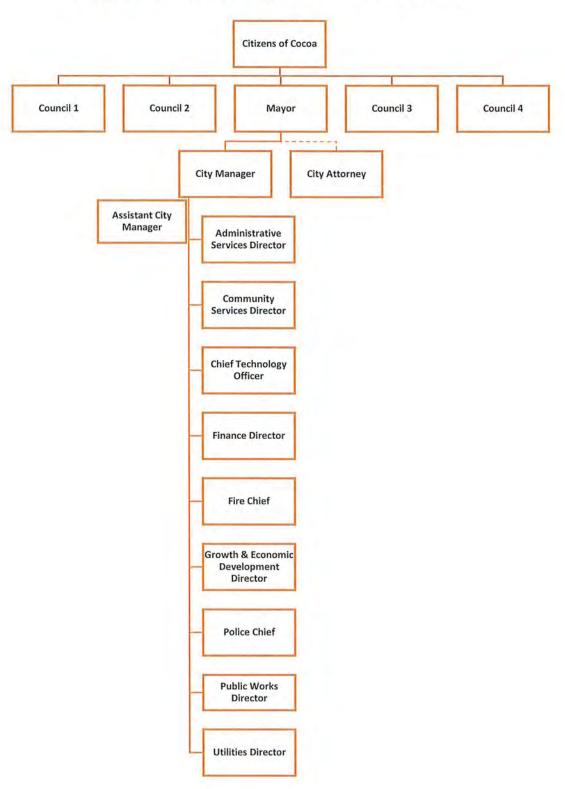
EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM

Stockton Whitten City Manager **Anthony Garganese** City Attorney Rebecca Bowman, CGFO, CGFM Finance Director Charlene Neuterman Community Services Director Jonathan Lamm Fire Chief **Evander Collier.IV** Police Chief John Walsh II, P.E. **Utilities Director** Abigail Morgan, P.E. Public Works Director Samantha Senger Community & Economic Dev Director Tammy Gemmati, PHR Administrative Services Director Robert Beach Chief Technology Officer

As of September 30, 2024



City of Cocoa Organizational Chart





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FINANCIAL SECTION



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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cocoa, Florida Cocoa, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cocoa, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during that audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 27, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Orlando, Florida March 27, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Cocoa (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Cocoa exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$327,503,575 (net position). Of this amount, \$68,271,879 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The primary government's total net position increased \$47,831,127 or 8.7% from the previous year. This increase was attributed to the increase of \$19,036,102 in the governmental activities and an increase of \$28,795,025 in the business-type activities.
- At September 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$64,586,917, an increase of \$12,635,107 compared to the prior year. The City's governmental fund balance consists of the following:

Non-spendable - \$ 2,727,300 (Inventory, prepaid items and certain long-term receivables)

Restricted - \$ 6,315,451 (Grants and other restricted revenue sources)

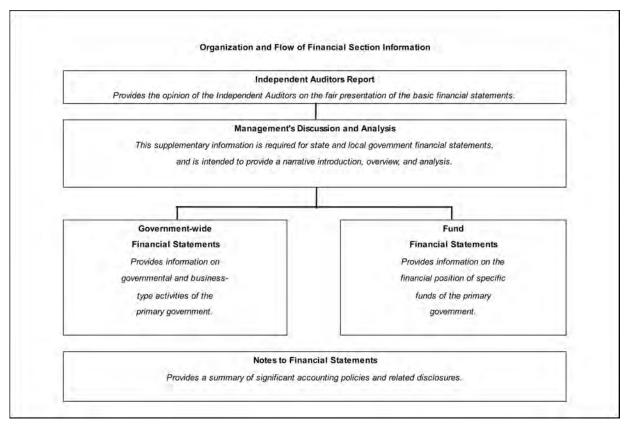
Committed - \$ 15,259,708 (Stabilization and capital replacement reserves)

Assigned - \$ 20,066,558 (Community improvement projects/debt service payments)
Unassigned - \$ 20,217,900 (Available for spending at the government's discretion)

- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$20,217,900 or 48.1% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total long-term liabilities decreased \$16,148,383 (9.3%) during the current fiscal year.
 The governmental activities long-term liabilities decreased by \$8,293,983 due mainly to decreased net pension liability. The business-type activities long-term liabilities decreased by \$7,854,408 due to decreases in net pension liability and revenue bonds payable.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.



Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities reflect the City's basic services, including general government, public safety, physical environment, economic environment and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the Water and Sewer Utility System and the Stormwater Utility System.

The government-wide financial statements include the City itself (known as the primary government), and one legally separate redevelopment agency for which the City is financially accountable – Diamond Square Community Redevelopment Agency. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City and, therefore, has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources* and *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains fifteen individual governmental funds: the General Fund, Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency, the American Rescue Plan Fund, which are reported as major funds, and twelve non-major funds. The non-major funds are the Community Development Block Grant, Brevard County Home Program, Cocoa Housing Assistance Trust, Loan Guarantee, Opioid Settlement, Building Permits, Arbor Mitigation, Police Confiscated, Police Special Education, Federal Forfeiture, Capital Improvement and Debt Service funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the major funds. The Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency Fund and the American Rescue Plan Fund do not qualify as a major fund, but the City desires to report these funds separately to bring the activities of these funds to the reader's attention. Individual fund data from the other twelve governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and most Special Revenue Funds. A budget cannot be appropriated for the Opioid Settlement, Police Confiscated and Federal Forfeiture funds due to the nature of their revenue source. Subsequent budget adjustments are made during the year for these funds to utilize current revenue or fund balance. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. The first type is Enterprise Funds that are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses Enterprise Funds to account for its Water and Sewer Utility System and Stormwater Utility System activities. The second proprietary fund type the City uses is Internal Service Funds that are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an Internal Service Fund to account for the activity of its self-funded workers' compensation insurance. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for Fiduciary Funds is much like that used for Proprietary Funds. The City's Fiduciary Funds statements present consolidated information the various pension plans.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required Supplementary Information can be found in a separate section of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with Non-major Governmental Funds and Internal Service Funds are presented immediately following the Required Supplementary Information section on pensions.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$327,503,575 at the close of fiscal year September 30, 2024.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (\$214,775,416 or 65.6%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and improvements, and intangibles); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Cocoa Net Position

	 Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities					Total			
	 2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Current and Other Assets	\$ 77,095,727	\$	63,520,954	\$	131,981,208	\$	119,101,530	\$	209,076,935	\$	182,622,484
Capital Assets (Net)	 59,046,136		53,650,848		252,795,368		240,767,211		311,841,504		294,418,059
Total Assets	 136,141,863		117,171,802		384,776,576	_	359,868,741		520,918,439		477,040,543
Deferred Outflows of Resources											
Deferred Outflows related to refundings	=		-		3,033,422		3,316,484		3,033,422		3,316,484
Deferred Outflows for OPEB	2,170,778		2,662,677		1,394,548		1,740,131		3,565,326		4,402,808
Deferred Outflows for Pensions	5,246,133		10,543,335		2,883,055		3,388,073		8,129,188		13,931,408
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,416,911		13,206,012		7,311,025		8,444,688		14,727,936		21,650,700
	 		_	-	_		_		_		
Noncurrent Liabilities	55,284,376		63,578,359		101,497,067		109,932,319		156,781,443		173,510,678
Other Liabilities	 5,975,837		4,778,719		23,380,983		20,305,076		29,356,820		25,083,795
Total Liabilities	 61,260,213	_	68,357,078		124,878,050		130,237,395		186,138,263		198,594,473
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred Inflows for OPEB	8,370,733		9,800,327		5,572,844		6,577,202		13,943,577		16,377,529
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	4,303,649		1,420,616		1,654,481		311,631		5,958,130		1,732,247
Deferred Inflows for Leases	2,102,830		2,314,546		_		-		2,102,830		2,314,546
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,777,212		13,535,489	_	7,227,325		6,888,833		22,004,537		20,424,322
Net Position:											
Net Investment in											
Capital Assets	43,581,137		38,286,694		171,194,279		154,385,923		214,775,416		192,672,617
Restricted	6,315,451		3,885,024		38,140,829		38,404,696		44,456,280		42,289,720
Unrestricted	17,624,761		6,313,529		50,647,118		38,396,582		68,271,879		44,710,111
Total Net Position	\$ 67,521,349	\$	48,485,247	\$	259,982,226	\$	231,187,201	\$	327,503,575	\$	279,672,448

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$44,456,280 or 13.6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$68,271,879, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole and for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The chart below provides information on the City's changes in net position.

City of Cocoa Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
REVENUES								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services and Fees	\$ 12,815,466	\$ 11,970,367	\$ 84,702,321	\$ 81,488,521	\$ 97,517,787	\$ 93,458,888		
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,326,676	2,157,576	1,092,880	50,000	3,419,556	2,207,576		
Capital Grants and Contributions	7,768,116	1,056,647	8,731,121	7,059,347	16,499,237	8,115,994		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	10,859,563	8,652,439	-	=	10,859,563	8,652,439		
Shared Revenues	3,532,767	3,550,334	-	=	3,532,767	3,550,334		
Other Taxes and Fees	5,989,537	5,757,170	-	=	5,989,537	5,757,170		
Investment Earnings/(Loss)	3,778,817	1,452,140	6,251,860	2,384,784	10,030,677	3,836,924		
Other	5,023,204	953,585	315,612	185,575	5,338,816	1,139,160		
Total Revenues	52,094,146	35,550,258	101,093,794	91,168,227	153,187,940	126,718,485		
EXPENSES								
General Government	11,050,436	10,328,318	-	=	11,050,436	10,328,318		
Public Safety	21,545,057	22,319,633	-	=	21,545,057	22,319,633		
Physical Environment	3,355,407	3,424,082	-	=	3,355,407	3,424,082		
Transportation	1,295,097	1,255,168	-	=	1,295,097	1,255,168		
Economic Environment	2,486,148	989,026	-	=	2,486,148	989,026		
Culture/Recreation	2,154,479	3,087,843	-	-	2,154,479	3,087,843		
Interest on Long-term Debt	542,902	560,200	-	=	542,902	560,200		
Water and Sewer	-	-	61,259,097	60,811,382	61,259,097	60,811,382		
Stormwater			1,668,190	1,534,804	1,668,190	1,534,804		
Total Expenses	42,429,526	41,964,270	62,927,287	62,346,186	105,356,813	104,310,456		
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position								
before Transfers	9,664,620	(6,414,012)	38,166,507	28,822,041	47,831,127	22,408,029		
Transfers	9,371,482	8,842,150	(9,371,482)	(8,842,150)				
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	19,036,102	2,428,138	28,795,025	19,979,891	47,831,127	22,408,029		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	48,485,247	46,057,109	231,187,201	211,207,310	279,672,448	257,264,419		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 67,521,349	\$ 48,485,247	\$ 259,982,226	\$ 231,187,201	\$ 327,503,575	\$ 279,672,448		

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$19,036,102. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The City's total governmental revenues, excluding transfers, increased by \$16,543,888 (46.5%) from the prior year. Charges for services, operating and capital grants and contributions revenue increased \$7,725,668. Operating grants increased \$169,100. Charges for services increased \$845,099 and capital grants increased \$6,711,469. Property taxes increased \$2,207,124 due to increases in property values due to appreciation and strong new construction coming on the tax rolls. Other taxes, shared revenues and miscellaneous income remained consistent with the prior year.
- Expenses related to public safety activities decreased by \$774,576 (3.57%) from the prior year. This decrease can be largely attributed to a decrease in capital spending. Additional reductions in public safety were due to unfilled positions.

Although governmental expenses exceeded revenues by \$9,664,620 before transfers, the net contributions from other funds (transfers) of \$9,371,482 increased the change in net position to an increase of \$19,036,102.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$28,795,025. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

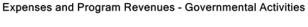
- Business-type activities reflect a 16.64% increase in revenues in the amount of \$9,925,567. This
 increase can be attributed an increase in charges for services of \$3,213,800 and an increase of
 investment earnings of \$3,867,076 due higher interest rates. There were increases of
 \$2,844,691 in capital and operating grants and contributions and other revenue due to increased
 capital contributions related to development and increased grant revenues.
- Business-type revenues exceeded expenses by \$38,166,507 before transfers to the General Fund. Expenses before transfers related to business-type activity increased \$581,101 (.73%) from the previous year. This increase can be attributed to price increases for operating costs and increases in personal service costs due to salary increases.

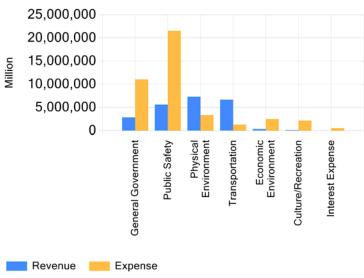
The following charts and graphs show the results of governmental activities for fiscal year ended 2024:

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

								1	let (Expense)
Functions/Programs	Expenses		% of Total	F	Program Revenues	% c	of Total		Revenue
General Government	\$	11,050,436	25.8%	\$	2,847,005		12.4%	\$	(8,203,431)
Public Safety		21,545,057	50.8%		5,612,871		24.5%		(15,932,186)
Recreation		2,154,479	5.1%		109,220		0.5%		(2,045,259)
Economic Environment		2,486,148	5.9%		350,097		1.5%		(2,136,051)
Physical Environment		3,355,407	7.9%		7,319,216		31.9%		3,963,809
Transportation		1,295,097	3.1%		6,671,849		29.2%		5,376,752
Interest on Long-term debt		542,902	1.4%		-		0.0%		(542,902)
	\$	42,429,526	100.0%	\$	22,910,258		100.0%	\$	(19,519,268)
	_			_				_	

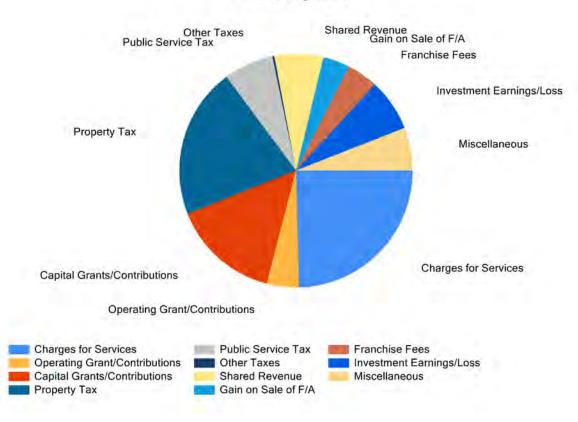




Revenues by Source

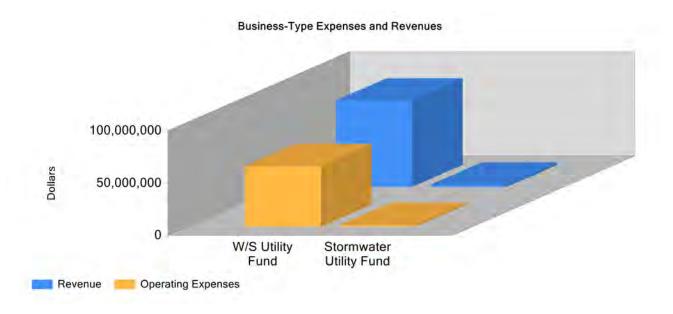
		% of
Description	Revenues	Total
Charges for Services	\$ 12,815,466	24.6%
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,326,676	4.5%
Capital Grants and Contributions	7,768,116	14.9%
Property Tax	10,859,563	20.8%
Public Service Tax	3,603,956	6.9%
Other Taxes	141,883	0.2%
Unrestricted Shared Revenues	3,532,767	6.8%
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	1,921,495	3.7%
Franchise Fees	2,243,698	4.3%
Investment Earnings/(Loss)	3,778,817	7.3%
Miscellaneous	 3,101,709	6.0%
	\$ 52,094,146	100.0%

Revenues by Source



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities

The largest portion of revenues for business type funds is charges for services. This is comprised of charges for water and wastewater services in the Water and Sewer System Utility and stormwater fees in the Stormwater Utility.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. The equity section indicates the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The five components of fund balance are as follows:

- Non-spendable fund balance the portion of the fund balance that cannot be spent because of its form or must be maintained intact. Examples are inventory, prepaid items and certain long-term receivables.
- Restricted fund balance the portion of the fund balance subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. Examples are grants, contributions and restricted debt service requirements.
- Committed fund balance the portion of the fund balace constrained by limitations imposed by the City Council, by resolution, for specific purposes. Examples are stabilization reserve and capital replacement reserve.
- Assigned fund balance the portion of the fund balance assigned to specific projects or items by the City Council or City Manager. Examples are reserves dedicated to future specific projects and debt service reserves that are not legally restricted.
- Unassigned fund balance the remaining portion of the fund balance available for spending at the government's discretion.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$64,586,917, which is an increase of \$12,635,107 in comparison to the prior year. The amount of \$20,217,900 constitutes the unassigned portion of the fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate restriction requirements depending on the classification. Major restrictions, commitments or assignments include: 1) \$6,315,451 is restricted by grant requirements and

state statutes, 2) \$15,259,708 is committed for capital replacement and as a stabilization reserve for unanticipated events adversely affecting the financial condition of the City and jeopardizing the continuation of necessary public services, and 3) \$20,066,558 is assigned for future expenses for a financial commitment toward a future train station, financial contribution toward SR524 road design, ERP software replacement, early debt retirement, city-wide roadway construction, public safety recruitment, economic incentives, sustainability and resilience initiatives and Cocoa Village parking.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the general fund was \$56,706,247, which is an increase of \$11,743,761 from the previous year primarily due to unspent previously budgeted items such as the ERP software replacement (\$3,000,000) and the SR524 design for road widening (\$4,300,000) and increased investment revenues (\$2,008,126), along with actual revenues exceeding budgeted expectations. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. This amount represents 48.1% of total general fund expenditures.

The American Rescue Plan fund has a total fund balance of \$23,507. The fund balance reflects interest earned on the advance payment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF).

The Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency fund has a total fund balance of \$2,238,340. The decrease in fund balance of \$702,832 over the prior year is due to an increase in interfund transfers for capital projects.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Utility at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to \$48,031,842, an increase of \$16,619,393. This net position increase can be attributed to planned rate increases, an increase in investment income and increases in capital contributions.

The unrestricted net position for the Stormwater Utility amounted to \$2,615,276, an increase of \$557,795. The stormwater operating revenue increased by \$127,755 due to a rate increase. Operating expenses increased \$133,467 due increased operating costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The net differences between the original budget and the final amended budget expenditures resulted in a decrease in the amount appropriated for expenditures, including transfers out of \$7,228,991. The difference in general government is because the overhead services that are provided to the utility funds from the general fund are originally budgeted as an interfund transfer for budgeting purposes and later recorded as a reduction in operating costs in the general ledger at year-end. The difference in the capital outlay is which is primarily due to reappropriation of capital projects in FY 2025.

General Fund Original vs Final Budget

					%
	Ori	ginal Budget	Final Budget	Difference	Change
General Government	\$	18,502,359	\$ 14,078,038	\$ (4,424,321)	-23.9%
Public Safety		21,217,611	21,620,853	403,242	1.9%
Physical Environment		3,381,436	3,381,436	-	0.0%
Transportation		1,165,484	1,277,299	111,815	9.6%
Culture/Recreation		2,265,489	2,279,901	14,412	0.6%
Economic Environment		209,438	272,273	62,835	30.0%
Other Uses		1,074,726	1,761,698	686,972	63.9%
Capital Outlay		1,868,917	12,156,962	10,288,045	550.5%
Debt Service			85,991	 85,991	N/A
	\$	49,685,460	\$ 56,914,451	\$ 7,228,991	14.5%

The actual expenditures were \$13,143,365 under the final budget projections. This is due items being budgeted and not spent. In general government, the difference was because of \$1,500,000 for a new ERP system and \$1,629,043 in contingency not being spent and various cost savings in personal services and operating costs. The difference in public safety is due to \$1,600,000 in personal services due to public safety vacancies, \$1,500,000 for a pumper truck for the fire department not being spent. For capital outly, there was \$2,580,000 unspent for Fisk & Broadmoor, incomplete vehicle and machinery purchases, and \$1,500,000 unspent for the Lee Wenner Park parking project.

General Fund Final Budget vs Actual Expenditures

		Actual									
	Fi	inal Budget	E	cpenditures		Difference	% Change				
General Government	\$	14,078,038	\$	8,695,010	\$	5,383,028	38.2%				
Public Safety		21,620,853		19,426,263	\$	2,194,590	10.2%				
Economic Environment		272,273		242,896	\$	29,377	10.8%				
Physical Environment		3,381,436		3,340,476	\$	40,960	1.2%				
Transportation		1,277,299		1,026,382	\$	250,917	19.6%				
Culture/Recreation		2,279,901		2,084,708	\$	195,193	8.6%				
Other Uses		1,761,698		1,761,698	\$	=	0.0%				
Capital Outlay		12,156,962		6,931,918	\$	5,225,044	43.0%				
Debt Service		85,991		261,735	\$	(175,744	204.4%				
	\$	56,914,451	\$	43,771,086	\$	13,143,365	23.1%				
			_				-				

Actual resources available for appropriation were more than the final budget. The final revenue budgeted for the general fund was \$31,384,415; actual receipts of \$41,633,703 exceeded the final budget 32.7% or \$10,249,288. This was due to variances in all categories of revenue, but, most significantly, interest earnings revenue exceeded the budget by \$3,025,895 and licenses and permits exceeded the budget by \$5,063,434, primarily due to a payment from Brevard County for the SR524 project design.

Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2024 amounts to \$311,841,504 (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents a net increase of \$22,102,799 (11.5%) from the previous year. There was a increase in governmental activities of \$5,294,443 representing (13.8%) of the total change in capital assets and a \$16,808,356 increase in business-type activities' capital assets, or (10.9%) of the total change in capital assets. Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, intangibles and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Radio Equipment	\$ 466,283
Michael C Blake subdivision homes	\$ 1,527,788
Street Paving	\$ 923,204
Lee Wenner Park Parking Project	\$ 326,396
Provost Park Improvements	\$ 2,063,682
Stradley Park Improvements	\$ 614,162
Pumper Truck	\$ 634,500
Fiske & Broadmoor Improvements	\$ 3,202,512

These asset additions were offset by depreciation expense. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 *Capital Assets* of the footnote section of this report.

Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	ре А	ctivities	Total			
		2024	2023		2024		2023	2024			2023
Land	\$	7,621,226	\$	7,621,226	\$ 2,919,197	\$	2,919,197	\$	10,540,423	\$	10,540,423
Buildings and Improvements		30,029,384		29,945,201	17,268,903		17,268,903		47,298,287		47,214,104
Machinery and Equipment		18,175,380		17,528,445	29,047,889		27,257,123		47,223,269		44,785,568
Intangible		3,632,419		3,507,800	7,706,095		7,542,313		11,338,514		11,050,113
Infrastructure/Imp Other		83,304,502		79,514,237	446,995,528		417,484,158		530,300,030		496,998,395
Construction in Progress		3,945,595		750,657	 27,097,232		33,684,968		31,042,827		34,435,625
	1	46,708,506		138,867,566	531,034,844		506,156,662		677,743,350		645,024,228
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(87,662,370)		(85,216,718)	 (278,239,476)		(265,389,451)		(365,901,846)		(350,606,169)
Capital Assets, net	\$	59,046,136	\$	53,650,848	\$ 252,795,368	\$	240,767,211	\$	311,841,504	\$	294,418,059

Long-term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$91,633,267. The entire amount of the City's bonded debt represents bonds secured by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Outstanding Long-term Debt

The City's long-term debt decreased by \$7,289,829 or 7.3% during the current fiscal year. This reduction in outstanding debt was due to payoff of the Series 2003 bond and debt service payments in accordance with established amortization schedules. More detailed information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 *Long-Term Liabilities* in the footnote section of this report.

Outstanding Long-term Debt

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-ty	oe Ac	tivities	Total				
	2024		2023	2024		2023		2024		2023	
Bonds Payable	\$ 13,220,336	\$	13,799,517	\$ 78,412,931	\$	84,615,496	\$	91,633,267	\$	98,415,013	
Leases Payable	496,661		585,651	3,032,551		3,372,061		3,529,212		3,957,712	
Subscription Payable	324,940		374,810	180,732		136,445		505,672		511,255	
Notes and Loans Payable	 410,000		484,000	 _	-			410,000		484,000	
	\$ 14,451,937	\$	15,243,978	\$ 81,626,214	\$	88,124,002	\$	96,078,151	\$	103,367,980	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Local, national and international economic factors influence the City's revenues in a variety of ways. Positive economic growth is correlated with increased revenues from property taxes, sales taxes, fuel taxes, charges for services, state revenue sharing as well as state and federal grants. Economic growth may be measured by a variety of indicators such as employment growth, new construction, assessed property values, enterprise fund revenues and net position growth. New residential and commercial developments added \$67,659,198 in gross taxable value (\$470,448 in property taxes) to the tax rolls in FY 2024. Much of this new development was from new apartments, housing developments and commercial construction. Unemployment in Brevard County was 3.6% at the end of the fiscal year, which was slightly up from the FY 2023 unemployment rate of 3.1%. The unemployment rate for the State at that time was 3.3% and 4.1% nationally. Brevard County is experiencing significant growth in the area due to the proximity to the space center and the private companies competing in the space race. Cocoa is able to participate in the county-wide growth by providing housing for the space-related employees and commercial space for the space-related companies. The economy performed strong in FY 2024. Actual revenues exceeded expectations due to increases in economic-driven revenue sources such as sales tax, franchise fees and shared revenues from the State. Interest rates returned from historically low levels in FY 2024 after being near to 0% for many years. This created an opportunity to invest at high rates to earn additional revenue. Inflation remained at 3.4% at the end of FY 2024, although operating costs have increased much more than the inflation rate. Cocoa's proximity to the Kennedy Space Center, Port Canaveral and Orlando make it an ideal place for visiting the area and home ownership.

In FY 2024, the City kept its millage rate the same at 6.9532 mills. The City was able to maintain all levels of service in FY 2024 without increasing the millage rate. Beyond property taxes, other revenue increases in FY 2024 are attributable to planned rate increases for fire assessment, water and sewer, and stormwater. These rates are established through rate studies and special assessments to ensure the consistent collection of these types of revenue. The City applied for a federal grant to build a Brightline train station at US1 and SR528. If approved, the train station will be a catlyst for economic growth in the area, spurring tourism, residential and commercial development and serving as a transportation hub. The train is high-speed rail service that runs from Miami to Orlando International Airport. The City is providing \$4.3 million to the Florida Department of Transportation to design SR524 road widening. SR524 will be one of the access roads into the train station and the widening will accomodate the increased traffic flow from the expected economic development that will occur. Amazon opened a first mile center in Cocoa in FY 2024. This warehouse will provide over 100 jobs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 65 Stone Street, Cocoa, Florida 32922. A copy of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report can also be found on the City's website at www.cocoafl.gov.



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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Net Position September 30, 2024

			Prir	nary Governmen	t		(Component Units
				Business-			_	Diamond Square
		Governmental Activities		Type Activities		Total		Redevelopment Agency
Assets:	_	7.00.7.0.00		7100.710.00			_	7.gooy
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,090,027	\$	67,501,294	\$	124,591,321	\$	509,698
Investments		9,538,989		26,351,424		35,890,413		- 0.500
Receivables		1,483,001		8,771,270		10,254,271		2,500
Receivables, earned but not billed Tax receivable		80,463 47,695		5,937,438		6,017,901 47,695		-
Interest receivable		22,358		_		22,358		-
Due from other governments		2,997,618		1,577,701		4,575,319		_
Deposits		4,350		-		4,350		_
Inventory		39,329		1,769,434		1,808,763		-
Prepaid items		529,014		347,424		876,438		10,189
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		2,832,035		7,787,029		10,619,064		-
Investments		-		11,938,194		11,938,194		-
Other receivables		271,891		-		271,891		-
Lease receivable		2,158,957		-		2,158,957		-
Capital assets: Land		7,621,226		2,919,197		10,540,423		181,192
Buildings		30,029,384		17,268,903		47,298,287		101,192
Improvements other than buildings		1,893,097		446,995,528		448,888,625		- -
Machinery and equipment		18,175,380		29,047,889		47,223,269		_
Infrastructure		81,411,405		20,047,000		81,411,405		477,850
Intangibles		3,632,419		7,706,095		11,338,514		-
Construction in progress		3,945,595		27,097,232		31,042,827		6,313
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(87,662,370)		(278,239,476)		(365,901,846)	_	(165,587)
Total assets	_	136,141,863	_	384,776,576		520,918,439		1,022,155
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows related to								
refundings		-		3,033,422		3,033,422		-
Deferred outflows related to pensions		5,246,133		2,883,055		8,129,188		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	_	2,170,778		1,394,548		3,565,326	_	<u>-</u> _
Total deferred outflows of		7,416,911		7,311,025		14,727,936		
resources	_	7,410,911	_	7,311,025	_	14,727,930	_	
Liabilities:								
Accounts, contracts and retainage		0.057.004		10.000.000		10.070.004		47.477
payable		3,257,064		16,622,800		19,879,864		17,477
Accrued payroll and related liabilities Accrued interest payable		1,817,450		773,040 20,326		2,590,490 33,881		1,268
Due to other governments		13,555 20,626		16,827		37,453		-
Payable from restricted assets:		20,020		10,021		37,433		_
Customer and developer escrow								
deposits		_		4,291,375		4,291,375		_
Escrow deposits		45,401		1,575,389		1,620,790		-
Unearned revenue		798,211		-		798,211		-
Other liabilities		23,530		81,226		104,756		-
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year:								
Revenue bonds payable		575,000		5,563,000		6,138,000		-
Notes payable		45,000		- 040 500		45,000		-
Lease payable		118,207		349,582		467,789		-
Subscription payable Accrued claims payable		191,227		112,090		303,317		-
Compensated absences		1,287,000		345,826		1,287,000		-
Due in more than one year:		857,017		343,620		1,202,843		-
Revenue bonds payable		12,645,336		72,849,931		85,495,267		-
Notes payable		365,000				365,000		- -
Lease payable		378,454		2,682,969		3,061,423		- -
Subscription Payable		133,713		68,642		202,355		-
Accrued claims payable		735,000		,		735,000		-
Total OPEB liability		13,572,518		8,489,730		22,062,248		-
Compensated absences		1,053,243		467,576		1,520,819		-
Net pension liability	_	23,327,661		10,567,721		33,895,382	_	
Total liabilities		61,260,213	_	124,878,050	_	186,138,263		18,745
								(Cor

(Continued on the following page)

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Net Position September 30, 2024 (Continued)

		Primary Government	t	Component Units
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Diamond Square Redevelopment Agency
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	4 000 040	4.054.404	5.050.400	
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflow leases	4,303,649 8,370,733 2,102,830	1,654,481 5,572,844 	5,958,130 13,943,577 2,102,830	- - -
Total deferred inflows of				
resources	14,777,212	7,227,325	22,004,537	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Restricted by Bond Covenant - Public	43,581,137	171,194,279	214,775,416	499,768
safety Restricted by Bond Covenant - Housing	1,454,442	-	1,454,442	-
assistance Reserve Fund- Dr. Joe Lee Smith	444,006	-	444,006	-
Center Restricted by Bond Covenant - Debt	67,851	-	67,851	-
service Restricted by Bond Covenant - Capital	667,809	1,891,950	2,559,759	-
Improvements Restricted by Bond Covenant - Renewal	3,657,836	10,611,819	14,269,655	-
and replacement Restricted by Bond Covenant - Working	-	2,750,000	2,750,000	-
Capital	-	22,887,060	22,887,060	-
Restricted by Grant Agreements Unrestricted	23,507 17,624,761	50,647,118	23,507 68,271,879	503,642
Total net position	\$ 67,521,349	\$ 259,982,226	\$ 327,503,575	\$ 1,003,410

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			Pr	ogram Revenues				Position		
							Prim	ary Government		Component Units
	Expenses	for		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Diamond Square Redevelopment Agency
\$	21,545,057 2,154,479 2,486,148 3,355,407 1,295,097 542,902	4,942 95 7,319	,003 ,459 - ,216 -	1,838,114 \$ 120,765 17,700 350,097	550,103 (3,939) - - 6,671,849)	(8,203,431) \$ (15,932,186) (2,045,259) (2,136,051) 3,963,809 5,376,752 (542,902)	\$ - - - - - -	(8,203,431) (15,932,186) (2,045,259) (2,136,051) 3,963,809 5,376,752 (542,902)	\$ - - - - - - -
	42,429,526	12,815	,466	2,326,676	7,768,116		(19,519,268)		(19,519,268)	<u>-</u>
	61,259,097 1,668,190			1,064,712 28,168	7,894,343 836,778		-	30,155,256 1,443,779	30,155,256 1,443,779	
	62,927,287	84,702	,321	1,092,880	8,731,121			31,599,035	31,599,035	-
\$	105,356,813	\$ 97,517	,787 \$	3,419,556 \$	16,499,237	\$	(19,519,268) \$	31,599,035 \$	12,079,767	\$ -
\$	1,106,988	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ (1,106,988)
\$	1,106,988	\$	- \$	- \$	_	\$	- \$	- \$	_	\$ (1,106,988)
Pro Pu Ot Fra Sh Ga Ur Mis	operty taxes ublic utility and other Taxes anchise fees better the desired revenues ain on sale of correstricted interscellaneous	ased on gross inot restricted to apital assets	eceipts o specif	ic programs		\$	10,859,563 \$ 3,603,956 141,883 2,243,698 3,532,767 1,921,495 3,778,817 3,101,709 9,371,482	- \$ - - - - - 86,124 6,251,860 229,488 (9,371,482)	10,859,563 3,603,956 141,883 2,243,698 3,532,767 2,007,619 10,030,677 3,331,197	\$ - - - 497,459 - 17,170
	Total	general reven	ues				38,555,370	(2,804,010)	35,751,360	514,629
							19,036,102	28,795,025	47,831,127	(592,359)
Net p	oosition, beginn	ing					48,485,247	231,187,201	279,672,448	1,595,769
Net p	oosition, ending	I				\$	67,521,349 \$	259,982,226 \$	327,503,575	\$ 1,003,410
	\$ \$ Genner Pr Pt Oth Fr: St Ga Ur Mii: Tran	\$ 11,050,436 21,545,057 2,154,479 2,486,148 3,355,407 1,295,097 542,902 42,429,526 61,259,097 1,668,190 62,927,287 \$ 105,356,813 \$ 1,106,988 \$ 1,106,988 \$ 1,106,988 \$ General revenues: Property taxes Public utility and Other Taxes Pranchise fees be Shared revenues Gain on sale of c. Unrestricted inter Miscellaneous Transfers, net Total Change in net Net position, beginn	Services Services	Charges for Services	Services	Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions \$ 11,050,436 \$ 458,788 \$ 1,838,114 \$ 550,103 21,545,057 4,942,003 120,765 550,103 2,154,479 95,459 17,700 (3,939) 2,486,148 - 350,097 - 3,355,407 7,319,216 - - 6,671,849 542,902 - - - 6,671,849 542,902 - - - 6,671,849 542,902 12,815,466 2,326,676 7,768,116 61,259,097 82,455,298 1,064,712 7,894,343 1,668,190 2,247,023 28,168 836,778 62,927,287 84,702,321 1,092,880 8,731,121 \$ 105,356,813 97,517,787 \$ 3,419,556 \$ 16,499,237 \$ 1,106,988 - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,106,988 - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,26,988 - \$ - \$ -	Expenses	Charges for Services	Expenses	Charges

City of Cocoa, Florida Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2024

Assetts: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 52,201,284 \$ 35,112 \$ 7,534 \$ 3,630,878 \$ 55,874,808 Restricted Cash Investments 5,917,683 - 2,222,405 506,022 103,608 2,832,035 Investments 5,917,683 - 0 0 3,511 1,483,001 Accounts receivable, net 1,479,490 - 0 0 3,511 1,483,001 Accounts receivable earned, Dut from to filled 80,463 - 0 0 2,068,462 22,358 Due from other governments 332,998 - 0 0 2,664,620 2,299,7618 Inventory 39,329 - 0 0 2,664,620 2,997,618 Prepaid fems 510,774 18,240 0 0 2,138 Other receivable - 2,112,999 46,028 0 0 2,158,957 Labilities - 2,112,999 46,028 5,13,556 7,005,189 7,286,177 Labilities - 2,024,679 5 38,00 8,98,23 9,91,287 3,346,80 Accus		General Fund	F	Cocoa Redevelopment Agency		American Rescue Plan		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Restricted Cash	Assets:									
Accounts receivable, net	•	\$ 52,201,284 -	\$	/	\$,	\$	-,,-	\$, ,
Accounts receivable earned, but not billed but no	Investments	5,917,683		-		-		602,572		6,520,255
Tax receivable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,479,490		-		-		3,511		1,483,001
Due from other governments	but not billed	80,463		-		-		-		80,463
Due from other governments	Tax receivable	47,695		-		-		-		47,695
New North	Interest receivable	22,350		8		-		-		22,358
Prepaid items 510,774 18,240 - 529,014 Deposits 4,350 - 4,350 Other receivable 2,112,929 46,028 - - 2,718,91 Lease receivable 2,112,929 46,028 - - 2,158,957 Total assets 62,744,995 2,598,034 \$ 513,556 7,005,189 \$ 72,861,774 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 2,064,670 \$ 38,600 \$ 89,823 \$ 991,587 \$ 3,184,680 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,796,632 3,314 - 17,504 1,817,450 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,796,632 3,314 - 17,504 1,817,450 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,96,632 3,314 - 1,1504 1,817,450 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,96,632 3,34 - 1,1504 1,817,450 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,96,632 3,34 - 1,11,456 17,309 Butter and payroll an	Due from other governments	332,998		-		-		2,664,620		2,997,618
Deposits	Inventory	39,329		-		-		-		39,329
Company	Prepaid items	510,774		18,240		-		-		529,014
Company	Deposits			4,350		-		-		4,350
Lease receivable	•	_				_		_		
Liabilities: Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 2,064,670 \$ 38,600 \$ 89,823 \$ 991,587 \$ 3,184,680 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,796,632 3,314 - 17,504 1,817,450 Accrued interest 13,554 - - 1 13,555 Unearned revenue 68,073 - 400,226 329,912 798,211 Due to other governments 5,853 - - 11,456 17,309 Escrow deposits 9,495 - - 35,906 45,401 Other liabilities 3,981,807 41,914 490,049 1,386,366 5,900,136 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 317,780 - - 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - 2,727,300 Fund Balances: N		 2,112,929	_	,	_		_	-	_	
Liabilities	Total assets	\$ 62,744,995	\$	2,598,034	\$	513,556	\$	7,005,189	\$	72,861,774
Accounts payable \$ 2,064,670 \$ 38,600 \$ 89,823 \$ 991,587 \$ 3,184,680 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,796,632 3,314 - 17,504 1,817,450 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,3554 - - 1 13,555 Unearned revenue 68,073 - 400,226 329,912 798,211 Due to other governments 5,853 - - 11,456 17,309 Escrow deposits 9,495 - - 35,906 45,401 Other liabilities 23,530 - - 35,906 45,401 Other liabilities 3,981,807 41,914 490,049 1,386,366 5,900,136 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Inflow Whittey Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 317,780 - - 2,727,300 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - 2,2727,300	Liabilities:									
Accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,796,632 3,314 - 17,504 1,817,450 Accrued interest 13,554 1 13,555 1.554 1 13,555 1.5554 1 13,555 1.5554 1 13,555 1.5554 1 13,555 1.5554 1 13,555 1.5554 1 1,456 17,309 1.55554 11,456 17,309 1.55554 11,456 17,309 1.55554 1 1,456 17,309 1.555554 1 1,456 17,309 1.555555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,456 17,309 1.55555 1 1,567,956 1.55555 1.										
Accrued interest 13,554 1 13,555 Unearned revenue 68,073 - 400,226 329,912 798,211 Due to other governments 5,853 111,456 17,309 Escrow deposits 9,495 35,906 45,401 Other liabilities 23,530 23,530 Total liabilities 3,981,807 41,914 490,049 1,386,366 5,900,136 Deferred Inflow of Resources: Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 3,691,757 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 20,0217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Accounts payable	\$ 2,064,670	\$	38,600	\$	89,823	\$	991,587	\$	3,184,680
Unearned revenue 68,073 - 400,226 329,912 799,211 Due to other governments 5,853 - - 11,456 17,309 Escrow deposits 9,495 - - 35,906 45,401 Other liabilities 23,530 - - - 23,530 Total liabilities 3,981,807 41,914 490,049 1,386,366 5,900,136 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 - - 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - - - 2,20,	Accrued payroll and related liabilities	1,796,632		3,314		-		17,504		1,817,450
Due to other governments 5,853 - - 11,456 17,309 Escrow deposits 9,495 - - 35,906 45,401 Other liabilities 23,530 - - - 23,530 Total liabilities 3,981,807 41,914 490,049 1,386,366 5,900,136 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 - - 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - - 20,066,558	Accrued interest	13,554		-		-		1		
Escrow deposits 9,495 35,906 45,401 Other liabilities 23,530 23,530 Total liabilities 3,981,807 41,914 490,049 1,386,366 5,900,136 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - 271,891 Obered inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - 2,2727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 1,567,951 15,259,708 Unassigned 20,217,900 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Unearned revenue	68,073		-		400,226		329,912		798,211
Other liabilities 23,530 - - - 23,530 Total liabilities 3,981,807 41,914 490,049 1,386,366 5,900,136 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 - - - 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - - 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,5	Due to other governments	5,853		-		-		11,456		17,309
Total liabilities 3,981,807 41,914 490,049 1,386,366 5,900,136 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 - - 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Escrow deposits	9,495		-		-		35,906		45,401
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue - 271,891 - - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 - - - 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - - 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Other liabilities	 23,530	_		_					23,530
Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina settlement revenue	Total liabilities	 3,981,807		41,914		490,049	_	1,386,366	_	5,900,136
settlement revenue Deferred inflow leases - 271,891 - - 271,891 Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 - - - 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - - 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917										
Deferred inflow leases 2,056,941 45,889 - - 2,102,830 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 - - 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	•									
Total deferred inflows of resources 2,056,941 317,780 2,374,721 Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917				,		-		-		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Deferred inflow leases	 2,056,941	_	45,889	_		_	-	_	2,102,830
Nonspendable 2,663,032 64,268 - - 2,727,300 Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,056,941	_	317,780	_	-	_	-		2,374,721
Restricted 67,000 2,174,072 23,507 4,050,872 6,315,451 Committed 13,691,757 - - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917										
Committed 13,691,757 - - 1,567,951 15,259,708 Assigned 20,066,558 - - - 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Nonspendable	2,663,032		64,268		-		-		2,727,300
Assigned 20,066,558 20,066,558 Unassigned 20,217,900 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Restricted	67,000		2,174,072		23,507		4,050,872		
Unassigned 20,217,900 - - - - 20,217,900 Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Committed	13,691,757		-		-		1,567,951		15,259,708
Total fund balances 56,706,247 2,238,340 23,507 5,618,823 64,586,917	Assigned			-		-		-		20,066,558
	Unassigned	 20,217,900		-				-		20,217,900
Total liabilities and fund balances \$\\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	Total fund balances	 56,706,247	_	2,238,340	_	23,507	_	5,618,823		64,586,917
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 62,744,995	\$	2,598,034	\$	513,556	\$	7,005,189	\$	72,861,774

City of Cocoa, Florida Reconciliation of Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2024

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$	64,586,917
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Deferred inflows (related to the Whitley Marina settlement) previously recorded as revenue in governmental activities but deferred in governmental funds.		271,891
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		59,046,136
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions Deferred inflows of resources for pensions	\$ 5,246,133 (4,303,649)	942,484
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB	2,170,778 (8,370,733)	(6,199,955)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities—both current and long-term—are reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: Bonds payable (net of unamortized premium/discount) Notes payable Leases Subscription payable Other postemployment benefits Net pension liability Compensated absences Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as workers' compensation and health insurance	(13,220,336) (410,000) (496,661) (324,940) (13,572,518) (23,327,661) (1,910,260)	(53,262,376)
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	_	2,136,252
Total net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	67,521,349

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2024

	General Fund	R	Cocoa Redevelopment Agency		American Rescue Plan		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				_					
Taxes	\$ 15,147,787	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,147,787
Special assessments	3,419,237		-		-		-		3,419,237
Licenses, permits, and fees	6,862,242		-		-		842,384		7,704,626
Intergovernmental	3,124,908		1,838,114		1,100,206		2,661,580		8,724,808
Charges for services	7,962,501		-		-		-		7,962,501
Fines and forfeitures	76,830		-		-		20,144		96,974
Interest earnings/(loss)	3,267,595		145,071		23,399		113,397		3,549,462
Miscellaneous	 1,772,603		42,360	_	_ _	_	1,522,938	_	3,337,901
Total revenues	 41,633,703		2,025,545	_	1,123,605	_	5,160,443	_	49,943,296
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	8,695,010		-		5,646		4		8,700,660
Public safety	19,426,263		-		-		710,589		20,136,852
Recreation	2,084,708		-		-		10,000		2,094,708
Economic development	242,896		167,936		-		206,649		617,481
Physical environment	3,340,476		-		-		-		3,340,476
Transportation	1,026,382		-		-		-		1,026,382
Capital outlay	6,931,918		40,200		1,094,557		3,282,989		11,349,664
Debt service:									
Principal	242,921		60,055		-		629,753		932,729
Interest	 18,814		2,124			_	546,145		567,083
Total expenditures	 42,009,388		270,315	_	1,100,203	_	5,386,129	_	48,766,035
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	 (375,685)		1,755,230	_	23,402		(225,686)		1,177,261
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	11,794,780		35,859		-		1,878,839		13,709,478
Transfers out	(1,761,698)		(2,493,921)		(13,377)		(69,000)		(4,337,996)
Proceeds from sales of capital	,		, , , ,		, ,		, , ,		, , , ,
assets	1,921,495		-		-		-		1,921,495
Issuance of debt - SBITA	141,424		-		-		-		141,424
Issuance of debt - leases	 23,445								23,445
Total other financing sources (uses)	 12,119,446		(2,458,062)	_	(13,377)		1,809,839		11,457,846
Net change in fund balances	11,743,761		(702,832)		10,025		1,584,153		12,635,107
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 44,962,486		2,941,172	_	13,482	_	4,034,670	_	51,951,810
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 56,706,247	\$	2,238,340	\$	23,507	\$	5,618,823	\$	64,586,917

City of Cocoa, Florida

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	12,635,107
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Expenditures for capital assets (includes donated assets)	\$ 11,303,74	8	
Less current year depreciation	(3,776,22		7,527,520
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets are reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the capital assets sold or disposed.			
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets			(2,132,232)
Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension			(271 222)
expense on the statement of activities and therefore increased net position.			(371,333)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as workers' compensation and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental			
activities.			(105,736)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and notes payable) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas those amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	022.72	0	
Principal payments Debt issuance	932,72 (164,86		
Amortization of premium and discount	24,18	-	792,041
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities (e.g., compensated absences) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(376,745)
The increase in the other post-employment benefit balances reported in the			
statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and,			
therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.			1,067,480
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	19,036,102

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds September 30, 2024

		Business-t	ype	Activities - Ente	erpri	se Funds		Governmental
		Water and Sewer System		Stormwater Fund (Non-Major)	Total			Activities - Internal Services Fund
Assets:		_						_
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted current assets:	\$	63,764,966	\$	3,736,328	\$	67,501,294	\$	1,215,219
Cash and cash equivalents		7,787,029		-		7,787,029		-
Investments		26,351,424		-		26,351,424		3,018,734
Accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable earned,		8,765,536		5,734		8,771,270		-
but not billed		5,937,438		-		5,937,438		-
Due from Other Funds		-		9,990		9,990		-
Due from other governments		1,508,444		69,257		1,577,701		-
Inventory		1,769,434		-		1,769,434		-
Prepaid items		343,651		3,773		347,424	_	
Total current assets	_	116,227,922		3,825,082		120,053,004	_	4,233,953
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted noncurrent assets:								
Investments		11,732,928		205,266		11,938,194		-
Capital assets:								
Land		2,795,148		124,049		2,919,197		-
Buildings		17,268,903		-		17,268,903		-
Improvements other than		100 000 500		7 405 005		440 005 500		
buildings		439,800,503		7,195,025		446,995,528		-
Machinery and equipment		27,537,966		1,509,923		29,047,889		-
Intangibles		7,697,735		8,360		7,706,095		-
Construction in progress Less accumulated		26,595,090		502,142		27,097,232		-
depreciation/amortization	_	(274,866,874)		(3,372,602)	_	(278,239,476)	_	<u> </u>
Total capital assets, net of accumulated								
depreciation/amortization	_	246,828,471		5,966,897		252,795,368	_	
Total noncurrent assets	_	258,561,399	_	6,172,163		264,733,562	_	
Total assets	_	374,789,321		9,997,245		384,786,566	_	4,233,953
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Deferred outflows related to refundings		3,033,422		-		3,033,422		=
Deferred outflows related to pensions		2,768,039		115,016		2,883,055		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		1,359,611		34,937		1,394,548	_	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	7,161,072	_	149,953		7,311,025	_	=_

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds (Continued) September 30, 2024

	Business	type Activities - Ente	erprise Funds	Governmental
	Water and	Stormwater Fund		Activities - Internal
Liabilities:	Sewer System	(Non-Major)	Total	Services Fund
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):				
Accounts and claims payable	\$ 4,426,472	\$ 266,152	\$ 4,692,624	\$ 72,384
Contracts payable	11,485,366	Ψ 200,132	11,485,366	Ψ 72,304
Retainage payable	429,473	15,337	444,810	_
Other current liabilities	22	10,007	22	_
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	752,624	20,416	773,040	_
Compensated absences	336,919	8,907	345,826	-
Accrued claims payable	330,919	0,907	343,020	1,287,000
Due to Other Funds	9,990	-	9,990	1,207,000
	,	-	,	2 217
Due to other governments Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):	16,827	-	16,827	3,317
Accrued interest	20,323	3	20,326	=
Customer and developer deposits	4,291,375	-	4,291,375	=
Other deposits	1,656,593	=	1,656,593	-
Revenue bonds payable	5,563,000	-	5,563,000	-
Lease payable	349,582	-	349,582	-
Subscription payable	109,529	2,561	112,090	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	29,448,095	313,376	29,761,471	1,362,701
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	456,911	10,665	467,576	=
Accrued claims payable	, -	, -	, <u>-</u>	735,000
Total OPEB Lliability	8,489,730	-	8,489,730	-
Net pension liability	10,215,547	352,174	10,567,721	-
Subscription liability	68,642	,	68,642	-
Revenue bonds payable, net of				
unamortized bond discount/premium	72,849,931	-	72,849,931	-
Lease payable	2,682,969	<u> </u>	2,682,969	
Total noncurrent liabilities	94,763,730	362,839	95,126,569	735,000
Total liabilities	124,211,825	676,215	124,888,040	2,097,701
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,597,911	56,570	1,654,481	-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	5,397,727	175,117	5,572,844	
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,995,638	231,687	7,227,325	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	165,245,280	5,948,999	171,194,279	_
Restricted for:	103,243,200	3,340,333	17 1, 134,273	
Restricted by Bond Covenant - Debt service	1,891,950	-	1,891,950	-
Restricted by Bond Covenant - Capital improvements	10,611,819	-	10,611,819	-
Restricted by Bond Covenant - Renewal and replacement	2.750.000		2,750,000	
•	2,750,000	675.004	, ,	-
Restricted by Bond Covenant - Working capital Unrestricted	22,212,039 48,031,842	675,021 2,615,276	22,887,060 50,647,118	2,136,252
Total net position	\$ 250,742,930	-	\$ 259,982,226	\$ 2,136,252
rotal fiet position	φ 250,142,950	\$ 9,239,296	ψ 209,902,220	ψ 2,130,232

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Business-	erprise Funds	Governmental	
	Water and Sewer System	Stormwater Fund (Non-Major)	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:		•		
Charges for services	\$ 74,376,308	\$ -	\$ 74,376,308	\$ 1,072,041
Impact fees	3,843,176	-	3,843,176	=
Special assessments	-	2,247,023	2,247,023	=
Fire protection	4,235,814	-	4,235,814	-
Miscellaneous	224,263	5,225	229,488	116,443
Total operating revenues	82,679,561	2,252,248	84,931,809	1,188,484
Operating expenses:				
Water/sewer treatment	17,143,456	=	17,143,456	=
Administration	15,892,530	1,350,041	17,242,571	=
Depreciation/amortization	13,310,835	318,013	13,628,848	_
Insurance claims and	, ,	,		
expenses	-	=	=	1,523,575
Transmission and distribution	9,060,874	-	9,060,874	-
Lift stations and lines	2,455,607	<u> </u>	2,455,607	
Total operating expenses	57,863,302	1,668,054	59,531,356	1,523,575
Operating income (loss)	24,816,259	584,194	25,400,453	(335,091)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets	83,548	2,576	86,124	=
Grants from other agencies	1,064,712	28,168	1,092,880	=
Interest income/(loss)	6,068,363	183,497	6,251,860	229,355
Interest expense	(3,395,795)	(136)	(3,395,931)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,820,828	214,105	4,034,933	229,355
Income before contributions and transfers	28,637,087	798,299	29,435,386	(105,736)
Capital contributions and transfers Capital contributions	7,894,343	-	7,894,343	-
Capital grant	-	836,778	836,778	-
Transfers out	(9,371,482)	. <u> </u>	(9,371,482)	
Total capital contributions and transfers	(1,477,139)	836,778	(640,361)	
Change in net position	27,159,948	1,635,077	28,795,025	(105,736)
Net position, beginning	223,582,982	7,604,219	231,187,201	2,241,988
Net position, ending	\$ 250,742,930	\$ 9,239,296	\$ 259,982,226	\$ 2,136,252

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Cash Flows -**Proprietary Funds** Year Ended September 30, 2024

Part	rear Ended Septemb	ei .	30, 2024					G	vornmental	
Part		Rusinoss typo Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities -		
Name Specimen Fund Josal Specimen Cash received from customers for sales and services 8,932,988 2,171,298 8,810,414 \$1,810,814 Cash received from customers for sales and services (2,035,631) 6,710,709 7,037,209 Cash prometts to suppliers for goods and services (2,035,631) 6,031,609 7,037,209 Cash flower for insurance and claims expenses 3,034,209 6,037,402 7,027,100 Cash flower for monaplat florancing activities 1,037,402 6,037,402 7,027,100 Cash flower		_				ю. р	1100 1 41140	-		
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers of product and services 26,395,631 (671,598 27,172.94 3,317 3				Ū					Internal	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services			System	(1	lon-Major)		Total	Se	rvice Fund	
Cash payments to surployers (product and services (28,359,631) (671,086) (27,067,229) (1,267,081) (2										
Cash payments to employees		\$, ,			\$		\$		
Cash payments for insurance and claims expense 3, 40,476,872 (1,287,918) Nat cash provided by (used in) porating activities: (9,371,482) 2,5168 (9,371,482) (2,371,482) Cash transfers out to other funds (1,084,712) 2,5168 (1,028,300) (2,077,602) Cash transfers out to other funds (1,084,712) (1,084,712) (17,481,897) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities: (16,126,915) (1,334,772) (17,481,897) Captage of the capital and rolated financing activities: (16,126,915) (1,334,772) (17,481,897) (17,481,897) Principal paid on revenue bondsionan/leases/SBITA (3,356,955) (133									3,317	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			(17,101,451)		(458,792)		(17,560,243)		(4.007.040)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: (9,371,482) 8 (9,371,482) 8 1.092,880 - Coparating grants 1.084,712 28,188 1.092,880 - Coparating grants 6,306,770 28,188 1.092,880 -			20 425 902	_	1 040 960		40 476 670			
Cash transfers out to other funds	, , , , ,		39,433,003	_	1,040,009		40,470,072		(70,117)	
Operating grants 1.064,712 28,168 1.092,8802 - Cash Nat cash prowided by (used in) noncapital financing activities: 8,306,770 28,168 (8,28,802) - Cash Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (16,126,915) (1,34,772) (17,461,687) - Cash Principal paid on revenue bonds/loans/leases/BITA 6,897,993 (3,012) (6,401,005) - Cash Principal paid on inequenue bonds/loans/leases/BITA 6,397,993 (30,178) 383,678 383,678 - Cash - Cash 383,678 383,678 383,678 - Cash			(0.371.492)				(0.371.492)			
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities: Acquisition of capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets (16,126,915) (1,34,772) (7,461,687) (3,461,005) (3,461,005) (3,465,697) (3,461,005) (3,465,697) (3,461,005) (3,465,697)			, , ,		28 168				-	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets (16,126,915 (1,334,772 17,461,687				_		_		_	_	
Acquisition of capital assets (16,126,915 13,34,772 17,461,687) 7. Proceeds from sale of capital assets (8,34,848 3,3448 7. Principal paid on revenue bonds/loans/leases/SBITA (3,345,935) (3,012 (3,010,005) (3,045,831) 7. Proceeds from issuance of SBITA (3,485,695) (3,948,831) 7. Proceeds from issuance of SBITA (25,927,055) (301,142) (26,426,197) 7. Proceeds from issuance of SBITA (25,927,055) (301,142) (26,426,197) 7. Proceeds from investing activities: (25,927,055) (301,142) (3,485,831)	(used in) noneapital intaining activities		(0,000,10)		20,.00		(0,2:0,002)			
Acquisition of capital assets (16,126,915 1,334,772 1,7461,887	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:									
Principal paid on revenue bonds/loans/leases/SBITA 6,837,993 3,012 6,401,005 7,201			(16,126,915)		(1,334,772)		(17,461,687)		-	
Interest paid on long-term debt (3,485,695) (136) (3,485,831) - Proceeds from issuance of SBITA - B - B - B - B - B - B - B - B - B -					-				-	
Proceeds from issuance of SBITA									-	
Capital contributions - grant Capital capital and related financing activities Capital C			(3,485,695)		(136)		(3,485,831)		-	
Net cash provided by (used in) in capital and related financing activities: Investment income/(loss) 6,088,383 183,497 6,251,860 229,355 Purchase of investments 38,844,657 2,498,067 41,342,774 (199,487) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 44,913,020 2,681,564 47,594,584 29,868 Net cash and cash equivalents, beginning 21,436,997 448,6869 21,923,666 1,261,466 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 21,436,997 486,869 21,923,666 1,261,466 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21,436,997 486,869 21,923,666 1,261,466 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21,436,997 486,869 21,923,666 1,261,466 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 24,816,259 5,841,94 25,400,453 3,350,91) Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 24,816,259 5,841,94 25,400,453 3,350,91) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 24,816,259 5,841,94 25,400,453 3,350,91) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 31,3310,835 318,013 31,628,848 -2,400,453 3,400,45			-		- 836 778		- 836 778		-	
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income/(loss) 6,068,685 183,497 6,251,860 229,355 180,495 2,498,067 41,342,724 (199,487) 44,913,020 2,081,564 47,594,584 29,868 49,913,020 2,081,564 47,594,584 29,868 29,868 29,868 29,868 29,868 29,868 29,868 29,868 20,868 29,868 2			(25 927 055)	_		_		_		
Purchaser of investments 38,844,657 2,488,067 41,432,724 (199,487) Purchaser of investments 38,444,657 2,488,067 41,432,724 (199,487) Purchaser (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 50,114,998 3,249,459 53,364,457 (46,249) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 21,436,999 486,669 21,923,866 1,261,646 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21,436,999 486,669 21,923,866 1,261,646 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 2,488,659 3,336,328 3,258,323 3,215,219 Provided by (used in) operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating and letter label labilities 1,000,000	The bush provided by (used in) in suprial and related infarioning detivities		(20,021,000)	_	(001,142)		(20,420,101)		-	
Purchaser of investments 38,844,657 2,488,067 41,432,724 (199,487) Purchaser of investments 38,444,657 2,488,067 41,432,724 (199,487) Purchaser (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 50,114,998 3,249,459 53,364,457 (46,249) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 21,436,999 486,669 21,923,866 1,261,646 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21,436,999 486,669 21,923,866 1,261,646 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 2,488,659 3,336,328 3,258,323 3,215,219 Provided by (used in) operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating and letter label labilities 1,000,000	Cash flows from investing activities:									
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 44,913,020 2,681,564 47,594,584 29,868 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 50,114,998 3,249,459 53,364,457 (46,249) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 21,436,997 486,869 21,923,868 1,261,468 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$24,816,259 \$584,194 \$25,400,453 \$(335,091) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: \$24,816,259 \$584,194 \$25,400,453 \$(335,091) Depreciation/amonitzation 13,310,835 318,013 13,628,848 \$ Change in assets and liabilities: \$24,816,259 \$584,194 \$25,400,453 \$(335,091) Change in assets and liabilities: \$24,816,259 \$318,013 13,628,848 \$ \$ Change in assets and liabilities: \$24,816,259 \$38,013 \$3,628,848 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			6,068,363		183,497		6,251,860		229,355	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 50,114,998 3,249,459 53,364,457 4(6,29) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 21,436,997 486,869 21,923,866 1,261,468 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21,436,997 3,736,289 7,528,323 2,1215,219 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 24,816,259 584,194 25,400,453 3(35,091) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 313,310,835 318,013 13,628,848 2,540,0453 3(35,091) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 313,310,835 318,013 13,628,848 2,540,0453 3(35,091) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 313,310,835 318,013 13,628,848 2,540,0453 3(35,091) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 313,238 318,013 13,628,848 2,540,0453 3(35,091) 235,291 3,628,848 2,628,048										
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21.436,997 48.686 21.923,686 1.261,488 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21.71,551,995 3.736,328 27.283.23 21.521,521 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 2 24.816,259 5.84,194 25.400,435 3.035,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 2 24.816,259 5.84,194 25.400,435 3.035,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 3.13,10,835 3.18,013 3.628,084 2.54,00,435 3.035,091 Cash good activities: 3.13,10,835 3.18,031 3.16,288,884 2.54,00,435 3.035,091 Cash good activities: 3.13,10,835 3.18,031 3.16,288,884 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		44,913,020		2,681,564		47,594,584		29,868	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21.436,997 48.686 21.923,686 1.261,488 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 21.71,551,995 3.736,328 27.283.23 21.521,521 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 2 24.816,259 5.84,194 25.400,435 3.035,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 2 24.816,259 5.84,194 25.400,435 3.035,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 3.13,10,835 3.18,013 3.628,084 2.54,00,435 3.035,091 Cash good activities: 3.13,10,835 3.18,031 3.16,288,884 2.54,00,435 3.035,091 Cash good activities: 3.13,10,835 3.18,031 3.16,288,884 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281 3.23,281	Not increase (decrease) in each and each equivalents		E0 111 000		2 240 450		E2 264 4E7		(46.240)	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating activities: Depreciation/amortization Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in assets: (Increase) decrease in assets: Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Due from other governments Pension Asset Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Accounts and claims payable Contracts payable and retainage payable Accounds and claims payable Contracts payable and retainage payable Due to other governments OPER (1,155,177) OPEB Liability Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Due to other governments OPER (1,155,177) OPEB Liability Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB OPER (1,155,177) OPEB Liability Deferred inflows of resources - PEB OPER (1,155,177) OPEB Liability Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB OPER (1,155,177) OPEB Liability OPER Li									, ,	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Coperating income((loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Coperating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation/amortization 13,310,835 318,013 318,628,048 25,400,453 \$ (335,091) Change in assets and liabilities: Chace in assets: (Increase) decrease in assets: Accounts receivable 316,280 (80,989) 235,291 - (1,151,577)		Φ.		φ		Φ		Φ		
Provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income/(loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation/amortization 13,310,835 318,013 13,628,848 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Cash and Cash equivalents, ending	Ф	71,551,995	Ф	3,730,320	ф	13,200,323	Ф	1,215,219	
Provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income/(loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation/amortization 13,310,835 318,013 13,628,848 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Pacanciliation of aparating income (loss) to not each									
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation/amortization										
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation/amortization 13,310,835 318,013 13,628,848 - Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in assets: Accounts receivable 316,280 (80,989) 235,291 - Due from other governments (1,151,577) - (1,151,577) - Inventory 133,238 - 133,238 - Inventory 133,238 - 133,238 - Prepaid items (84,523) (364) (84,887) 230,787 Pension Asset - - - - Deferred outflows of resources - pensions 491,898 13,120 505,018 - Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB 336,102 9,481 345,583 - Increase (decrease) in liabilities: (1,688,493 232,508 1,901,001 (35,130) Contracts payable and retainage payable 1,668,493 232,508 1,901,001 (35,130) Contracts payable and retainage payable 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - Accrued claims payable 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - Accrued claims payable 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - 1,093,60		\$	24.816.259	\$	584.194	\$	25.400.453	\$	(335.091)	
Depreciation/amortization 13,310,835 318,013 13,628,848 3 12,028,848 3 13,028 3 13,628,848 3 13,028 3 13,628,848 3 3 3,028 3 3,028,848 3 3 3,028,848 3 3 3,028,848 3 3 3,028,848 3 3 3,028,848 3 3 3,028,848 3 3 3 3,028,848 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	. ,	•	_ ,, _ , _ , _ , _ ,	•		•	,,,,,,,,	*	(===,===)	
Depreciation/amortization										
Clincrease) decrease in assets: Accounts receivable 316,280 (80,989) 235,291 - - - - - - - -			13,310,835		318,013		13,628,848		-	
Accounts receivable 316,280 (80,989) 235,291 - Due from other governments (1,151,577) - (1,151,5										
Due from other governments	,		0.4.0.000		(00.000)		00= 004			
Inventory					(80,989)				-	
Prepaid items	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-				-	
Pension Asset	•				(364)				230 787	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB 336,102 9,481 345,583 - Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts and claims payable 1,668,493 232,508 1,901,001 (35,130) Contracts payable and retainage payable 1,093,603 - 1,093,603			(04,020)		(004)		(04,007)		200,707	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts and claims payable 1,668,493 232,508 1,901,001 (35,130) Contracts payable and retainage payable 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - Accrued payroll and related liabilities 187,840 6,777 194,617 - Accrued claims payable - 60,000 Due to other governments (7,821) - (7,821) 3,317 OPEB Liability (91,181) - (91,181) - Net pension liability (1,850,450) (50,600) (1,901,050) - Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,306,568 36,282 1,342,850 - Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (976,805) (27,553) (1,004,358) - Deposits (62,956) - (62,956) - Total adjustments 14,619,544 456,675 15,076,219 258,974 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$39,435,803 \$1,040,869 \$40,476,672 \$(76,117) Noncash capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments \$7,894,343 \$- \$7,894,343 \$-	Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		491,898		13,120		505,018		-	
Accounts and claims payable 1,668,493 232,508 1,901,001 (35,130) Contracts payable and retainage payable 1,093,603 - 1,093,603 - Accrued payroll and related liabilities 187,840 6,777 194,617 - Accrued claims payable - - - 60,000 Due to other governments (7,821) - (7,821) 3,317 OPEB Liability (91,181) - (91,181) - Net pension liability (1,850,450) (50,600) (1,901,050) - Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,306,568 36,282 1,342,850 - Deposits (978,805) (27,553) (1,004,358) - Total adjustments (62,956) - (62,956) - Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$39,435,803 \$1,040,869 \$40,476,672 \$76,117 Noncash capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments 7,894,343 - \$7,894,343 - \$7,894,343 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>336,102</td> <td></td> <td>9,481</td> <td></td> <td>345,583</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			336,102		9,481		345,583		-	
Contracts payable and retainage payable										
Accrued payroll and related liabilities					232,508				(35,130)	
Accrued claims payable Due to other governments (7,821) (7,821) (7,821) (7,821) (7,821) (7,821) (7,821) (7,821) (91,181) Net pension liability (91,181) (1,850,450) (50,600) (1,901,050) Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (976,805) (976,805) (97,553) (1,004,358) Deposits (62,956) Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments 7,894,343 7,894,343 7,894,343 7,894,343					- 6 777				-	
Due to other governments			107,040		0,777		194,017		60 000	
OPEB Liability			(7.821)		_		(7.821)			
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,306,568 36,282 1,342,850 - Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (976,805) (27,553) (1,004,358) - Deposits (62,956) - (62,956) - Total adjustments 14,619,544 456,675 15,076,219 258,974 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 39,435,803 1,040,869 40,476,672 (76,117) Noncash capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments 7,894,343 - 7,894,343 -			(' '		-				-	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	Net pension liability		, , , ,						-	
Deposits									-	
Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 14,619,544 39,435,803 15,076,219 40,476,672 (76,117) Noncash capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments 7,894,343 7,894,343					(27,553)				-	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$\frac{\\$39,435,803}{\\$39,435,803}\$\$ \frac{\\$1,040,869}{\\$40,476,672}\$\$ \frac{\\$(76,117)}{\\$(76,117)}\$ Noncash capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments \$\frac{7,894,343}{\\$7,894,343}\$\$ \frac{1}{\\$7,894,343}\$					456 67F				259 074	
Noncash capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments \$ 7,894,343 \$ - \$ 7,894,343 \$ -		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments \$ 7,894,343 \$ - \$ 7,894,343 \$ -	Hot dash provided by Juseu III) operating activities	Ψ	JJ,7JJ,0UJ	Ψ	1,040,008	Ψ	70,710,012	Ψ	(10,111)	
Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from property owners, developers and other governments \$ 7,894,343 \$ - \$ 7,894,343 \$ -	Noncash capital and related financing activities:									
	Acquisition of capital assets through contributions from									
Issuance of debt - SBITA 163,781 - 163,781 -		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	
	ISSUANCE OF DEBT - SBITA		163,781		-		163,781		-	

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Net Position -Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2024

	_	Employee Pension Trust Funds
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,821,274
Investments at fair value:		
U.S. Bonds and T-bills		3,862,736
Corporate bonds		3,744,546
Stocks		17,911,007
Mutual funds		45,650,783
Pooled comingled equity funds		2,724,105
US real estate investment fund		8,310,650
Accounts receivable		27,596
Interest receivable	_	123,397
Total assets		84,176,094
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	141,828
Total liabilities		141,828
Net Position:		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	84,034,266

City of Cocoa, Florida Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Employee Pension Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
1 7	\$ 2,473,475
Employee contributions	486,789
State contributions	 515,149
Total contributions	 3,475,413
Investment earnings:	
Net increase/(decrease) in the fair value of investments	11,756,665
Interest and dividends	 2,148,363
Total investment earnings	13,905,028
Less investment expense	320,598
Net investment earnings	13,584,430
Total additions	 17,059,843
Deductions	
Benefits payments	6,338,703
Administrative expenses	 264,281
Total deductions	 6,602,984
Change in net position	10,456,859
Net position, beginning of year	 73,577,407
Net position, end of year	\$ 84,034,266

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cocoa, Florida (the "City") was incorporated as a village in 1895 and as a city in 1913. The City of Cocoa was re-created pursuant to House Bill 1348, as set forth in Chapter 59-1186, Laws of Florida. The City has a population of approximately 20,225 and is located on the central east coast of Florida. The City operates under a charter adopted in 1959 and provides for a Council-City Manager form of government. The governing body is a five-member elected City Council comprised of a Mayor and four Council members. The City Council appoints the City Manager who is responsible for the administration of all City services.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although separate legal entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

1. Component Units

Effective fiscal year FY 2020, the State of Florida amended FS 163.387(8) requiring any redevelopment agency with revenues or a total of expenditures and expenses in excess of \$100,000, as reported on the trust fund financial statements, to provide for a financial audit each fiscal year by an independent certified public accountant or firm and issue separate financial statements for each CRA. The component units' financial information is audited and included in the City's annual financial report and the separately issued annual reports for each CRA can be obtained from the City Clerk's office, on the City's website at www.cocoafl.gov or the CRA website at www.choosecocoa.org.

a) Blended Component Units

Cocoa Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") – The Agency was organized under Section 163 of the Florida Statutes and formally came into existence in 1981. The Agency uses property tax incremental revenues derived from taxable real property within the geographic boundaries of the community redevelopment area to finance the rehabilitation, conservation, and re-development of affordable housing and related facilities for residents of low or moderate income. The Agency's Board is comprised of the five members of the City Council and two additional members who reside in, or are engaged in business in, the area of the Agency's operation. The Cocoa CRA is reported as a blended component unit because the governing body is substantively the same as the City Council and the City manages the activities of the CRA in essentially the same manner as it manages its own activities.

b) Discretely Presented Component Units

Diamond Square Redevelopment Agency – The Diamond Square Redevelopment Agency was organized under Section 163 of the Florida Statutes and formally came into existence in 1998. The Diamond Square Redevelopment Agency uses property tax incremental revenues derived from taxable real property within the geographic boundaries of the community redevelopment area to finance development within that area. The Board is appointed by the City Council and is comprised of seven members who reside in, or are engaged in business in, the area of the Diamond Square Redevelopment Agency's operation. There is a potential for the Agency to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b) Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

Financial information on the discretely presented component unit activity can be found in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities, and Note 4 (C) Capital Assets/Discretely Presented Component Units. The separately issued financial statements for each discretely presented component unit that meets the statutory requirement to issue separate financial statements can be found on the City's website or a www.cocoafl.gov or at the CRAs' web pages at www.choosecocoa.org.

c) Related Organizations

The Mayor of Cocoa is responsible for appointing the members of the Board of the Cocoa Housing Authority (CHA), but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making these appointments. The CHA's operating and capital expenditures, including debt service, is financed entirely by federal grants and rentals. Since the City does not have any involvement for the determination of CHA's budget or rental rates, the CHA is not considered a component unit of the City. However, according to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), because the CHA is a dependent special district, the City is responsible for remitting pension contributions for the CHA employee and employer contributions to FRS. These contributions and related expense are reflected in Note 10.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

1. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, similar to accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, OPEB obligations and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

a) Restricted Net Position

The balance of the restricted net position at September 30, 2024 in the enterprise funds are as follows:

Debt Service	\$ 1,891,950
Capital Improvements	10,611,819
Working Capital	22,212,039
Renewal and Replacement	 2,750,000
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 37,465,808

2. Fund Financial Statements

a) The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Cocoa Redevelopment Agency Fund accounts for incremental tax revenues within the downtown Cocoa Village area. The monies are restricted by State Statute to specific projects or a class of projects within this geographical area.

The American Rescue Plan Fund accounts for revenue received and related expenditures from receipt of the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b) The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

(i) The *Water and Sewer Fund* accounts for water and sewer operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise. The fund is intended to be predominantly self-supported from user charges.

c) Additionally, the City reports the following funds:

The City reports an *Internal Service Fund* to account for the activity of the City's workers' compensation self-insurance fund. Services are provided to various City departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The City reports *Pension Trust Funds* as fiduciary funds to account for assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the pension plans of the City's general employees, firefighters and police officers and the defined contribution plan. The activities of these funds are subject to state mandatory regulations, local ordinances and the policies of the governing boards.

The City's non-major governmental funds consist of special revenue funds (Community Development Block Grant, Cocoa Housing Assistance Trust, Brevard County Home Program, Building Permits, Loan Guarantee, Opioid Settlement, Arbor Mitigation, Police Confiscated Funds, Police Special Education and Federal Forfeiture), a Capital Improvements fund and a Debt Service fund.

The City's *non-major enterprise fund* consists of the Stormwater Utility. The Stormwater Utility fund records revenue and expenses for managing the stormwater system fund.

As a rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 2) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, *general revenues* include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and providing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer enterprise fund and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer system fund also recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system as operating revenues. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and the internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance— Amounts that are inherently not spendable because of their form (such as inventory) and/or that cannot convert or are not readily convertible to cash (such as prepaid assets or the long-term portion of loans receivable).

Restricted Fund Balance— Amounts that have externally enforceable limitations on their use. These amounts are constrained to the specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, or higher levels of government pursuant to enabling legislation, e.g., gas tax revenues that must be used for road repairs).

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>— Amounts that have self-imposed limitations established through actions of the City Council (the City's highest level of decision-making authority) set in place prior to the end of a financial reporting period. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose, unless the City Council takes action by resolution to remove or change the limitation.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>— Amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose. The authority for such intent may be expressed by the City Council, the Finance Committee or the City Manager in accordance with the City's Fund Balance Reserve Policy.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>— The remaining portion of fund balance which is spendable and not obligated or specifically designated and, therefore, available for any purpose. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The City will use restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar-for-dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use Unassigned Fund Balance, unless the expenditure is identified as a component of the Committed or Assigned Fund Balance, when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Fund Balance (Continued)

At September 30, 2024, the City's fund balances were classified as follows:

	 General	Re	Cocoa development Agency	merican Rescue Plan	Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Fund balances:							
Non-spendable:							
Inventory	\$ 39,329	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	39,329
Prepaid Items	510,774		18,240	-	-		529,014
Lease Receivable	2,112,929		46,028	-	-		2,158,957
Restricted:							
Public Safety	-		-	-	1,454,442		1,454,442
Section 108 Loan Debt Service							
Reserve	67,000		-	-	-		67,000
Community Improvement Projects	-		2,174,072	-	851		2,174,923
Debt Service Payments	-		-	-	667,809		667,809
Capital Projects	-		-	-	1,483,764		1,483,764
General Government	-		-	23,507	-		23,507
Housing Assistance	-		-	-	444,006		444,006
Committed:							
Stabilization Fund	13,000,000		-	-	-		13,000,000
Capital Replacement	500,000		=	-	-		500,000
Tree Replacement	-		-	-	1,567,951		1,567,951
Grants	191,757						191,757
Assigned:							
Train Station	5,000,000		-	-	-		5,000,000
SR524 Design	4,300,000		-	-	-		4,300,000
ERP Software	3,000,000		-	-	-		3,000,000
Debt Retirement	3,000,000		-	-	-		3,000,000
Capital Equipment	2,304,058		-	-	-		2,304,058
Economic Incentives	750,000		-	-	-		750,000
Employee Recruitment Programs	600,000		-	-	-		600,000
Cocoa Village Parking	575,000		-	-	-		575,000
Road & Sidewalk Improvements	500,000		-	-	-		500,000
Sustainability/Resiliency Initiatives	37,500		-	-	-		37,500
Unassigned:	 20,217,900			 			20,217,900
Total fund balances	\$ 56,706,247	\$	2,238,340	\$ 23,507	\$ 5,618,823	\$	64,586,917

4. Budgets & Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statement:

- a) No later than August 1 of each year, the City Manager submits a proposed operating budget to City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) Public hearings are held in September to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution.
- d) Budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all appropriated funds, including the internal service funds. The budget for the enterprise fund is derived in compliance with bond covenants and operational needs. The pension trust funds are not budgeted.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Budgets & Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- e) Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The budget for the enterprise fund is adopted on a non-GAAP basis to reflect budget versus actual information related to "operations and maintenance" as defined in bond covenants.
- f) The City Manager is authorized to transfer all or part of an unencumbered appropriation balance between departments within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any fund must be approved by City Council. The classification at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the object classification level. During the fiscal year, various appropriations were approved in accordance with this policy. Budgeted amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted and as further amended.
- g) Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Re-appropriation of remaining encumbrances that will continue into the following year require separate approval by City Council in the following fiscal year.
- h) The amount charged by the General Fund to the Water and Sewer Fund and the Stormwater Fund are budgeted as an interfund transfer in the original budget. At the end of the fiscal year when final budget and actual amounts are known, the costs in the Water and Sewer Fund and the Stormwater Fund and associated revenue in the General Fund and are recorded as a reduction/increase of costs in the impacted funds.
- i) No budget was adopted for FY2024 in the following non-major special revenue funds: Federal Forfeiture, Opioid Settlement and Police Confiscated. These funds can only have an adopted budget if there is planned use of existing fund balance. No current year revenue can be budgeted due to the nature of the revenue source, which is forfeited money that has gone through the legal system and been released to the City of Cocoa.

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances available within various funds, except pension trust funds, were pooled for investment purposes. Substantially all deposits at September 30, 2024, were invested using the pooled investment concept. Interest earned was allocated to the various funds based on their average cash and investment balances.

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows include: cash, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, and money market funds.

Investments are reported at fair value, with the exception of external investment pools that comply with criteria set forth in Section I50: *Investments* of the GASB Codification and have elected to measure their investments at amortized cost. Accordingly, the fair value of the City's position in the external investment pools having met these criteria is equal to the value of pooled shares.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 5. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)
- a) The City is authorized to invest surplus funds as follows:
 - (i) The State Pool, administered by the Florida State Board of Administration;
 - (ii) U.S. Government securities and agencies of the U.S. Government;
 - (iii) U.S.-sponsored agencies, including Federal Farm Credit Bank ("FFCB"), Federal Home Loan Bank or its City banks ("FHLB"), Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie-Macs"), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation participation certificates;
 - (iv) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts;
 - (v) Repurchase agreements, commercial paper and bankers' acceptances;
 - (vi) Corporate notes issued by corporations operating in the United States or by depository institutions licensed by the United States;
 - (vii) State or local government taxable or tax-exempt debt, general obligation debt, or revenue bonds:
 - (viii) Money market mutual funds, which are open-end, no load funds, where the share value of funds is equal to \$1.00; and
 - (ix) Intergovernmental investment pools that are authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, provided said funds contain no derivatives.

b) The General Employees' Pension Fund is authorized to invest surplus funds as follows:

- (i) Corporate fixed income securities rated "BAA" or higher by Moody's or "BBB" by Standard & Poor's:
- (ii) Corporate fixed income securities rated "BAA" or higher by Moody's or "BBB" by Standard & Poor's;
- (iii) Collateralized mortgage obligations whose collateral is secured by Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC") or Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA");
- (iv) The money market or short-term investment fund ("STIF") provided by the fund's custodian:
- (v) Direct obligations of the U.S. Government with a maturity of one year or less;
- (vi) Commercial paper with a maturity of 270 days or less that is rated "A-1" by Moody's or "P-1" by Standard & Poor's; and
- (vii) Bankers acceptances issued by the 50 largest banks in the United States (in terms of total assets).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

c) The Police Officers' Pension Fund is authorized to invest surplus funds as follows:

- (i) Time, savings and money market deposit accounts of a national bank, a state bank or a savings and loan institution, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), provided the amount deposited does not exceed the insured amount, and cash instruments that have a quality rating of at least Standard & Poor's "P-1" or Moody's "A-1";
- (ii) Obligations issued by the United States Government or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States Government or by an agency of the United States Government;
- (iii) Bonds issued by the State of Israel;
- (iv) Bonds or other evidences or indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia and the corporation is listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market, provided the issuer has a quality rating of at least "A" by Standard & Poor's or Moody's;
- Equity investments (common stock, convertible bonds, and preferred stock) in a corporation listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market;
- (vi) Commingled stock, bond or money market funds whose investments are restricted to securities meeting the requirements of Section 3 of the Investment policy related to liquidity, custodian, bid requirement and risk diversification;
- (vii) Investments in real estate are limited to real estate investment trusts ("REITs"); and
- (viii) Repurchase agreements adhering to the requirements of the Master Repurchase Agreement.

d) The Firefighters' Pension Fund is authorized to invest surplus funds as follows:

- (i) At all times, the Board's investments are subject to the limitations set forth in Florida Statute Sections 215.47(1-8), (10), and (16), except as otherwise permitted by Chapter 175 or by local ordinance;
- (ii) Equity investments (common stock, convertible bonds, and preferred stock) in a corporation listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market;
- (iii) Fixed income investments shall be permitted in obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Government of the United States, with a minimum quality rating of "A" or equivalent, as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services at the time of purchase;

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

d) The Firefighters Pension Fund is authorized to invest surplus funds as follows: (Cont.)

- (iv) Fixed income investments in bonds issued by the State of Israel;
- (v) Money market funds, short-term investment funds; securities rated "A-1" or better by Moody's or "P-1" or better by Standard & Poor's; and
- (vi) Time or savings accounts of a national bank, a state bank insured by the Bank Insurance Fund, or a savings, building, and loan association insured by the Savings Association Insurance Fund which is administered by the FDIC.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are stated at fair value. Banks and savings and loans in which City funds are deposited must be classified as a qualified public depository, as defined in the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, before any deposits are made with those institutions.

6. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost. The cost is recorded in inventory at the time of purchase and is charged to the appropriate department when consumed using an average cost method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist principally of supplies for city vehicles and fuel. Inventories of the proprietary funds primarily consist of maintenance supplies.

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid, using the consumption method, in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Expenditures are incurred during the period benefited by the prepayment.

8. Restricted Assets

The use of certain assets of the Water and Sewer Utility Fund are restricted by certain provisions of bond resolutions and other agreements. Other assets are restricted by nature of the funding sources. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the statement of net position and fund level statements.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, pipelines, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of two years and an individual cost of \$5,000 or more for equipment or an individual cost of \$25,000 or more for buildings, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated and confiscated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. The cost of capital assets retired or sold, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed from the respective accounts and any gain or loss on

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

9. Capital Assets (Continued)

disposition is reflected as a gain or loss in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 50 years
Infrastructure 15 to 75 years
Improvement other than Buildings 15 to 75 years
Equipment 5 to 20 years
Vehicles 5 to 20 years
Intangible Assets - Software 3 years
Intangible Assets - Leases 3 to 30 years
Intangible Assets - Subscription Asset 3 to 10 years

The City recognizes amortization of software over a period of 3 years using the straight-line method. The City recognizes amortization for lease intangible assets over the life of the lease. The City recognizes amortization for intangible subscription assets over the term of the subscription for the use of software technology.

10. Amortization of Bond Premium and Discounts

Bond discounts and premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. In the governmental funds, these costs are recorded as other sources or uses of funds when bonds are issued. Issuance costs are expensed at the time of debt issuance.

11. Receivables

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All account and tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Property Taxes Receivable

The City is permitted by State law to levy taxes up to 10 mills on assessed valuation. However, Chapter 74-430, Laws of Florida, a special act applicable only to governmental units in Brevard County, limits the annual increase to 10% of the prior year's millage. Pursuant to Chapter 200.065(5)(a), Florida Statutes the maximum millage rate that the City may levy is a rolled-back rate based on the amount of taxes which would have been levied in the prior year if the maximum millage rate had been applied, adjusted for the change in per capita Florida personal income, unless a higher rate is adopted, in which case the maximum is the adopted rate. The Cocoa City Council levy for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 was 6.9532 mills, which represents an increase over the rolled back rate.

As provided by law, the Brevard County Property Appraiser assesses all properties for ad valorem taxing purposes and the Brevard County Tax Collector collects and distributes all taxes. Ad valorem taxes are levied based on property valuation as of January 1. The fiscal year for which ad valorem taxes are levied begins on October 1.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

11. Receivables (Continued)

Taxes are due beginning November 1, delinquent on April 1, and liened on May 30. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are budgeted and also become due and payable. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via tax sale certificates sold on or prior to June 1; therefore, no material taxes are receivable at fiscal year-end.

12. Financed Purchase Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, financed purchase obligations and the related cost of assets acquired are reflected in the Statement of Net Position. For financed purchase obligations originating in governmental funds, an expenditure of the asset and an offsetting other financing source are reflected in the fund financial statements in the year of obligation.

13. Leases

The City is a lessee for leases of office equipment, machinery and equipment, and office space. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portions of lease payments made. The lease asset is measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Key estimated and judgments related to leases include how the City determines 1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, 2) the lease term, and 3) lease payments.

The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are comprised of fixed payments and any purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise. In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or to not exercise a termination option. Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended. The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a re-measurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Leased assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities and are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Payments due under the lease contracts include fixed payments. The office space lease includes costs for common area maintenance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

13. Leases (Continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- Fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable.
- The exercise of a purchase option, if it is reasonably certain that the option will be executed.
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the City exercising that option.

Lease payments made under certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. Extension and termination options are included in the lease agreements. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

The City is a lessor for noncancelable leases of office space, billboard space, and cell tower space. The city recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide, proprietary fund and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the term of the lease.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines the 1) discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, 2) lease term, and 3) lease receipts. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is comprised of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a re-measurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

14. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (Subscription Arrangements)

The City is a subscriber for noncancelable technology agreements to use the software of various vendors. The City recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to use subscription asset (subscription asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of an arrangement, the City measures the Subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription agreement term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of the subscription payments made. The subscription asset is measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription liability payments made at or before the subscription agreement commencement date, plus

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

14. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (Continued)

certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a shorter of the lease term or the useful life of underlying asset, unless there is a purchase option that is reasonably certain of being exercised.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) Subscription arrangements term, and (3) Subscription liability payments. The City uses the interest rate charged by the subscription agreement vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the subscription agreement vendor is not provided, the City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscription liabilities. The subscription liability term includes the non-cancelable period of the subscription agreement. Subscription agreement payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and any purchase option prices that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription agreements and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

15. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and a portion of sick pay balances as of the end of the reporting period is accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

16. Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the City reports the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure or expense) until that applicable time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that applicable time.

The City reports three items that qualify as deferred outflows of resources on its government-wide and proprietary statements of net position - deferred outflows related to pensions, related to refundings, and related to OPEB. The deferred outflows for pension are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The deferred outflows for pensions will be recognized as pension expense or a reduction of the net pension liability in future reporting years. Total deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for the year ended September 30, 2024 can be found in Note 10 of the footnotes. The deferred outflows for Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) represent contributions toward OPEB cost

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

16. Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

by the City that will offset the total OPEB liability in future reporting years. The deferred outflows related to bond refunding are for the business-type funds only and can be found in Note 10 of the footnotes.

The City reports three items that qualify as deferred inflows of resources on its government-wide and proprietary statements of net position - deferred inflows related to pensions, OPEB and leases. The deferred inflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions and are calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The deferred outflows for OPEB are an aggregate of items related to OPEB, as calculated in accordance with GASB Statements No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The deferred outflows for pensions/OPEB will be recognized as a reduction to pension/OPEB expense in future reporting years. Total deferred outflows of resources related to pensions or the year ended September 30, 2024 can be found in Note 10 of the footnotes. In addition, the government-wide statement of net position includes deferred inflows related to leases. These amounts will be recognized as revenue over the life of the corresponding lease. Detail of the deferred inflows related to leases can be found in Note 4 of the footnotes.

The City reports two items that qualify as deferred inflow of resources on the governmental balance sheet. The deferred inflow of resources for Whitley Bay pertains to an amount owed from a settlement agreement for construction of a boardwalk and promenade. (See Note 12 for further information.) The other deferred inflow item is related to leases in the General Fund. This amount will be recognized as revenue over the life of the corresponding lease.

17. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City's public safety employees participate in two Public Safety Employees' Retirement Systems ("PSERS"). Each single-employer PSERS plan (firefighters and police officers) functions for the benefit of its employees and is governed by a five-member pension Board, consisting of two City employees, two legal residents of the City, and one member appointed by the other four. The City and PSERS participants are obligated to fund all PSERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The pension Board is authorized to establish benefit levels and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

Employees hired prior to March 1,2009 were able to participate in a General Employees' Retirement System (GERS). The GERS functions for the benefit of its employees and is governed by a five-member pension board consisting of three elected City employees and two City Council appointees residing in the City. The City and GERS participants are obligated to fund all GERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The GERS pension Board is authorized to establish benefit levels and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

Pension information for the PSERS and the GERS is found in a combined format in the Fiduciary Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in the Fiduciary Net Position in the City's annual report. Stand-alone financial reports for the individual PSERS and the GERS plans are contained in the annual actuarial reports that are prepared by an external consultant and can be obtained from the City Clerk. Additional information on these defined benefit pension plans can be found in Note 10 of the footnotes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

17. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

The City participates in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the City and state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the City and state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City and state-administered defined benefit pension plans.

For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the City and state-administered defined benefit pension plans.

18. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts collected before the revenue recognition criteria are met. The unearned items consist of grant and other revenues received in excess of amounts earned since the work has not been performed and, therefore, expenditures not incurred.

19. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

20. Fund Deficit

There are no funds that report a fund deficit as of September 30, 2024.

21. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City adopted one new GASB pronouncement in fiscal year 2024 - GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The requirements of this Statement for changes in accounting principles apply to the implementation of a new pronouncement in absence of specific transition provisions in the new pronouncement. This Statement also requires that the aggregate amount of adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position,

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

21. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

as applicable, be displayed by reporting unit in the financial statements. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 100 has no effect on the City's FY 2024 financial statements.

22. Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

The City reports net position restricted by enabling legislation for public safety (\$1,454,442), housing assistance (\$444,006), debt reserve for the Dr. Joe Lee Smith Center (\$67,851), other debt service reserves related to bond covenants (\$2,559,759), capital improvement (\$14,269,655), renewal and replacement (\$2,750,000), working capital (\$22,887,060), and grant agreements (\$23,507) as of September 30, 2024.

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NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS

A. Governmental & Business-Type Activities Deposits and Investments

The City invests certain surplus funds in two external investment pools, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the "Florida Prime") and FLClass. The Florida Prime offers investors experienced, government-level liquidity management, conservative investment policies and liquid investments to achieve interest earnings. FLClass provides local governments of all types the opportunity to pool their funds together with the goal of collectively earning interest on investments while maintaining liquid investments.

Under GASB Codification I50: *Investments*, if a participant has an investment in a qualifying external investment pool that measures for financial reporting purposes all of its investments at amortized cost, it should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates) in notes to the financial statements.

As of September 30, 2024, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit the City's access to 100% of its account value in either external investment pool.

At September 30, 2024, the City's carrying amount of cash deposits was \$21,504,014 and the bank balance was \$18,843,230. In addition, the City holds \$13,550 of petty cash. The component units' carrying amount of deposits with banks was \$509,698 and the bank balance was \$509,698. As of September 30, 2024, \$250,000 of the City's bank balances is covered by the FDIC. Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the City pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

Credit Risk

The City's investment policy and the investment policies for the City's General Employees', Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Funds limit investments to securities with specific ranking criteria.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits interest rate risk by requiring that investment maturities shall not be greater than seven years. In addition, the overall required weighted average duration is required to be less than three years. The City's General Employees', Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Funds do not address interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Funds do not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the respective funds' total investments, except for securities issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies, which may be held without limitation. The City's investment policy and the investment policy of the City's General Employees' Pension Fund do not address concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Governmental & Business-Type Activities Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Foreign Currency Risk

The City's pension funds contain investments in foreign stock mutual funds and foreign corporate bonds; however, all of the investments are denominated in U.S. dollars and are not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's investment policy does not contain requirements that would limit exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. Pension plans operate under separate investment policies. The fiduciary funds' U.S. Real Estate Investments are not covered by the SIPC (Securities Investor Protection Corporation) insurance, are uncollateralized and held by the pension funds' broker-dealer (counterparty); therefore, the balance as of September 30, 2024 of \$8,310,650 is subject to custodial credit risk. The fiduciary funds' remaining investments are covered by SIPC insurance.

At September 30, 2024, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More than 10	Rating	Agency	Level
SBA (Florida Prime)	\$ 34,001,250	\$ 34,001,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	AAAm	S&P	N/A
FL Class	79,691,571		-	-	-	AAAm	S&P	N/A
Money Market Fund	-,,-	-,,-						
Money Market Fund	1,984	1,984	-			AAA	S&P	L1
Money Market Fund	605,626	,	-	-	-	AAAm	S&P	L1
Corporate Bonds								
Corporate Bonds (Aaa - A1)	-	_	-	-	-			
Municipal Bonds								
Municipal Bonds (AA)	899,998	-	574,176	-	-	AA	S&P	L2
			325,822			AA+	S&P	L2
Municipal Bonds (AAA)	1,041,750	-	1,041,750	-	-	AAA	S&P	L2
US Treasuries								
US Treasuries	48,542,038	2,734,766	45,807,272	-	-	AA+	S&P	L2
US Agencies								
US Agencies (Aaa)	1,814,270	1,791,652		22,618	-	AA+	S&P	L2
Total primary government cash					·			
equivalents and investments	\$ 166,598,487	\$ 118,826,849	\$ 47,749,020	\$ 22,618	\$ -			
Less: Total Cash Equivalents, at cost	118,769,880							
Total Investments	\$ 47,828,607	=						

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Fiduciary Investments

At September 30, 2024, the fiduciary funds had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More than 10	Rating	Agency	Level
Money Markets	\$ 1,821,274	\$ 1,821,274	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Not Rated		L1
US Bonds and T-bills	3,804,315	1,749,447	298,696	192,103	1,564,069	AAA, Not Rated AA+ - A-, BBB+ - BB,CCC+ - CC, Not	S&P	L2
Corporate Bonds	3,802,967	616,646	1,832,452	859,358	494,511	Rated	S&P	L2
Stocks Mutual Funds Pooled Comingled Equity Funds	15,249,105 48,312,685 2,724,105	48,312,685	-	- - -	74,579 - -	Not Rated Not Rated Not Rated		L1 L1 L1
Real Estate Investments	8,310,650	8,310,650				Not Rated		L3
Total Fiduciary Fund Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 84,025,101	\$ 78,647,911	\$ 2,192,570	\$ 1,051,461	\$ 2,133,159			
Less: Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,821,274	<u>-</u>						
Total Fiduciary Fund Investments	\$ 82,203,827	, ≣						

GASB Codification Section 3100: Fair Value Measurements, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB 72 are described as follows:

Level 1 (L1): Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the plan has the ability to access.

Level 2 (L2): Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 (L3): Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. The City's level 3 pension investments are real estate investments.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Fiduciary Investments (Continued)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at September 30, 2024.

Equities: Valued at quoted market prices.

Mutual Funds: Valued at quoted market prices for Level 2 investments and net asset value if the quoted market price is unavailable.

U.S. Real Estate Investment: Valued at net asset value, which approximates fair value.

American Core Realty: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

SEI Trust Company: Valued at last quoted sale price on the primary exchange or market on which they are traded or at the most recent quoted bid price.

Fixed Income Funds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yield currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the City believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Fiduciary Investments (Continued)

Level Three Financial Instruments

The following table summarizes the City's Fiduciary Funds' Level 3 financial instruments, the value technique used to measure the fair value of those financial instruments as of September 30, 2024, and the significant unobservable inputs and the ranges of those values for those inputs. The Level 3 financial instruments are real estate investments.

				Range of	
	Fair Value	Principal Valuation	Significant Unobservable	Significant Input	Weighted
Instrument	09/30/2024	Technique	Inputs	Values	Average
American Realty					
Advisors	\$ 1,772,244	Discounted Cash Flow	Direct Cap Rate	5.00% to 5.00%	5.00%
			Exit Cap Rate	4.75% to 7.25%	5.71%
			Discount Rate	6.50% to 9.50%	7.05%
Barings	1,120,166	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	6.50% to 10.26%	7.44%
			Terminal Cap Rate	5.25% to 8.00%	5.88%
			DCF Term (years)	10 to 10.18 years	10.02 years
TA Realty	1,858,448	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	6.45% to 9.50%	7.04%
		(DCF) Analysis	Terminal Cap Rate	5.31% to 6.49%	5.52%
			5-Year Cap Rate	4.48% - 6.47%	4.93%
U.S. Realty	3,559,792	Discounted Cash Flow	Exit Cap Rate	4.75% to 8.22%	6.54%
		Direct Capitalization	Discount Rate	6.50% to 10.94%	8.17%
			Market rent Growth Rate	2.16% to 3.55%	2.99%
			DCF Term	10 to 15 years	10.71 years
	\$ 8,310,650				

Fair Value of Investments in Entities that Use Net Asset Value (NAV)

The following table summarizes investments measured at fair value based on NAV per share as of September 30, 2024:

	 air Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If currently eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
American Realty Advisors	\$ 1,772,244	N/A	Quarterly	10 Days
Westwood Trust Large Cap Value Equity	\$ 3,753,925	N/A	Daily	3 Days
TA Realty	\$ 1,858,448	N/A	Quarterly	45 Days
Barings	\$ 1,120,166	N/A	Quarterly	60 Days
U.S. Real Estate	\$ 3,559,792	N/A	Quarterly	None

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Accounts Receivable

Receivables as of September 30, 2024, for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, enterprise major and nonmajor, and internal service funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_Ge	eneral Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Water and Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Total
Accounts receivable	\$	1,563,108	\$ 3,511	\$ 8,921,012	7,843 \$	10,495,474
Accounts receivable earned, but not billed		80,463	-	5,937,438	-	6,017,901
Tax Receivable		47,695	-	-	-	47,695
Gross receivables		1,691,266	3,511	14,858,450	7,843	16,561,070
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts		(83,618)		(155,476)	(2,109)	(241,203)
Total net receivables	\$	1,607,648	\$ 3,511	\$ 14,702,974 \$	5,734 \$	16,319,867

The City provides an allowance for accounts receivable that may become uncollectible. At September 30, 2024, this allowance was \$83,618 in the general fund, \$155,476 in the water and sewer system fund, and \$2,109 in the stormwater fund. No other allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained since all other accounts receivable are considered collectible at September 30, 2024.

Lease Receivables

On October 13, 2021, the City entered into a 98 month lease as Lessor for the use of AT&T Cell Tower 382218. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$235,134. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$154,497. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,292. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3277%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2024 was \$149,718, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$28,792 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option for 60 months.

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into a 312 month lease as Lessor for the use of Sprint Cell Tower A2C5163. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$820,067. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$742,070. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$29,281. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8037%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2024 was \$725,576, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$31,498 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 5 extension options, each for 60 months.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES (Continued)

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into a 49 month lease as Lessor for the use of USPS Post Office. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$172,966. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$46,028. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,545. The lease has an interest rate of 0.2133%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2024 was \$45,889, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$42,359 during the fiscal year.

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into a 159 month lease as Lessor for the use of Lamar Billboard Lease 004-09121-01. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$38,757. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$30,911. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$250. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2003%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2024 was \$29,982, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$2,925 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 36 months. The City has 1 extension option for 12 months. The City had a termination period of 3 months as of the lease commencement.

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into a 69 month lease as Lessor for the use of T-Mobile Cell Tower A2C0020A. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$198,375. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$95,998. The lessee is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$8,150. The lease has an interest rate of 0.2133%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2024 was \$94,875, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$34,500 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option for 60 months.

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into a 420 month lease as Lessor for the use of AT&T Cell Tower 14386094. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$889,129. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$831,207. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$30,000. The lease has an interest rate of 1.8820%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2024 was \$812,918, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$25,403 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 6 extension options, each for 60 months.

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into an 80 month lease as Lessor for the use of T-Mobile Cell Tower A2C0555A. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$107,966. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$61,582. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,250. The lease has an interest rate of 0.2477%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2024 was \$59,563, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$16,135 during the fiscal year.

On October 13, 2021, the City entered into a 109 month lease as Lessor for the use of American Tower Cell Tower VZL32930. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$273,620. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$196,664. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$25,397. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3277%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2024 was \$184,309, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$30,104 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension options, each for 60 months.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Governmental funds lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions/ Transfers			ductions/	Ending Balance	
Lease Receivable								
Infrastructure								
T-Mobile Cell Tower A2C0020A	\$	130,766	\$	-	\$	(34,768)	\$	95,998
Sprint Cell Tower A2C5163		766,526		-		(24,456)		742,070
AT&T Cell Tower 382218		181,442		-		(26,945)		154,497
T-Mobile Cell Tower A2C0555A		77,908		-		(16,326)		61,582
American Tower Cell Tower VZL32930		222,877		-		(26,213)		196,664
Lamar Billboard Lease 004-09121-01		33,589		-		(2,678)		30,911
AT&T Cell Tower 14386094		845,298		-		(14,091)		831,207
Total Infrastructure Lease Receivable	- 2	2,258,406		-		(145,477)		2,112,929
Buildings								
USPS Post Office		88,421				(42,393)		46,028
Total Building Lease Receivable		88,421		-		(42,393)		46,028
Total Lease Receivable	\$ 2	2,346,827	\$		\$	(187,870)	\$	2,158,957
Principal and Interest Expected to Maturity		Gover	nmental Ac	tivities				
Year Ending September			1-44			T-4-1	n	
30, Principal	4 070	·	Interest	00.40	_	Total	Pay	ments
	1,872			23,43				215,309
	5,026			22,57				177,605
	5,110			21,76				166,875
	7,078			20,96				138,039
	5,472			20,19				125,664
	4,132			90,61				404,751
	8,986			74,31				343,302
	3,104			56,50				359,607
	0,523			36,12				336,652
	9,462			17,72				197,186
	8,192	Φ.		2,21	_	•		80,406
Total <u>\$ 2,15</u>	8,957	\$		386,44	+0	\$		2,545,397
	В	eginning	Additio	ns/	F	Reductions/		Ending
		Balance	Transf	ers		Transfers		Balance
Deferred Inflow of Resources								
Infrastructure	•	400.075	•			(0.4.500)		04.075
T-Mobile Cell Tower A2C0020A	\$	129,375	\$	-	\$	(34,500)	\$	94,875
Sprint Cell Tower A2C5163		757,074		-		(31,498)		725,576
AT&T Cell Tower 382218		178,510		-		(28,792)		149,718
T-Mobile Cell Tower A2C0555A		75,698		-		(16,135)		59,563
American Tower Cell Tower VZL32930		214,413		-		(30,104)		184,309
Lamar Billboard Lease 004-09121-01		32,907		-		(2,925)		29,982
AT&T Cell Tower 14386094 Total Infrastructure Deferred Inflow of Resources		838,321 2,226,298		-	_	(25,403) (169,357)	_	812,918 2,056,941
		_,0,0				(.50,001)		_,000,011
Buildings		00.040				(40.050)		45.000
USPS Post Office Total Building Deferred Inflow of Resources		88,248 88,248			_	(42,359) (42,359)	_	45,889 45,889
Ç	_				_		_	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	2,314,546	\$		\$	(211,716)	\$	2,102,830

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities

General Governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

General		Beginning Balance	•			Deletions/ Transfers	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets, not being									
depreciated/amortized:									
Land	\$	7,616,246	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,616,246	
Construction in progress		668,473		4,621,198		(1,461,443)		3,828,228	
Total capital assets, not being						<u>-</u> _			
depreciated/amortized		8,284,719		4,621,198		(1,461,443)		11,444,474	
Capital assets, being						<u>-</u> _			
depreciated/amortized:									
Buildings		29,423,304		1,611,971		(1,527,788)		29,507,487	
Equipment		17,373,092		2,536,688		(1,894,770)		18,015,010	
Intangible Software		2,138,750		-		(40,250)		2,098,500	
Intangible Leased Equipment		213,323		23,445		-		236,768	
Intangible Subscription Assets		565,308		141,424		-		706,732	
Infrastructure		74,821,568		1,897,168		-		76,718,736	
IOTB		-		1,893,097		-		1,893,097	
Total capital assets being									
depreciated/amortized:		124,535,345		8,103,793		(3,462,808)		129,176,330	
Less accumulated			-					_	
depreciation/amortization for:									
Buildings		(11,551,064)		(975,649)		-		(12,526,713)	
Equipment		(11,787,086)		(1,326,674)		1,290,326		(11,823,434)	
Intangible Software		(2,138,750)		-		40,250		(2,098,500)	
Intangible Leased Equipment		(102,875)		(53,781)		-		(156,656)	
Intangible Subscription Assets		(93,938)		(204,023)		-		(297,961)	
Infrastructure		(57,499,573)		(861,582)		-		(58,361,155)	
IOTB				(93,819)				(93,819)	
Total accumulated									
depreciation/amortization		(83,173,286)		(3,515,528)		1,330,576		(85,358,238)	
Total capital assets being									
depreciated/amortized, net		41,362,059		4,588,265		(2,132,232)		43,818,092	
Governmental activities capital									
assets, net	\$	49,646,778	\$	9,209,463	\$	(3,593,675)	\$	55,262,566	
docto, not	Ψ	10,040,110	Ψ	5,205,400	Ψ	(0,000,070)	Ψ	30,202,000	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Cocoa CRA activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions/ Transfers		Deletions/ Fransfers	Ending Balance		
Cocoa CRA Activities:		Dalance		Hansiers		Transiers		Dalalice	
Capital assets, not being									
depreciated/amortized:									
Land	\$	4,980	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,980	
Construction in progress	*	82,184	Ψ	40,200	*	(5,017)	Ψ.	117,367	
Total capital assets, not being				,		(0,011)		,	
depreciated/amortized		87,164		40,200		(5,017)		122,347	
Capital assets, being		<u> </u>		 		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		 	
depreciated/amortized:									
Buildings		521,897		-		-		521,897	
Equipment		155,353		5,017		-		160,370	
Intangible Leased Building		590,419		-		-		590,419	
Infrastructure		4,692,669						4,692,669	
Total capital assets being									
depreciated/amortized:		5,960,338		5,017				5,965,355	
Less accumulated									
depreciation/amortization for:									
Buildings		(287,439)		(16,825)		-		(304,264)	
Equipment		(75,942)		(15,070)		-		(91,012)	
Intangible Leased Building		(130,001)		(65,000)		-		(195,001)	
Infrastructure		(1,550,050)		(163,805)				(1,713,855)	
Total accumulated		(0.040.400)		(000 700)				(0.004.400)	
depreciation/amortization		(2,043,432)		(260,700)				(2,304,132)	
Total capital assets being		2.046.006		(055,000)				0.004.000	
depreciated/amortized, net		3,916,906		(255,683)		<u>-</u>		3,661,223	
Governmental activities capital									
assets, net	\$	4,004,070	\$	(215,483)	\$	(5,017)	\$	3,783,570	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Total capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

Total Primary	Beginning Additions/ Balance Transfers			Deletions/ Transfers			Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets, not being									
depreciated/amortized:									
Land	\$ 7,621,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,621,226		
Construction in progress	750,657		4,661,398		(1,466,460)		3,945,595		
Total capital assets, not being									
depreciated/amortized	8,371,883		4,661,398		(1,466,460)		11,566,821		
Capital assets, being									
depreciated/amortized:									
Buildings	29,945,201		1,611,971		(1,527,788)		30,029,384		
Equipment	17,528,445		2,541,705		(1,894,770)		18,175,380		
Intangible Software	2,138,750		-		(40,250)		2,098,500		
Intangible Leased Equipment	213,323		23,445		-		236,768		
Intangible Leased Building	590,419		-		-		590,419		
Intangible Subscription Asset	565,308		141,424		-		706,732		
Infrastructure	79,514,237		1,897,168		-		81,411,405		
IOTB	<u> </u>		1,893,097				1,893,097		
Total capital assets being									
depreciated/amortized:	130,495,683		8,108,810		(3,462,808)		135,141,685		
Less accumulated									
depreciation/amortization for:									
Buildings	(11,838,503)		(992,474)		-		(12,830,977)		
Equipment	(11,863,028)		(1,341,744)		1,290,326		(11,914,446)		
Intangible Software	(2,138,750)		-		40,250		(2,098,500)		
Intangible Leased Equipment	(102,875)		(53,781)		-		(156,656)		
Intangible Leased Building	(130,001)		(65,000)		-		(195,001)		
Intangible Subscription Asset	(93,938)		(204,023)		-		(297,961)		
Infrastructure	(59,049,623)		(1,025,387)		-		(60,075,010)		
IOTB	 <u>-</u>		(93,819)		<u>-</u>		(93,819)		
Total accumulated									
depreciation/amortization	(85,216,718)		(3,776,228)		1,330,576		(87,662,370)		
Total capital assets being									
depreciated/amortized, net	 45,278,965		4,332,582		(2,132,232)		47,479,315		
Governmental activities capital									
assets, net	\$ 53,650,848	\$	8,993,980	\$	(3,598,692)	\$	59,046,136		

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's governmental funds as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 2,218,398
Public safety	781,925
Recreation	118,994
Economic development	337,913
Physical environment	35,302
Transportation	283,696
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,776,228

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-type Activities

	99		Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers		Ending Balance	
Business-type Activities:		_		_			
Capital assets, not being							
depreciated/amortized:							
Land	\$	2,919,197	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,919,197
Construction in progress		33,684,968		14,469,899	(21,057,635)		27,097,232
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated/amortized:		36,604,165		14,469,899	(21,057,635)		30,016,429
Capital assets, being				, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, ,
depreciated/amortized:							
Buildings		17,268,903		-	-		17,268,903
Improvements other than		,,					,,
buildings		417,484,158		29,511,370	-		446,995,528
Equipment		27,257,123		2,651,715	(860,949)		29,047,889
Intangible Software		3,530,027		· · · -	-		3,530,027
Intangible Leased Equipment		3,764,976		-	-		3,764,976
Intangible Subscription Assets		247,310		163,782	-		411,092
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated/amortized:		469,552,497		32,326,867	(860,949)		501,018,415
Less accumulated							
depreciation/amortization for:							
Buildings		(6,552,597)		(481,471)	-		(7,034,068)
Improvements other than		,		,			,
buildings		(233,619,261)		(11,128,816)	-		(244,748,077)
Equipment		(21,389,871)		(1,451,435)	778,823		(22,062,483)
Intangible Software		(3,331,202)		(72,941)	-		(3,404,143)
Intangible Leased Equipment		(439,247)		(376,498)	=		(815,745)
Intangible Subscription Assets		(57,273)		(117,687)	-		(174,960)
Total accumulated							
depreciation/amortization		(265, 389, 451)		(13,628,848)	778,823		(278, 239, 476)
Total capital assets, being				<u> </u>			
depreciated/amortized, net		204,163,046		18,698,019	(82,126)		222,778,939
•					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Business-type activities capital							
assets, net	\$	240,767,211	\$	33,167,918	\$ (21,139,761)	\$	252,795,368
	_	· · · · · ·					

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:

Water and sewer system	\$ 13,310,835
Stormwater utility	 318,013
Total depreciation/amortization expense - business-type activities	\$ 13,628,848

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

C. Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for the Diamond Square Redevelopment Agency for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land Construction in progress	\$	181,192 -	\$ 6,313	\$ -	\$	181,192 6,313	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		181,192	 6,313		_	187,505	
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized: Improvements other than buildings Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for: Improvements other than buildings		477,850	-	-		477,850	
		(149,708)	 (15,879)		_	(165,587)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net		328,142	 (15,879)			312,263	
Diamond Square Agency capital assets, net	\$	509,334	\$ (9,566)	\$ -	\$	499,768	

D. Construction Commitments

The City has active construction commitments as of September 30, 2024. At fiscal year-end, the City's commitments with such contracts totaling more than \$100,000 are summarized by project as follows:

				naining
Project	Spe	Com	mitment	
Industrial Park Pump Station	\$	-	\$	420,316
Dyal Well #17		61,099		166,803
IRP Improvement		5,218,303		7,240,502
Dyal Co2 Bulk Replacement		145,203		158,014
Reactor Clarifier 1&2 Replacement		15,005		146,159
Pineda Water Main RR Crossing		5,334		198,568
Lift Station Improvements		, -		179,709
Cocoa Lakes		512,085		3,360,563
Windward Preserves		1,373,587		2,645,320
WM Replacement S. Courtney		13,403		155,704
Broadmoor / Fiske Improvements		4,879,765		2,807,861
Lee Wenner Park Parking		326,396		1,496,205
T-Dock / Breakwater Project		32,257		133,723
T	Φ.	10 500 107	Φ.	40 400 447
Total	\$	12,582,437	\$	19,109,447

The above remaining commitment balances include accounts and retainage payable recorded in the City's financial statements as of September 30, 2024.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

E. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consisted of the following components as of September 30, 2024:

					Dia	mond Square
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type	Re	development
		Activities		Activities		Agency
Capital assets, Net of depreciation/amortization	\$	59,046,136	\$	252,795,368	\$	499,768
Coloulation of autotanding conital daht						
Calculation of outstanding capital debt		40.000.000		70 000 000		
Less: Revenue bonds payable		12,920,000		73,086,000		-
Unamortized premiums/discounts		300,336		5,326,931		-
Leases payable		496,661		3,032,551		-
Subscription payable		324,940		180,732		-
Notes payable		410,000		-		_
Retainage payable		_		444,810		_
Capital assets in accts payable		1,013,062		2,563,487		<u> </u>
Total outstanding capital debt		15,464,999		84,634,511		-
Add:						
Deferred outflow related to refundings				3,033,422		
Total adjustments				3,033,422		
Not investment in capital assets	œ	12 501 127	¢	171,194,279	Ф	400 769
Net investment in capital assets	Φ	43,581,137	\$	111,194,219	φ	499,768

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers at September 30, 2024 are as follows:

	1	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out	Purpose			
Major Funds:								
General fund	\$	11,794,780	\$	1,761,698	Transfer for Return on Investment (ROI) & Payment in Lieu of Franchise Fee (PILOFF), Debt Service, CCRA special patrols			
Community redevelopment agency		35,859		2,493,921	Transfers for special patrols, park maintenance, and capital projects			
ARPA fund		-		13,377	Transfer interest earned to General Fund			
Water sewer fund		-		9,371,482	Transfers for ROI & PILOFF			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:								
Special revenue funds		69,000		-	Transfer for Sec 108 loan			
Debt service fund		1,074,726		-	Transfer to fund current year debt service payments			
Capital projects funds		735,113		-	Transfer for capital projects			
CDBG, Brevard County HOME		-		69,000	Transfer for Sec 108 loan			
Total interfund transfers	\$	13,709,478	\$	13,709,478				

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

The City bills and collects charges for sewer and other services on behalf of Brevard County; the Cities of Cape Canaveral, Cocoa Beach, Rockledge, Titusville; CSWR and Merritt Island Utility Company. Cash collections are remitted to these entities monthly. At September 30, 2024, the balance recorded as contracts payable due to these entities was \$11,485,366, which includes amounts billed but not yet collected of \$6,378,978, and revenue earned but not yet billed of \$3,103,903. Amounts collected and not yet remitted to these entities at year-end totaled \$4,842,766 in the Water and Sewer System fund. The City has collected for, and not yet remitted to, the County permit fees totaling \$15,127, in addition to \$22,327 due to other governments for various fees and services.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		 Additions/ Transfers		Deletions/ Transfers		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities Bond payable: Revenue bonds payable Less unamortized amounts: For issuance discounts	\$	13,475,000	\$ -	\$	(555,000) 1,401	\$	12,920,000	\$	575,000	
For issuance premium		(33,638) 358,155	-		(25,582)		(32,237) 332,573		-	
Total bonds payable		13,799,517	-		(579,181)		13,220,336		575,000	
Notes from direct borrowing Leases payable Subscription liabilities Accrued claims payable Total OPEB liability		484,000 585,651 374,810 1,962,000 13,702,303	23,445 141,424 1,736,575 591,435		(74,000) (112,435) (191,294) (1,676,575) (721,220)		410,000 496,661 324,940 2,022,000 13,572,518		45,000 118,207 191,227 1,287,000	
Net pension liability Compensated absences		31,136,563 1,533,515	2,896,690 1,910,260		(10,705,592) (1,533,515)		23,327,661 1,910,260		- 857,017	
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	63,578,359	\$ 7,299,829	\$		\$	55,284,376	\$	3,073,451	

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities					
Bond payable: Revenue bonds payable	\$ 54,925,000	\$ -	\$ (765,000)	\$ 54,160,000	\$ 800,000
Less unamortized amounts: For issuance discounts			,		
For issuance premium	5,587,496	-	(260,565)	5,326,931	-
Total bonds payable	60,512,496	-	(1,025,565)	59,486,931	800,000
Direct placement: Revenue bonds payable - private					
placement	24,103,000		(5,177,000)	18,926,000	4,763,000
Total all bonds payable	84,615,496		(6,202,565)	78,412,931	5,563,000
Leases payable	3,372,061	-	(339,510)	3,032,551	349,582
Subscription Liabilities	136,445	163,781	(119,495)	180,732	112,090
OPEB liability	8,580,911	422,999	(514,180)	, ,	-
Net pension liability	12,468,771	65,597	(1,385,795)	11,148,573	-
Compensated absences	758,635	813,402	(758,635)	813,402	345,826
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	¢ 100 022 210	¢ 1 465 770	¢ (0.320.480)	¢ 102 077 010	¢ 6 270 409
liabilities	\$ 109,932,319	\$ 1,465,779	\$ (9,320,180)	\$ 102,077,919	\$ 6,370,498

For the governmental activities, leases and compensated absences are generally liquidated by current resources of the General Fund. Other governmental liabilities such as OPEB and pension are liquidated by the fund in which the liability was incurred.

Principal and interest paid in the current fiscal year for the Fire Protection Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, was a combined total of \$460,613 and pledged gross revenue was \$3,419,238. As of September 30, 2024, principal and interest to maturity in 2046 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$10,175,694. Principal and interest paid in the current fiscal year for the Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2016, was a combined total of \$614,013 and pledged gross revenue was \$5,847,656. As of September 30, 2024, principal and interest to maturity in 2037 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$7,948,613.

Principal and interest paid in the current fiscal year for the Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Capital Improvement Revenue Notes was a combined total of \$9,210,285, and pledged net revenue and impact fees was \$44,690,891. As of September 30, 2024, principal and interest to maturity in 2048 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$135,410,944.

1. Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds in the City's Water and Sewer System Fund are secured by, and payable from, the gross revenues of the City's water and sewer system. The bond resolutions provide that certain revenues in excess of debt service requirements may be used for general operating purposes.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

1. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The resolutions applicable to the revenue bonds require the establishment of various bond principal and interest sinking funds and reserve accounts with various requirements for deposit. These requirements have been met for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Revenue bonds outstanding at year-end are as follows:

a) Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities	
Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2016, original issuance amount of \$8,865,000 to the Capital Projects Fund, due \$295,000 to \$590,000 annually through 2037; interest at 2.000% to 4.000% (plus bond premium \$332,573)	\$ 6,577,573
Fire Protection Assessment Revenue Bond, Series 2016, original issuance amount of \$8,000,000 to the Capital Projects Fund, due \$160,000 to \$445,000 annually through 2046; interest at 2.000% to 4.125% (less bond discount of \$32,237)	 6,642,763
Total governmental activities	\$ 13.220.336

(i) On November 1, 2016, the City issued \$8,865,000 Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, a refunding bond. These bonds were sold to: (i) fully refund \$9,550,000 of outstanding Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, maturing on and after October 1, 2018, and defeasing the lien on all of the Series 2007 Bonds, and (ii) paying certain costs and expenses relating to the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds. The City completed the refunding to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$925,052. The City's decision to advance refund the Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, resulted in a reduction of total debt service payments over the next twenty years of \$2,230,407. The Series 2016 bonds bear interest at 2.00% to 4.00% per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Principal is due annually beginning October 1, 2017, in amounts that range from \$295,000 to \$590,000, until final maturity on October 1, 2037.

This refunding constituted an economic defeasance, but did not legally release the City from its obligation to repay the Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007. Under the terms of the refunding bond, sufficient assets to pay all principal and interest on the fully refunded bond issue were placed into an irrevocable trust account at a commercial bank. The assets, liabilities and financial transactions of this trust account are not reflected in the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

a) Governmental Activities (Continued)

Default under the Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 includes non-payment of amounts due (principal and interest), failure to perform bond covenants without remedy within a 30-day period and bankruptcy or receivership for longer than 90 days. Upon an event of default, registered owners of not less than 25% of aggregate principal outstanding can appoint a trustee to represent them in legal proceedings related to the rights of the bondholders. In no case, however, shall any holder, trustee or receiver have the right to declare the bonds immediately due and payable.

(ii) On December 20, 2016, the City issued \$8,000,000 in Fire Protection Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, with interest rates ranging from 2.000% to 4.125%. The total amount of the debt, principal of \$8,000,000 and interest of \$5,763,711, is to be paid through fiscal year 2047, with annual debt service payments ranging from \$160,000 to \$445,000 beginning in fiscal year 2017. The Series 2016 Bonds were issued by the City for the purpose of, together with other available funds of the City, (i) financing a portion of the costs of acquisition and construction of three fire station facilities and other equipment for the City's fire protection services, (ii) making a deposit to the Series 2016 Reserve Fund Subaccount, and (iii) paying certain costs and expenses relating to the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds. Debt service will be paid from certain non-ad valorem special assessments (fire protection assessments), with the rates established each year by resolution.

Default under the Fire Protection Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 includes non-payment of amounts due (principal and interest), failure to perform bond covenants without remedy within a 30-day period, and bankruptcy or receivership for longer than 90 days. Upon an event of default, registered owners of not less than 25% of aggregate principal outstanding can appoint a trustee to represent them in legal proceedings related to the rights of the bondholders. In no case, however, shall any holder, trustee or receiver have the right to declare the bonds immediately due and payable.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

b) Business-Type Activities

Business-Type Activities Bonds Payable

Total Direct Placement Bonds

Total Business-Type Activities

Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2018B, original issuance amount of \$37,540,000, due \$710,000 to \$2,270,000 annually in 2022 through 2048; interest at 3-5% (plus bond premium of \$3,473,561) 36,798,561 Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2018C, original issuance amount of \$20,835,000, due \$980,000 to \$2,050,000 annually in 2027 through 2040; interest at 4-5% (plus bond premium of \$1,853,370) 22,688,370 Total Bonds Payable 59,486,931 **Direct Placement Bonds** Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2018A-2, original issuance amount of \$21,805,000, due \$3,645,000 to \$1,175,000 annually in 2018 through 2031; interest at 3.63% (issued at par value) 13,170,000 Water and Sewer System Series 2020 Refunding Bond, original issuance amount of \$13,606,000, due \$1,142,000 to \$428,000 annually in 2022 through 2031; interest at 1.21% (issued at par value) 5,756,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds outstanding are as follows:

18,926,000

78,412,931

	Government	al A	Activities						p <u>e Activities</u>			
Year Ending	Bonds F	Paya	able		Bonds F	aya	able		Direct Placen	ment Bonds		
September 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2025	\$ 575,000	\$	497,425	\$	800,000	\$	2,552,450	\$	4,763,000	\$	542,546	
2026	600,000		474,425		830,000		2,520,450		4,513,000		403,258	
2027	620,000		450,425		1,845,000		2,487,250		2,080,000		260,423	
2028	640,000		427,506		1,965,000		2,438,638		2,073,000		206,051	
2029	675,000		403,281		2,075,000		2,358,800		2,073,000		152,266	
2030-2034	3,775,000		1,603,069		11,960,000		10,416,750		3,424,000		143,912	
2035-2039	3,265,000		874,531		15,680,000		7,590,300		-		-	
2040-2044	1,900,000		419,400		10,550,000		3,731,250		-		-	
2045-2048	870,000		54,244		8,455,000		1,082,750		-		-	
Total	\$ 12,920,000	\$	5,204,306	\$	54,160,000	\$	35,178,638	\$	18,926,000	\$ ^	1,708,456	
										_		

(i) On August 22, 2018, the City issued \$21,805,000 Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A-1, a refunding bond. These bonds were sold to: (1) fully refund \$8,795,000 of outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A maturing October 1, 2039 and defease the lien on all of the Series 2009B bonds and \$12,325,000 of Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B maturing October 1, 2031 and defease the lien on all of the Series

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

b) Business-Type Activities (Continued)

2009B bonds and (2) pay certain costs and expenses relating to the issuance of the Series 2018A-1 Bonds. The City completed the refunding to obtain an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$1,369,098. The City's decision to advance refund the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A and the Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B resulted in a reduction of total debt service payments over the next 13 years of \$2,965,093. The Series 2018A-1 Bonds were exchanged for a 2018A-2 Tax Exempt Bond on July 15, 2019. The principal amount of the 2018 Tax-Exempt Bond Series A-2 is payable beginning October 1, 2020. Final maturity of the Series A-2 tax-exempt bond is October 1, 2031.

Default under the 2018A-2 Bonds includes non-payment of principal and interest when due, failure to perform bond covenants without remedy within 30 days, and insolvency or bankruptcy. Upon an event of default, registered owners of not less than 51% of the aggregate principal outstanding and accreted value as of the most recent interest payment date, may declare the bonds due and payable immediately.

(iii) On October 3, 2018, the City issued \$37,540,000 Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2018B and \$20,835,000 Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2018C. The 2018B Bonds are being issued to fund the 2018B Project consisting of the acquisition, construction and equipping of certain capital improvements to the Water and Sewer System. The bonds bear interest at a rate of 3-5% with semi-annual payments due each April 1 and October 1 through October 1, 2048. The 2018C Bonds were issued to advance refund the Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (Federally Taxable – Build America Bonds – Direct Subsidy). Immediately upon issuance, a portion of the proceeds of the 2018C bonds, together with other available funds of the City, were deposited into an escrow account for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the Series 2010 bonds as they come due. Interest on these bonds are 4-5% with payment of interest only due until October 1, 2027 at which time principal installments are due each April 1 and October 1 through October 1, 2040.

The City completed the refunding to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$2,023,448. The City's decision to advance refund the Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, resulted in a reduction of total debt service payments over the next 22 years of \$8,788,883.

Default under the 2018B and 2018C Bonds includes non-payment of principal and interest when due, failure to perform bond covenants without remedy within 30 days, and insolvency or bankruptcy. Upon an event of default, registered owners of not less than 51% of the aggregate principal outstanding and accreted value as of the most recent interest payment date, may declare the bonds due and payable immediately.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

b) Business-Type Activities (Continued)

iv) On November 12, 2020, The City issued the Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond Series 2020 for \$13,606,000 to finance the acquisition of certain improvements to the City's water and sewer system previously financed with proceeds of State Revolving Fund (SRF) loans. This is a private-placement bond with Truist Bank being the sole bondholder. Issuance of this bond paid off all outstanding SRF loans. The Series 2020 Bond was issued at a rate of 1.21% with a maturity date that matched the farthest maturity date of the outstanding SRF loans of March 15, 2031. The issuance of the Series 2020 bond resulted in an economic gain of \$761,931. The bond is secured on a parity lien basis with the Parity Bonds. It is secured with pledged revenues which are net revenue of the water and sewer utility system.

2. Notes Payable

a) Governmental Activities

Direct Borrowing

On April 22, 2020, The City entered into a loan agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) through the Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program for the construction of the Dr. Joe Lee Smith Community Center in the amount of \$894,000. This loan is a variable interest rate loan that was originally calculated as 20 basis points above the three month LIBOR rate two days prior to the payment due date. On May 1, 2021, HUD transitioned to a new variable interest rate based on 35 basis points above the 3-month T-Bill rate. The loan holds a conversion date clause in which the loan may be converted to a fixed rate loan. As the interest rate is variable and future interest rates are unknown, the amortization schedule as of September 30, 2024 is an estimated amount based on the 3-month T-Bill rate. Due to rising interest rates, the amortization schedule was amended in fiscal year 2023 to reflect current interest rate trends.

The loan guarantee provision of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program provides communities with a source of financing for economic development, housing rehabilitation, public facilities, and large-scale development projects. Local governments borrowing funds guaranteed by Section 108 loans must pledge their current and future CDBG allocations as security for the loan.

The outstanding principal amount of the loan at September 30, 2024 is as follows:

						Balance at
	Issue Date	Due Serially to	Interest Rate	Issue	Sept	ember 30, 2024
Section 108 Loan	4/22/20	8/1/39	0.451%	\$ 894,000	\$	410,000

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

a) Governmental Activities (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Section 108 Loan are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	F	Principal		Interest	Total Debt Service		
2025	\$	45,000	\$	21,092	\$	66,092	
2026		45,000		20,325		65,325	
2027		45,000		17,954		62,954	
2028		45,000		15,639		60,639	
2029		45,000		13,324		58,324	
2030-2034		185,000		31,674		216,674	
Total	\$	410,000	\$	120,008	\$	530,008	

3. Leases Payable

a) Governmental Activities

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into a 109 month lease as Lessee for the use of CVP/CRA Post Office Lease. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$590,419. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$414,185, and the value of the short-term lease liability is \$62,210. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$5,943. The lease has an interest rate of 0.4753%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$590,419 with accumulated amortization of \$195,001. The City has 1 extension option for 60 months.

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into a 49 month lease as Lessee for the use of Sissine Copier - Dyal. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,665. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$2,443, and the value of the short-term lease liability is \$2,093. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$175. The lease has an interest rate of 0.4753%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$8,665 with accumulated amortization of \$6,268.

On October 1, 2021, the City entered into a 49 month lease as Lessee for the use of Sissine Copiers. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$204,658. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$57,690, and the value of the short-term lease liability is \$49,429. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,133. The lease has an interest rate of 0.4753%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$204,658 with accumulated amortization of \$148,045.

On June 30, 2024, the City entered into a 60 month lease as Lessee for the use of Pitney Bowes. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$23,445. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$22,343, and the value of the short-term lease liability is \$4,475. The City is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$1,255. The lease has an interest rate of 2.6360%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024of \$23,445 with accumulated amortization of \$1,185.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

a) Governmental Activities (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Governmental Activities - Leases are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest	Total Debt Service		
2025	\$	118,207	\$ 2,552	\$	120,760	
2026		77,637	1,964		79,601	
2027		71,438	1,525		72,964	
2028		73,924	1,078		75,002	
2029		75,231	615		75,847	
2030 - 2032		80,224	223		80,446	
Total	\$	496,661	\$ 7,957	\$	504,620	

b) Business-Type Activities

On August 1, 2022, the City entered into a 120 month lease as Lessee for the use of Duke Generator. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,764,975. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$3,032,551, and the value of the short-term liability is \$349,582. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$36,140. The lease has an interest rate of 2.9270%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$3,764,976 with accumulated amortization of \$815,745 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Business Activities- Leases are as follows:

Year Ending						Total		
September 30,	ember 30, Principal			Interest		Debt Service		
2025	\$	349,582	\$	84,098	\$	433,680		
2026	*	359,953	•	73,727	*	433,680		
2027		370,631		63,049		433,680		
2028		381,626		52,054		433,680		
2029		392,948		40,732		433,680		
2030 - 2032		1,177,811		50,949		1,228,760		
Total	\$	3,032,551	\$	364,609	\$	3,397,160		

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

4. Subscriptions Payable

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

a) Governmental Activities

On October 1, 2022, the City entered into an 84 month subscription for the use of ClearGov - Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$84,875. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$62,175, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$10,898. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$12,500. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1790%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$84,875 with accumulated amortization of \$24,250. Cocoa, FL has 5 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On October 1, 2022, The City entered into a 13 month subscription for the use of ESRI (SGEA) - Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$27,428. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$0, and the value of the short-term subscription is \$0. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$27,500. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1440%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$27,428 with accumulated amortization of \$27,428.

On December 1, 2022, The City entered into a 22 month subscription for the use of Socrata (Tyler) Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$20,684. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$0, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$0. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$10,500. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1070%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$23,002 with accumulated amortization of \$23,002. Cocoa, FL has 1 extension option for 12 months.

On December 10, 2022, The City entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of NEOGOV - Software Solutions. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$61,057. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$23,230, and the value of the short-term liability is \$23,230. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$16,431. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2380%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$63,757 with accumulated amortization of \$38,431.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

a) Governmental Activities (Continued)

On October 1, 2022, The City entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Vector Target Solutions Fire. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,492. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,830, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$2,830. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$2,918. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1210%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$8,492 with accumulated amortization of \$5,661. Cocoa, FL has 1 extension option for 12 months.

On October 1, 2022, The City entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Vector Target Solutions. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$86,052. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$28,934, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$28,934. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$29,837. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1210%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$86,052 with accumulated amortization of \$57,368. The City has 1 extension option for 12 months.

On October 1, 2022, the City entered into a 40 month subscription for the use of Kronos Telestaff Fire. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$29,597. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$12,622, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$8,852. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$760. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1210%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$39,597 with accumulated amortization of \$23,407. The City has 2 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On October 1, 2022, the City entered into a 41 month subscription for the use of Brazos (Tyler). An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$33,094. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$11,171, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$11,171. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$11,520. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1210%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$33,094 with accumulated amortization of \$19,372.

On October 1, 2022, the City entered into a 48 month subscription for the use of Verteks. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$101,192. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$52,044, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$25,614. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,240. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1350%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$101,192 with accumulated amortization of \$50,596. The City has 1 extension option for 24 months.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

a) Governmental Activities (Continued)

On June 30, 2023, the City entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Debtbook. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$7,954. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,875, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$2,875. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$2,489. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.3100%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$7,954 with accumulated amortization of \$3,413.

On October 1, 2022, the City entered into a 33 month subscription for the use of Samsara - S-843256 (229). An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$73,541. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$22,319, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$22,319. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,265. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2067%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$73,541 with accumulated amortization of \$52,065.

On October 1, 2022, the City entered into a 33 month subscription for the use of Samsara - S-1159677 (30). An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$9,634. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,924, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$2,924. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$297. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2067%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$9,634 with accumulated amortization of \$6,821.

On March 31, 2023, the City entered into a 28 month subscription for the use of Samsara - S-1487131 (26). An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$6,690. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,284, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$2,284. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$257. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2067%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$6,690 with accumulated amortization of \$4,324.

On December 1, 2023, the City entered into a 34 month subscription for the use of Brightly Asset Essentials Enterprise. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$59,389. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$47,650, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$22,830. The City is required to make annual fixed payment of \$11,739. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.5910%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$59,389 with accumulated amortization of \$17,467.

On October 1,2023, The City entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Esri SGEA. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$82,035. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$53,882, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$26,465. The City is required to make annual fixed payment of \$28,400. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.5910%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$82,035 with accumulated amortization of \$26,606.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

a) Governmental Activities (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Governmental Activities - Subscription Payable are as follows:

Year Ending						Total	
September 30,	<u></u>	Principal		Interest	Debt Service		
2025	\$	191,227	\$	9,433	\$	200,660	
2026		94,066		3,986		98,053	
2027		12,399		1,260		13,659	
2028		13,203		866		14,069	
2029		14,044		446		14,491	
Total	\$	324,940	\$	15,991	\$	340,932	

b) Business Type Activities

On October 1, 2022, the City entered into a 48 month subscription for the use of Accruent CMMS Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$51,123. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$26,841, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$12,933. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$12,768. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2687%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$51,123 with accumulated amortization of \$25,562.

On October 1, 2022, the City entered into a 13 month subscription for the use of ESRI ARCGIS - Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$49,869. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$0, and the value of the short-term liability is \$0. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$50,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.1440%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$49,869 with accumulated amortization of \$49,869.

On June 30, 2023, the City entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Debtbook. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$27,195. As of 09/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$9,831, and the value of the short-term liability is \$9,831. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$8,511. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.3100%. The value of the right to use asset as of 09/30/2024 of \$27,195 with accumulated amortization of \$11,670.

On October 1, 2022, The City entered into a 33 month subscription for the use of Samsara - S-843256 (229). An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$97,485. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$29,585, and the value of the short-term liability is \$29,585. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,002. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2067%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$97,485 with accumulated amortization of \$69,016.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

b) Business Type Activities (Continued)

On October 1, 2022, The City entered into a 33 month subscription for the use of Samsara - S-1159677 (30). An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$12,771. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$3,876, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$3,876. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$393. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2067%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$12,771 with accumulated amortization of \$9,041.

On March 31, 2023, The City entered into a 28 month subscription for the use of Samsara - S-1487131 (26). An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,867. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$3,027, and the value of the short-term liability is \$3,027. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$341. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2067%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$8,867 with accumulated amortization of \$5,732.

On October 1, 2023, The City entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Esri ARCGIS. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$163,781. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$107,572, and the value of the short-term liability is \$52,837. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$56,700. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.5910%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2024 of \$163,782 with accumulated amortization of \$53,118.

Annual debt service to maturity for Business Activities - Subscription Payable are as follows:

Year Ending						Total	
September 30,	<u> </u>	Principal		Interest	Debt Service		
2025	\$	112,090	\$	5,502	\$	117,592	
2026		68,642		2,420		71,062	
Total	\$	180,732	\$	7,922	\$	188,654	

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

5. Pledged Revenue

The following is a summary schedule of the City's long-term obligations, including their impact on those present and future pledged revenue sources:

	Debt Service Paid	Principal Outstanding	Interest Outstanding	Years Remaining
Business-Type Activities: Revenue Bonds:				
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2018B original issuance amount of \$37,540,000, due \$710,000 to \$2,270,000 annually in 2019 through 2048; interest at 3-5% (plus bond premium of \$3,473,561)	765,000	36,798,561	23,933,500	24
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2018C original issuance amount of \$20,835,000, due \$980,000 to \$2,050,000 annually in 2027 through 2040; interest at 4-5% (plus bond premium of \$1,853,370)		22,688,370	11,245,138	17
Direct Placement Bonds:				
Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A-2 original issuance amount of \$21,805,000, due \$1,175,000 to \$3,645,000 annually in 2022 through 2031; interest at 3.63% (issued at par value)	3,340,000	13,170,000	1,492,839	7
Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, original issuance amount of \$13,606,000, due \$868,000 to \$2,114,000 annually in 2022 through 2031; interest at 1.21%; (issued at par)	1,837,000	5,756,000	215,617	8
Total Business-Type Activities	5,942,000	78,412,931	36,887,094	
Less: Premium / (Discount)		\$ 5,326,931		
Total Principal Outstanding Less Premium / (Discount)		\$ 73,086,000		
Water & Sewer System Pledged Revenue Calculation				
Operating Revenues Add: Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets Add: Investment Income Less: Impact Fees	\$ 82,679,561 83,548 6,068,363 (3,843,176)			
Total Applicable Revenues Less: Operating Expenses Plus: Depreciation/Amortization General Fund Admin Fee Net Revenue	84,988,296 (57,734,912) 13,310,835 7,969,848 48,534,067			
Pledged Impact Fees	3,843,176			
Net Revenue Plus Pledged Impact Fees	\$ 52,377,243			

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City adopted a self-insurance program for workers' compensation, effective January 1, 1990. The City is self-insured during each one-year liability period for the first \$600,000 of each workers' compensation claim and for any losses incurred exceeding \$25,000,000 per incident. For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City had an estimated \$1,676,575 in claims expense and \$284,533 in administrative costs recorded in the self-insurance fund. At September 30, 2024, the actuarially determined net loss reserve for all fund years is \$2,106,000 (undiscounted). On a discounted basis (discounted at 3.0%), the actuarial net loss reserve is \$2,022,000. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues.* To estimate this liability, the incurred but not reported factors are applied to trended claims history. Due to Workers' Compensation settled claims exceeding budget in FY 2024, a budget amendment from reserves was required. Settled claims did not exceed coverage in FY 2024.

Changes in the estimated accrued claims payable for the insurance funds in fiscal years 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	2024		2023
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 1,962,000	\$	2,076,000
Current year claims and changes in estimate	1,736,575		1,226,499
Claims payments	(1,676,575)		(1,340,499)
	 <u> </u>		
Balance at end of fiscal year	2,022,000		1,962,000
Less: amount due within one year	(1,287,000)		(1,074,000)
	 <u> </u>		
Noncurrent portion	\$ 735,000	\$	888,000
		_	

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during fiscal year 2024.

NOTE 9 - MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The City provides water for the U.S. Government to the U.S. Air Force, NASA, and two locations at Patrick Space Force Base. As all of those utility accounts are all received from the U.S. Government, the City's Water and Sewer System Fund considers the U.S. Government as its one major customer. Sales to this customer aggregated \$3,858,795. At September 30, 2024, the amount due from this customer included in accounts receivable is \$473,021.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City has several retirement systems, of which some are administered by the City and others are administered by the Florida Retirement System. The chart below summarizes the key information for each plan. Details of each plan are explained in separate sections throughout this footnote.

	F	FRS/HIS	Fire	General	Police	Total
Deferred Outflow	\$	5,221,434	\$ 1,410,581	\$ 	\$ 1,497,173	\$ 8,129,188
Deferred Inflow		(3,559,813)	(478,805)	(491,895)	(1,427,617)	(5,958,130)
Net Pension Liability	(21,321,270)	(8,303,182)	(33,207)	(4,237,723)	(33,895,382)
Pension Expense	\$	98,178	\$ (86,294)	\$ (231,530)	\$ 537,797	\$ 318,151

The Florida Retirement System and the Health Insurance Subsidy are benefits under the Florida Retirement System plan and so, the two are combined in the chart above.

A. Florida Retirement Systems

Defined Benefit Plans

The City participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Florida Retirement System ("FRS") Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS") Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years of compensation earned during the covered employement. Earnings

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement Systems (Continued)

for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of compensation earned during covered employment. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. Retirement benefit is calculated by multipling the years of creditable service times the percentage value times the average final compensation. The percentage value is the value that received for each year of your creditable service based upon the employee's membership class for that period.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$7.50. The minimum payment is \$45 and the maximum payment is \$225 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3% of their salary to the FRS Pension Plan. The employer's contribution rates as of September 30, 2024, were as follows:

	<u>FRS</u>	<u>HIS</u>
Regular Class	1 3.63 %	2.00%
Special Risk Class	32.79%	2.00%
Senior Management Service Class	34.52%	2.00%
Elected Officials	58.68%	2.00%
DROP from FRS	21.13%	2.00%

The employer's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$1,972,844 to the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Defined Contribution Investment Plan and \$341,701 to the HIS Program.

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

In its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2024, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the FRS Pension Plan and its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the HIS Program. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2024. The City's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on its share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	FRS			HIS
Net pension liability	\$	14,130,126	\$	7,191,141
Proportion at:				
Current measurement date		0.0037%		0.0048%
Prior measurement date		0.0041%		0.0052%
Pension expense	\$	2,217,365	\$	350,249

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement Systems (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2024, the City has reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS				HIS		
	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
	0	outflows	Inflows	(Outflows		Inflows
	of R	Resources	of Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	*	1,427,522	\$ -	\$	69,435	\$	(13,808)
Changes of assumptions		1,936,663	-		127,266		(851,339)
Net difference between projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments		-	(939,162)		-		(2,601)
Changes in proportion and differences between							
City pension plan contributions and							,
proportionate share of contributions		631,877	(1,158,366)		461,397		(594,535)
Employer contributions subsequent to the		475 740			04 557		
measurement date		475,716			91,557		<u> </u>
Totals	\$ 4	4,471,778	\$ (2,097,528)	\$	749,655	\$	(1,462,283)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2025. Other pension-related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 FRS	 HIS
2025	\$ (178,649)	\$ (85,776)
2026	2,289,554	(130,146)
2027	(3,800)	(186,833)
2028	(255,853)	(177, 192)
2029	47,282	(171,674)
Thereafter	 	 (52,563)
Totals	\$ 1,898,534	\$ (804,184)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement Systems (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total pension liability for the FRS and HIS Pension Plans was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2024. The individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used for each plan, along with the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.50%	3.50%
Investment rate of return	6.70%	N/A
Discount rate	6.70%	3.93%

Mortality assumptions for both the FRS Pension Plan and the HIS Program were based off the PUB-2010 base table projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

The following changes in key actuarial assumptions occurred in 2024:

FRS: Increases in male retiree life expectancy, increases in the individual member salary increase assumption for Regular and Special Risk members at most service levels, and increases in the likelihood of DROP entry for K-12 School Instructional personnel in Regular Class.

HIS: Discount rate increased to 3.93%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the consulting actuary's assumptions based on the long-term target asset allocation:

Return	Return
3.3%	3.3%
5.7%	5.6%
8.6%	7.0%
8.1%	6.8%
12.4%	8.8%
6.5%	6.2%
<u> </u>	
	3.3% 5.7% 8.6% 8.1% 12.4%

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement Systems (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 6.70%. The FRS Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, a municipal bond rate of 3.93% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1% higher or 1% lower than the current discount rate:

		FRS			HIS	
	_	Current	_		Current	
		Discount			Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	5.70%	6.70%	7.70%	2.93%	3.93%	4.93%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 24,854,397	\$ 14,130,126	\$ 5,146,274	\$ 8,186,190	\$ 7,191,141	\$ 6,365,090

Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the State's separately issued financial reports.

Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative retirement plan available to members of the FRS in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class.

B. City-Provided - Defined Benefit Plans

The City maintains three separate single-employer defined benefit pension plans for firefighters, police officers and the General Employee Retirement System (GERS) those full-time City employees who did not elect to be in the Florida Retirement System as of March 1, 2009. The

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

defined benefit pension plans are accounted for as pension trust funds and reported herein as part of the City's reporting entity. Each plan is administered through its own Board of Trustees.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Investments are reported at fair value.

Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

The City recognized as revenues and expenditures-on-behalf-of payments relating to pension contributions for its public safety employees that the State of Florida paid to the Police Officers and Firefighters retirement plans in the amounts of \$277,059 and \$238,090, respectively. These contributions are funded by an excise tax upon certain casualty insurance companies on their gross receipts of premiums from policyholders.

Funding Policy – The City uses the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method ("EANACM") for the General Employees Retirement Plan, the Firefighters Retirement Plan and the Police Officers Retirement Plan to determine required contributions under its retirement systems because it provides for the systematic funding of the normal cost and any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. This is an acceptable method to the State of Florida. These liabilities are being funded over a 20-year period for the General Employees Retirement Plan, Police Officers Retirement Plan and Firefighters Retirement Plan.

The State of Florida has established guidelines for state and local pension plan funding and requires submission to and approval of the local government's actuarial reports by a State Bureau, at least every third year. The City's pension plans, by policy, require the following:

- 1. Annual actuarial reports as of October 1 of each year to determine the next year's required contributions.
- 2. Employee contributions at 6.5% of compensation for the Police Officers Retirement Plan and the Firefighters Retirement Plan. As of October 1, 2020, there are no required employee contributions for the General Pension plan as there are no active employees.
- 3. Employer contributions in accordance with the actuarially determined requirement using the EANACM for the General Employees Retirement Plan, the Firefighters Retirement Plan, and the Police Officers Retirement Plan.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Description		
Firefighters'	General Employees'	Police Officers'
Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan
Plan Administration	Plan Administration	Plan Administration
The Plan is administered by a	The Plan is administered by a	The Plan is administered by a
Board of Trustees comprised	Board of Trustees comprised	Board of Trustees comprised
of:	of:	of:
a) Two City Council	a) Two Council appointees	a) Two City Council
appointees,	(City residents), and	appointees,
b) Two Members of the	b) Three Plan Members	b) Two Members of the
System elected by a majority	elected by the Membership.	System elected by a
of the other covered		majority of the other
Firefighters, and		covered Police Officers, and
c) A fifth Member elected by		c) A fifth Member elected by
the other 4 and appointed by		the other 4 and appointed by
Council.		Council.

Plan membership as of October 1, 2022	Firefighters' Pension Plan	General Employees' Pension Plan	Police Officers' Pension Plan
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries	46	34	59
Currently Receiving Benefits			
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but			
Not Yet Receiving Benefits	14	-	16
Active Plan Members	34		54
Total Plan Members	94	34	129

Benefits Provided

All three plans provide retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Firefighters' Pension Plan:

Normal Retirement:

Date: Employees hired after November 8, 2015: Earlier of age 55 with 10 years of service or the completion of 25 years of Credited Service. Employees hired January 1, 1999 to November 8, 2015: Earlier of age 52 and 10 years of Credited Service or the completion of 25 years of Credited Service. Employees hired prior to January 1, 1999: Earlier of age 52 or the completion of 25 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: 3% of Average Monthly Earnings (AME) times Years of Credited Service.

Form of Benefit: Ten year certain and Life Annuity (options available)

Early Retirement:

Date: Age 50 and 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: Accrued benefit, reduced 3% per year.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Delayed Retirement:

Allowable beyond age 70, with consent of the Board. Benefit continues to accrue.

Cost of Living Adjustment for Retirees:

Up to 3% per year beginning at age 65.

Vesting (Termination of Employment):

Less than 10 years of Service: Refund of Member Contributions, with interest.

10 years or more: Accrued pension payable at Normal Retirement, or, on a reduced basis at Early Retirement, or refund of contributions with interest.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent; not able to perform any useful duties or service for Fire Department. Board can require periodic re-examination.

Waiting Period Service Connected: At expiration of sick pay and accrued vacation pay.

Waiting Period Non-Service Connected: 6 months from date of disability.

Exclusions: Disability resulting from use of drugs, illegal participation in riots, service in the military, etc.

Benefit: Service Connected: Accrued benefit (at the 3% benefit rate) with a minimum of 42% of AME. If the disability occurred during an active shooter event, the benefit shall equal the member's accrued benefit (at a 2% benefit rate) with a minimum of 60% of AME.

Benefit: Non-Service Connected: 25% of pay on date of disability.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Vested Line-of-Duty: Accrued Benefit (at the 3.0% benefit rate) with a minimum of 42% of AME, payable for the life of the spouse. If the death occurred during an active shooter event, the benefit shall equal the member's accrued benefit (at the 3% benefit rate) with a minimum of 60% of AME.

Not In-Line of Duty: Vested: Accrued benefit (using a 2% benefit multiplier rate) payable to the beneficiary for 120 months at the Normal Retirement Date (unreduced), Early Retirement Date (reduced as for Early Retirement), or immediately (actuarially reduced for commencement prior to the Early Retirement Date).

Non-Vested: Refund of contributions plus 4.5% interest.

General Employees' Pension Plan:

Normal Retirement:

Date: Age 50 and 25 years of Credited Service, or age 57 (age 57 and 10 years of service if hired after 3/31/94).

Benefit: 3% of Average Final Compensation times Credited Service.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Early Retirement:

Date: Age 55 and 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: Accrued benefit, reduced 1/15th for each of the first 5 years and 1/30th for each of the next 5 years prior to Normal Retirement.

Cost of Living Increases for Retirees:

3% per year beginning at age 65.

Vesting:

Less Than 10 Years: Refund of Member Contributions, with interest.

10 or More Years: Accrued pension payable at Normal Retirement, or refund of Member Contributions, with interest.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent; unable to perform any regular and continuous duties as a General Employee (as determined by the Board).

Benefit: Service Incurred: 50% of average pay for the 12 months preceding disability. Benefit: Non-Service Incurred: 25% of average pay for the 12 months preceding disability.

Duration: Benefit payable for life with 120 payments guaranteed or until recovery (as determined by the Board)

Benefit Offsets: If the Plan benefit plus Social Security and/or Workers' Compensation exceeds 100% of pay, Plan benefit is reduced so total is 100% of pay.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Vested or Eligible to Retire: Beneficiary receives accrued benefit for 10 years at the otherwise Normal (unreduced) or Early (reduced) Retirement Date, or refund of member contributions, with interest.

Not Vested or Eligible to Retire: Refund of member contributions, with interest.

Police Officers' Pension Plan:

Normal Retirement:

Date: Earlier of: 1) Age 50 and 10 years of Credited Service, or 2) 25 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

Benefit: 3% of AME times Years of Credited Service.

Vesting (Termination of Employment):

Less than 10 Years: Refund of member contributions, with interest.

10 Years or More: Accrued pension payable at age 50, or refund of member contributions with interest.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Cost of Living Adjustment:

Up to 3% per year beginning at age 65.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent; not able to perform useful and efficient service as a police officer. Board can require periodic re-examination. 10 years of service required for Non-Service Incurred benefits.

Exclusions: Disability resulting from use of drugs, illegal participation in riots, service in military, etc.

Benefit: Service Connected: Greater of 1) Accrued benefit, 2) 42% of AME, or 3) 50% of regular base pay on date of disability.

Benefit: Non-Service Connected: Accrued benefit.

Benefit Offsets: If the 50% or 25% of pay benefit plus all Primary and Family Social Security benefits and/or all regular or periodic payments under Workers' Compensation exceeds 100% of regular base pay on the date of disability, the Plan benefit will be reduced so that the sum of all such payments equal 100% of pay. (In no event will offset reduce benefits below 42% of AME for service connected, or 25% of AME for Non-Service Connected disability.)

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Vested or Eligible to Retire: Accrued benefits payable to beneficiary for 10 years, or in accordance with available options.

If Not Vested or Eligible for Early or Normal Retirement: Refund of contributions plus 4.5% interest.

Investment Policies:

The following was the Boards' adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2024:

	Target Allocation					
		General				
	Firefighters'	Employees'	Police Officers'			
Asset Class	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan			
Domestic Equity	-	35%	46%			
International Equity	10%	10%	8%			
Broad Market Fixed Income	-	30%	-			
Global Fixed Income	-	5%	-			
Real Estate	15%	10%	-			
Bonds	-	-	30%			
Convertibles	-	_	5%			
REITS	-	_	8%			
MLPs	-	_	-			
Large Cap Equity	40%	-	-			
Smid Cap Equity	20%	_	-			
Fixed Income	15%	-	-			
Alternative	-	10%	-			
Infrastructure		<u>-</u>	3%			
Total	100%	100%	100%			

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Concentrations:

The Plans did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5% or more of the Pension Plans' fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return:

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Firefighters', General Employees', and Police Officers' Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 17.47%, 17.48%, and 19.85%, respectively.

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deferred Retirement Option Program:

	Firefighters' Pension Plan	General Employees' Pension Plan	Police Officers' Pension Plan
Eligibility Participation Rate of Return	Satisfaction of Normal Retirement requirements. Not to exceed 60 months. DROP Entry prior to April 1, 2012: At Participant's election (may change semi-annually), either: a) Actual net rate of investment return (total return net of brokerage commissions, management fees, and transaction costs), credited each fiscal year quarter, or b) 7.99% fixed.	Satisfaction of Normal Retirement requirements. Not to exceed 60 months. Actual net rate of investment return (total return net of brokerage commissions, transaction costs, and management fees) based on Actuarial Value of plan assets.	Satisfaction of Normal Retirement requirements. Not to exceed 96 months. Actual net investment rate or fixed interest, at member's election.
	DROP Entry after March 31, 2012: At Participant's election (may change semi-annually), either: a) Actual net rate of investment return (total return net of brokerage commissions, management fees, and transaction costs), credited each fiscal year quarter, or b) Net rate of investment return, not less than 4%, not greater than 6.5%.		

Net Pension Liability of the City:

The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the City on September 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Firefighters' 'ension Plan	eral Employees' Pension Plan	olice Officers' ension Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 35,461,947 (27,158,765)	\$ 14,246,312 (14,213,105)	\$ 44,775,169 (40,537,446)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,303,182	\$ 33,207	\$ 4,237,723

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2023 updated to September 30, 2024 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation Salary Increases Discount Rate Investment Rate of Return	Firefighters' Pension Plan 3.00% service based 7.10% 7.10%	Gene Employ Pension 2.50° - 6.50° 6.50°	ees' Plan %	Police Officers' Pension Plan 2.50% service based 7.00% 7.00%
Firefighters' Pension Plan	General Employee Pension Pl	s'		Police Officers' Pension Plan
Mortality Rate Healthy Lives: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees and Retirees, set forward one year. Mortality Rate Disabled Lives: 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees	Mortality Rate Health Female: PubG.H-201 Median) for Healthy E Male: PubG.H-2010 f Median) for Healthy E Mortality Rate Disable PubG.H-2010 for Disa Retirees, set forward years.	0 (Below Employees. or (below Employees ed Lives: abled	PubS.H-2 for Employ year. PubS.H-2 Retirees, s Mortality F 80% Pub0 Retirees /	Rate Healthy Lives: 010 (Below Median) yees, set forward one 010 (Below for healthy set forward one year. Rate Disabled Lives: G.H-2010 for Disabled 20% PubS.H-2010 ed Retirees
The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated August 12, 2024.	Since this is a retiree normal assumptions applicable. According Actuarial Experience been performed.	are not yly, no formal	experience review the	recent actuarial e study used to e other significant ons was dated 0, 2024.

Changes to the actuary assumptions used for the September 30, 2024 valuation for the Firefighters' Pension Plan reflect a change in the discount rate from 7.15% to 7.10%, an increase in assumed salary increases for Members with less than 20 years of service; a reduction in the assumed retirement rates and increase in the assumed rate of withdrawl. Changes to assumptions used for the September 30, 2024 valuation for the Police Officers' Pension Plan reflect a change in the discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%, an increase in assumed salary increases for all years of service; a reduction in the assumed retirement rates and an increase in the assumed rates of withdrawal. Changes to assumptions used for the September 30, 2024 valuation for the General Pension Plan were to update the discount rate assumption from 6.60% to 6.50%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for all plans was determined using a daily municipal bond rate that was closest to, but not later than the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return									
	General									
Asset Class	Firefighters' Pension Plan	Employees' Pension Plan	Police Officers' Pension Plan							
B		7.500/	0.000/							
Domestic Equity	-	7.50%	8.20%							
International Equity	5.61%	8.50%	3.30%							
Broad Market Fixed Income	-	2.50%	-							
Global Fixed Income	-	3.50%	-							
Real Estate	5.26%	4.50%	5.50%							
Bonds	-	-	2.20%							
Convertibles	-	-	6.50%							
Infrastructure	-	-	6.50%							
Large Cap Equity	9.50%	-	-							
Smid Cap Equity	8.36%	-	-							
Fixed Income	0.87%	-	-							
Alternative	-	5.39%	-							

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Firefighters, General Employees, and Police Officers Pension Plan investments was 7.10%, 6.50%, and 7.00%, respectively.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the Member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Change in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)									
	T	otal Pension	Р	lan Fiduciary	Net Pension					
Firefighters' Pension Plan		Liability (a)	Ne	et Position (b)	Liability (a) - (b)					
Balances at September 30, 2023	\$	33,771,058	\$	23,484,201	10,286,857					
Changes for a Year:										
Service Cost		695,700		-	695,700					
Interest		2,382,197		-	2,382,197					
Differences between Expected and										
Actual Experience		97,914		-	97,914					
Changes of assumptions		813,739		-	813,739					
Changes of benefit terms		_		-	-					
Contributions - Employer		_		1,639,985	(1,639,985)					
Contributions - State		_		238,090	(238,090)					
Contributions - Employee		_		190,050	(190,050)					
Net Investment Income		_		4,004,105	(4,004,105)					
Benefit Payments, including Refunds					,					
of Employees Contributions		(2,298,661)		(2,298,661)	-					
Administrative Expense				(99,005)	99,005					
Net Changes		1,690,889		3,674,564	(1,983,675)					
Balances at September 30, 2024	\$	35,461,947	\$	27,158,765	8,303,182					

	Increase (Decrease)								
	T	Total Pension		n Fiduciary	-	let Pension pility/Asset (a)			
General Employees' Pension Plan		Liability (a)		Net Position (b)		- (b)			
Balances at September 30, 2023	\$	14,504,398	\$	13,099,455	\$	1,404,943			
Changes for a Year:									
Service Cost		-		-		-			
Interest		921,043		-		921,043			
Differences between expected and									
actual experience		(205,214)		-		(205,214)			
Changes of assumptions		124,489		-		124,489			
Contributions - Employer		· -		65,194		(65,194)			
Contributions - Employee		-		-		_			
Net Investment Income		-		2,210,497		(2,210,497)			
Benefit payments, including refunds				, ,		,			
of employees contributions		(1,098,404)		(1,098,404)		-			
Administrative expense		-		(63,637)		63,637			
·									
Net Changes	_	(258,086)		1,113,650		(1,371,736)			
Balances at September 30, 2024	\$	14,246,312	\$	14,213,105	\$	33,207			

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)									
Police Officers' Pension Plan		Total Pension		lan Fiduciary		et Pension				
		Liability (a)	N	et Position (b)	Liabi	lity/Asset (a) - (b)				
Balances at September 30, 2023 Changes for a Year:	\$	41,932,464	\$	34,609,647	\$	7,322,817				
Service Cost		624,501		_		624,501				
Interest		3,008,347		-		3,008,347				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Contributions - Employer Contributions - State Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income		(185,918) 1,487,627 15 - - 33,171		741,556 277,059 286,398 6,849,463		(185,918) 1,487,627 15 (741,556) (277,059) (253,227) (6,849,463)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employees contributions Administrative expense		(2,125,038)		(2,125,038) (101,639)		101,639				
Net Changes		2,842,705		5,927,799		(3,085,094)				
Balances at September 30, 2024	\$	44,775,169	\$	40,537,446	\$	4,237,723				

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease 8.10%	Current Discount Rate 7.10%	1	% Increase 6.10%
Firefighters' Pension Plan	\$ 12,863,536	\$ 8,303,182	\$	4,545,657
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1% Decrease 7.50%	Current Discount Rate 6.50%	1	% Increase 5.50%
General Employees' Pension Plan	\$ 1,399,599	\$ 33,207	\$	(1,125,714)
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1% Decrease 8.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1	% Increase 6.00%
oponion a rect challeng (react)	0.0070	 7.0070		0.0070
Police Officers' Pension Plan	\$ 10,179,607	\$ 4,237,723	\$	(626,522)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about pension plan Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued financial report for each pension plan.

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the pension expense recognized on the Firefighters', General Employees', and Police Officers' Pension Plans, was \$1,791,781, (\$166,338), and \$1,556,412, respectively.

On September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Firefighters' Pension Plan	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	382,304 1,028,277	\$ 379,918 22,515
pension plan investments Total Firefighters' Pension Plan		- 1,410,581	 76,372 478,805
General Employees' Pension Plan		1,110,001	110,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		<u>-</u>	 491,895
Total General Employees' Pension Plan			 491,895
Police Officers' Pension Plan			
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		505,421 991,752	123,946
pension plan investments			 1,303,671
Total Police Officers' Pension Plan		1,497,173	 1,427,617
Total deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$	2,907,754	\$ 2,398,317

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. City-Provided – Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Firefighters' Pension Plan		•		•		General Employees' Pension Plan		Police Officers' Pension Plan		
2025 2026	\$	392,833 1,209,733	\$	(143,773) 304,531	\$	570,900 1,341,365					
2020 2027 2028		(184,800) (485,990)		(376,227) (276,426)		(967,974)					
2029		(465,990)		(270,420)	-	(874,735)					
Total	\$	931,776	\$	(491,895)	\$	69,556					

C. Defined Contribution Plans

<u>Defined Contribution 401(a) Retirement Plan</u>

During July 1996, the City made available to all permanent, full-time personnel who were not certified firefighters or sworn police officers an opportunity to participate in a Defined Contribution 401(a) Retirement Plan. This Plan was established under the authority of, and governed by, the United States Internal Revenue Code, as amended; Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes; and ordinances as adopted by the City. The Plan is administered by the City through the Human Resources Department, with Mission Square serving as the trustee. The effective date of the City of Cocoa, Florida Defined Contribution Plan is July 1, 1996. Participation in the Plan was mandatory. Any individual who was a permanent, full-time employee of the City on or after July 1, 1996 but prior to March 1, 2009 (other than certified firefighters and sworn police officers) became a participant of the Plan on the date of their employment. Effective March 1, 2009, when the City began participation in FRS, the Plan was closed to new participants.

The Plan requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to 12% of each participant's compensation. Pursuant to the provisions of the Defined Contribution Plan, any amounts forfeited by employees as a result of termination prior to vesting shall be used to reduce contributions of the employer. During 2024, the Plan had no forfeitures. Employer contributions for 2024 totaled \$26,739. At September 30, 2024, the remaining forfeiture balance from previous years was \$-0-. The employee contributes 5% of their compensation. Employee contributions for 2024 totaled \$10,341. Employees may also make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Total voluntary contributions made by the employees in the amount of \$-0- are not matched by the employer. Contributions for highly compensated employees are in accordance with any employment agreements and are negotiated.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

D. Net Activity by Pension Plan

The pension trust funds' fiduciary net position activity as of September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Defined			General				
	Contribution		Firefighters'	Employees'		Police Officers'		
	Plans		Pension Plan	 Pension Plan	P	ension Plan		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments at fair value:	\$ -	\$	959,830	\$ 333,390	\$	528,054	\$	1,821,274
Equity funds	0.005.400		5,809,708	1,231,089		29,362,508		36,403,305
Blended mutual funds	2,025,189		-	- 004 444		C FO4 440		2,025,189
Fixed income funds	99,762		-	601,114		6,521,413		7,222,289
Mortgage-backed securities	-		44 450 000	2 052 220		420,004		45 040 404
Corporate stock	-		11,159,883	3,953,220		136,001		15,249,104
Corporate bonds	-		1,327,948	1,365,387		1,051,211		3,744,546
Foreign equity funds Government securities	_		1,596,853	2,248,069		-		3,844,922
Municipal Obligations	-		17,814	, ,				17,814
Pooled comingled equity			•					·
funds	-		2,724,105	2,661,903		-		5,386,008
US real estate investment								
fund	-		3,559,791	1,772,245		2,978,614		8,310,650
Accounts receivable	-		6,982	20,614		-		27,596
Interest receivable			25,054	 40,492		57,851		123,397
Total assets	2 124 051		27 107 069	14 227 522		40,635,652		04 176 004
Total assets	2,124,951	-	27,187,968	 14,227,523		40,035,052		84,176,094
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable			29,204	 14,418		98,206		141,828
Total liabilities			29,204	 14,418		98,206		141,828
NET POSITION								
Held in trust for pension								
benefits	\$ 2,124,951	\$	27,158,764	\$ 14,213,105	\$	40,537,446	\$	84,034,266

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

E. Change in Fiduciary Net Position by Pension Plan

The pension trust funds' change in fiduciary net position activity as of September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Defined				
	Contribution	Firefighters'	General	Police Officers'	
	Plans	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Total
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employee contributions	\$ 10,341	\$ 190,050	\$ -	\$ 286,398	\$ 486,789
Employer contributions	26,740	1,639,985	65,194	741,556	2,473,475
State contributions	_	238,090	-	277,059	515,149
Total contributions	37,081	2,068,125	65,194	1,305,013	3,475,413
Investment cornings					
Investment earnings: Net increase (decrease) in					
the fair value of investments	424,837	3,709,838	1,884,620	5,737,370	11,756,665
Interest and dividends	103,114	457,284	363,752	1,224,213	2,148,363
	527,951	4,167,122	2,248,372	6.961.583	13,905,028
Total investment earnings Less investment expense	7,586	163,017	37,875	112,120	320,598
•					
Net investment earnings	520,365	4,004,105	2,210,497	6,849,463	13,584,430
Total additions	557,446	6,072,230	2,275,691	8,154,476	17,059,843
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefit payments	816,600	2.298.661	1.098.404	2.125.038	6,338,703
Administrative expenses	, -	99,005	63,637	101,639	264,281
·					
Total deductions	816,600	2,397,666	1,162,041	2,226,677	6,602,984
Change in net position	(259,154)	3,674,564	1,113,650	5,927,799	10,456,859
Net position, beginning of year	2,384,104	23,484,201	13,099,455	34,609,647	73,577,407
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,124,950	\$ 27,158,765	\$ 14,213,105	\$ 40,537,446	\$ 84,034,266

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB"), for certain postemployment healthcare benefits provided by the City. The City has one OPEB plan for all employees. OPEB liability and expense is reflected in the Government-wide financial statements for governmental and proprietary activities.

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan") that provides medical insurance to its employees and their eligible dependents. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the City is required to provide eligible retirees (as defined in the City's pension plans) the opportunity to participate in this Plan at the same cost that is applicable to active employees.

Employees and their dependents may elect to remain in the Plan upon retirement up to age 65. After age 65, the City's insurance coverage becomes secondary to the retirees' Medicare insurance. The Plan has 160 retirees and spouses receiving benefits and has a total of 422 active participants and dependents.

Benefit provisions for the Plan were established by the City Council by Resolution on June 27, 1995 (amended as of July 22, 2008) and may only be amended by the City Council. The City has not established a trust or agency fund for the Plan. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for this Plan. All financial information related to the Plan is accounted for in the City's basic financial statements.

B. Funding Policy

The City is funding the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City pays insurance premiums for medical, dental and vision incurred by pre-Medicare retirees at rates of 100% for retirees hired prior to January 14, 1992 and 50% for retirees hired after January 14, 1992. Regardless of their date of hire, Department Directors and the Assistant City Manager receive 100% of the premium for life after ten years of employment with the City and having reached the age of 55. In all cases, retirees may purchase coverage for dependents at their expense. In addition to the explicit subsidies described above, there is an implied subsidy in the insurance premiums for all employees because the premium charged for retirees is the same as the premium charged for active employees, who are younger than retirees on average.

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City's contribution was \$1,409,881, which included both an estimate of the implied subsidy described above, and the explicit subsidy paid on behalf of eligible retirees. Contributions by the City for Plan members not eligible for an explicit subsidy totaled \$-0- for retirees and approximately \$300,915 for spouses for the year ended September 30, 2024.

C. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$22,062,248 was measured as of September 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2024.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continuous revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates about the future are formulated. Although the valuation results are based on values that the City's actuarial consultant believes are reasonable assumptions, the valuation results reflect a long-term perspective and, as such, are merely an estimate of what future costs may actually be. Deviations in any of several factors, such as future interest rates, medical cost inflation, Medicare coverage, and changes in marital status, could result in actual costs being less or greater than estimated.

In the September 30, 2024 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions used for the September 30, 2024 calculations included a 4.4% investment rate of return (including inflation of 2.5%) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.5% for FY 2023 followed by 6.25% for FY 2024 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend of 4.00%. The discount rate utilized was 4.63%. The mortality for all groups was updated to the tables used by the Florida Retirement System for its July 1, 2023 Valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

E. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Service Cost	\$ 539,984
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	977,207
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	
of the Total OPEB Liability	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(510,246)
Benefit payments	 (1,227,911)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	(220,966)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 22,283,214
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 22,062,248

Changes in assumptions were change in the discount rate from 4.40% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 4.63% for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024; per capita costs and premiums were updated based on information provided; healthcare cost trend was updated, and the acceptance rate for those eligible for a 50% subsidy was lowered from 65% to 50%.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

F. Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

		Discount Rate						
	•	Current	_					
		Discount						
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase					
	3.63%	4.63%	5.63%					
Total OPEB liability	\$ 24,421,987	\$ 22,062,248	\$ 20,039,339					

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate									
		Current								
	Healthcare Cost									
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase							
	4.50%	6.50%	5.50%							
Total OPEB liability	\$ 19,672,315	\$ 22,062,248	\$ 24,897,224							

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

OPEB expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 was (\$527,848). On September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB to be recognized in future OPEB expenses from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		0	Deferred Inflows f Resources
Changes in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,135,350 140,389	\$	11,421,641 2,521,936
Transactions after measurement date		1,289,587		
Totals	\$	3,565,326	\$	13,943,577

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Schedule for Future Years

The amount of \$1,289,587 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in fiscal year 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inlfows)
2025 2026	\$ (1,837,487) (1,637,307)
2020 2027 2028	(2,058,518) (1,850,827)
2029 Thereafter	(1,227,657) (3,056,042)
Total	\$ (11,667,838)

NOTE 12 - LITIGATION

Various other lawsuits in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the City. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of counsel for the City, the liabilities that may arise from such actions would not result in losses that would exceed the liability insurance limits in effect at the time the claim arose or otherwise materially affect the financial position of the City or results of operations.

NOTE 13 - COLLECTIVE BARGAINING UNIT

Substantially all of the City's non-management operations, maintenance and public safety employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements. The agreements with the employees covered by the Laborers' International Union of North America ("LIUNA"), the International Association of Firefighters (IAFF) and the Coastal Florida Police Benevolent Association (PBA) extend through September 30, 2027. The agreements covering police lieutenants (PBA) and fire district chiefs (Teamsters) extend through September 30, 2026.

NOTE 14 - FUTURE PRONOUNCEMENTS

- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences
 - The requirement of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The requirements for this Statement are effective for the City's fiscal year beginning October 1, 2024.
- GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures
 - The new disclosures will provide users with timely information regarding certain concentrations
 or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a
 government vulnerable to a substantial impact. GASB Statement 102 is effective for the City's
 fiscal year beginning October 1, 2024.
- GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements
 - The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability.
 - This Statement also addresses certain application issues. GASB Statement 102 is effective for the City's fiscal year beginning October 1, 2025.

•

- GASB Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets
 - The new disclosures will provide users of financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets in order to make informed decisions and assess accountability. Additionally, the disclosure requirements will improve consistency and comparability between governments. GASB Statement No. 104 is effective for the City's fiscal year beginning October 1, 2025.

The City is currently evaluating the effects that these statements will have on its 2025 and 2026 financial statements.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information - Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	F	Florida Retirer	men	t System (FR	S)					
		2024	_	2023		2022	2021		2020	
City's proportion of the collective net pension liability		0.0365%		0.0410%		0.0407%		0.0376%		0.3620%
City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	14,130,126	\$	16,341,183	\$	15,131,997	\$	2,838,374	\$	15,690,345
City's covered payroll	\$	20,779,931	\$	18,513,300	\$	18,513,300	\$	16,136,917	\$	16,151,468
City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		68.00%		88.27%		81.74%		17.59%		97.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.70%		82.38%		82.89%		96.40%		78.85%
		Health Insura 2024	nce	Subsidy (HIS 2023)	2022		2021		2020
City's proportion of the collective net pension liability		0.0479%		0.0519%		0.0503%		0.4520%		0.0460%
City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	7,191,141	\$	8,249,533	\$	5,331,330	\$	5,545,688	\$	5,618,912
City's covered payroll	\$	20,779,931	\$	18,513,300	\$	18,513,300	\$	16,136,917	\$	16,151,468
City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		34.61%		44.56%		28.80%		34.37%		34.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		4.80%		4.12%		4.81%		3.56%		3.00%

Note 1: The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in Note 4 of the Plan's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Note 2: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30, the measurement date.

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information - Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

 2019	2018		 2017		2016		2015
0.0351%		0.0339%	0.0329%		0.0385%		0.0309%
\$ 12,093,584	\$	10,208,790	\$ 9,723,144	\$	7,318,096	\$	3,984,745
15,476,496		14,746,847	12,997,287	\$	\$ 13,039,745		10,982,455
78.16%		69.23%	74.81%		56.12%		36.28%
82.61%		84.26%	83.89%		84.88%		92.00%
 2019		2018	 2017		2016		2015
 2019 0.0459%		2018 0.0449%	 2017 0.0428%		2016 0.0385%		2015 0.0383%
\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	
\$ 0.0459%	\$	0.0449%	\$ 0.0428%	\$	0.0385%	\$	0.0383%
\$ 0.0459% 5,144,901	\$	0.0449% 4,744,957	\$ 0.0428% 4,579,133	\$	0.0385% 4,490,228	\$	0.0383%

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	F	lorida Retiren	nen	t System (FRS	3)					
		2024		2023	_	2022	2021		2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,064,861	\$	1,952,399	\$	1,806,924	\$	1,507,060	\$	1,202,822
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,064,861)		(1,952,399)		(1,806,924)		(1,507,060)		(1,202,822)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	20,159,319	\$	19,361,571	\$	19,361,571	\$	16,569,111	\$	15,990,658
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.24%		10.08%		9.33%		9.10%		7.52%
	ı	Health Insura	nce	Subsidy (HIS)					
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Contractually required contribution	\$	404,575	\$	349,023	\$	317,509	\$	272,665	\$	265,189
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(404,575)		(349,023)		(317,509)		(272,665)		(265,189)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	20,159,319	\$	19,361,571	\$	19,361,571	\$	16,569,111	\$	15,990,658
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.01%		1.80%		1.64%		1.65%		1.66%

Note 1: Amounts are presented as of 9/30, the report date.

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	 2018	2017		2016		2015		
\$	1,135,700	\$ 981,272	\$	883,954	\$	823,709	\$	824,677	
	(1,135,700)	 (981,272)		(883,954)		(823,709)		(824,677)	
\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$		
\$	15,868,536	\$ 14,757,014	\$	13,532,920	\$	12,170,167	\$	10,982,455	
	7.16%	6.65%		6.54%		6.77%		7.51%	
	2019	 2018		2017		2016		2015	
\$	2019 262,384	\$ 2018 242,596	\$	2017 235,608	\$	2016 216,473	\$	2015 10,524	
\$	_	\$ 	\$	_	\$		\$		
\$	262,384	\$ 242,596	\$	235,608	\$	216,473	\$	10,524	
_	262,384	 242,596 (242,596)	_	235,608		216,473	\$ \$	10,524	

Firefighters' Pension Plan

rifeligiters relision riali		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability		2024	_	2023		2022		2021		2020
Service Cost	\$	695,700	\$	659,399	\$	654,506	\$	556,470	\$	550,549
Interest	Ψ	2,382,197	Ψ	2,345,469	Ψ	2,256,795	Ψ	2,275,166	Ψ.	2,223,242
Change in Excess State Money		, ,						-		-
Changes of Benefit Terms						-		31,623		-
Differences between Expected and Actual										
Experience		97,914		(111,819)		489,683		(916,111)		384,149
Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refund of Employee		813,739		-		-		1,253,913		(135,092)
Contributions		(2,298,661)		(2,532,716)		(1,798,626)		(2,280,287)		(1,675,774)
Contributions		(2,290,001)	_	(2,332,710)		(1,790,020)		(2,200,201)		(1,073,774)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,690,889		360,333		1,602,358		920,774		1,347,074
,		, ,		,		, ,		,		,- ,-
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		33,771,058		33,410,725		31,808,367		30,887,593		29,540,519
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)		35,461,947		33,771,058		33,410,725		31,808,367		30,887,593
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		4 000 005		4 004 040		4 500 455		4 507 750		4 547 000
Contributions - Employer Contributions - State		1,639,985		1,294,649		1,566,455		1,587,758		1,517,830
Contributions - State Contributions - Employee		238,090 190.050		196,813 159.137		142,337 159,517		124,461 143.812		112,427 140.965
Net Investment Income		4,004,105		1,638,268		(4,721,923)		5,932,181		1,605,655
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee	<u>.</u>	4,004,103		1,000,200		(4,721,323)		5,552,101		1,000,000
Contributions		(2,298,661)		(2,532,716)		(1,798,626)		(2,280,287)		(1,675,774)
Administrative Expense		(99,005)		(85,501)		(82,247)		(80,803)		(77,293)
·										
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		3,674,564		670,650		(4,734,487)		5,427,122		1,623,810
BI 51 : N / B // B / ·		00 404 004		00 040 554		07.540.000		00.400.040		00.407.400
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		23,484,201		22,813,551		27,548,038		22,120,916		20,497,106
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		27,158,765		23,484,201		22,813,551		27,548,038		22,120,916
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	8,303,182	\$	10,286,857	\$	10,597,174	\$	4,260,329	\$	8,766,677
Hot I choon Elability Enamy (a)	<u> </u>	0,000,102	Ψ	10,200,001	Ψ	10,007,171	=	1,200,020	Ψ	0,700,077
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of										
the Total Pension Liability		76.59%		69.54%		68.28%		86.61%		71.61%
·										
Covered Payroll	\$	2,924,317	\$	2,447,790	\$	2,454,101	\$	2,212,494	\$	2,168,687
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered										
Payroll		283.94%		420.25%		431.81%		192.56%		404.30%

Notes to the schedules:

⁽¹⁾ The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the September 30, 2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

2019	 2018	2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 485,600 2,188,638	\$ 517,114 2,105,795	\$ 497,902 1,964,536	\$ 437,785 1,793,566	\$ 428,719 1,712,414
18,691 (415,884) 949,138	556,795 (129,772)	786,130 -	494,099 1,122,630	(1,070,557) 7,133
 (1,771,291)	 (1,539,253)	 (1,464,836)	 (2,077,311)	 (1,309,918)
1,454,892	1,510,679	1,783,732	1,770,769	(232,209)
28,085,627	26,574,948	24,791,216	23,020,447	23,252,656
29,540,519	28,085,627	26,574,948	24,791,216	 23,020,447
1,351,865	1,279,709	1,306,976	1,391,074	1,442,906
105,146 143,125	109,866 142,644	130,749 146,845	115,233 152,199	128,299 140,228
472,802	2,019,990	1,977,411	1,340,094	(79,330)
2,002	2,010,000	1,011,111	1,010,001	(10,000)
(1,771,291)	(1,539,253)	(1,464,836)	(2,077,311)	(1,309,918)
(100,198)	 (88,571)	 (63,579)	 (84,495)	 (95,930)
201,449	1,924,385	2,033,566	836,794	226,255
20,295,657	18,371,272	16,337,706	15,500,912	15,274,657
20,497,106	20,295,657	18,371,272	16,337,706	 15,500,912
\$ 9,043,413	\$ 7,789,970	\$ 8,203,676	\$ 8,453,510	\$ 7,519,535
69.39%	72.26%	69.13%	65.90%	67.34%
\$ 2,201,921	\$ 2,194,527	\$ 2,259,154	\$ 2,341,531	\$ 2,257,178
410.71%	354.97%	363.13%	361.02%	333.14%

General	Employ	vees' P	Pension	Plan
---------	--------	---------	---------	------

Contral Employees 1 enteren 1 lan	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Total Pension Liability Service Cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,118
Interest	921,043	938,087	997,820	1,026,769	1,090,679
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	(205,214)	(7,228)	(770,285)	(137,270)	(649,539)
Changes of Assumptions	124,489		(110,283)	(137,270)	212,596
Benefit payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1.009.404)	(4 442 520)	(4.405.606)	(4 547 520)	(4.249.900)
Contributions	(1,098,404)) (1,112,538)	(1,125,606)	(1,517,538)	(1,218,899)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(258,086)	(53,170)	(898,071)	(628,039)	(555,045)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	14,504,398	14,557,568	15,455,639	16,083,678	16,638,723
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	14,246,312	14,504,398	14,557,568	15,455,639	16,083,678
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer	65,194	64,269	189,622	218,100	342,201
Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income	- 2,210,497	- 1,325,051	(2,349,671)	3,162,718	1,101 1,408,014
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee			,		
Contributions	(1,098,404)		(1,125,606)	(1,517,538)	(1,218,899)
Administrative Expense	(63,637)) (61,051)	(63,441)	(58,758)	(61,707)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,113,650	215,731	(3,349,096)	1,804,522	470,710
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	13,099,455	12,883,724	16,232,820	14,428,298	13,957,588
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	14,213,105	13,099,455	12,883,724	16,232,820	14,428,298
Net Pension Liability (Asset)- Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 33,207	\$ 1,404,943	\$ 1,673,844	\$ (777,181)	\$ 1,655,380
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of					22 - 121
the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	99.77%	90.31%	88.50%	105.03%	89.71%
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 22,014
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage					
of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7519.67%

Notes to the schedules:

⁽¹⁾ The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the September 30, 2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll. (2) As of 9/30/2021, there are no longer any active employees in the General Pension Plan.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 8,673 1,146,191 (449,972) 303,069	\$ 16,218 1,180,886 (353,443)	\$ 14,181 1,249,866 (810,338) 320,883	\$ 29,795 1,188,448 90,981 1,307,508	\$ 42,355 1,212,220 (148,809) 280,514
 (1,469,442)	 (1,194,075)	 (1,338,089)	(1,265,867)	(1,261,866)
(461,481)	(350,414)	(563,497)	1,350,865	124,414
17,100,204	17,450,618	18,014,115	16,663,250	16,538,836
16,638,723	 17,100,204	17,450,618	18,014,115	16,663,250
540,614 3,631	585,825 3,954	622,133 4,993	651,442 8,293	711,229 11,199
364,341	1,525,741	1,621,502	1,014,663	88,087
 (1,469,442) (69,029)	 (1,194,075) (65,202)	 (1,338,089) (58,842)	 (1,265,867) (58,000)	 (1,261,866) (63,707)
(629,885)	856,243	851,697	350,531	(515,058)
14,587,473	13,731,230	12,879,533	12,529,002	13,044,060
13,957,588	 14,587,473	13,731,230	12,879,533	12,529,002
\$ 2,681,135	\$ 2,512,731	\$ 3,719,388	\$ 5,134,582	\$ 4,134,248
83.89%	85.31%	78.69%	71.50%	75.19%
\$ 79,071	\$ 79,071	\$ 99,870	\$ 165,865	\$ 360,114
3390.79%	3177.82%	3724.23%	3095.64%	1148.04%

Police Officers' Pension Plan

Police Officers Perision Plan										
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$	624,501	\$	720,313	\$	718,347	\$	637,629	\$	676,591
Interest		3,008,347		2,850,148		2,692,421		2,668,887		2,580,719
Changes of Benefit Terms		15		, ,				, , , <u>-</u>		, , , <u>-</u>
Differences between Expected and Actual										
Experience		(185,918)		700,456		620,771		(838,548)		321,621
Changes of Assumptions		1,487,627				-		1,085,244		(375,217)
Contributions - Buy Back		33,171				_		- 1,000,211		(0.0,2)
Benefit Payments, Including Refund of		00,171								
Employee Contributions		(2,125,038)		(1,861,039)		(1,854,898)		(2,309,607)		(1,668,734)
Employee Contributions	_	(2,123,030)		(1,001,009)	_	(1,004,090)	_	(2,309,001)	_	(1,000,734)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		2,842,705		2,409,878		2,176,641		1,243,605		1,534,980
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		41,932,464		39,522,586		37,345,945		36,102,340		34,567,360
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)		44,775,169		41,932,464		39,522,586		37,345,945		36,102,340
Dien Fiduciem Not Besition										
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer		741,556		596,183		543,654		693,459		815,347
Contributions - Employer Contributions - State		277,059		245,613		207,445		188,475		185,915
				•						
Contributions - Employee		253,227		236,837		248,755		236,028		220,107
Contributions - Buy Back		33,171		0.000.700		(F COF FOC)		7 000 405		-
Net Investment Income		6,849,463		2,803,763		(5,685,506)		7,093,195		2,685,732
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		(0.40=000)		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(4.0=4.000)		(0.000.00=)		// aaa =a /\
Employee Contributions		(2,125,038)		(1,861,039)		(1,854,898)		(2,309,607)		(1,668,734)
Administrative Expense		(101,639)		(90,425)		(102,164)		(82,625)		(81,326)
Not Change in Dlag Fiducian, Not										
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net		E 007 700		4 000 000		(C C (O 74 4)		E 040 00E		0.457.044
Position		5,927,799		1,930,932		(6,642,714)		5,818,925		2,157,041
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		34,609,647		32,678,715		39,321,429		33,502,504		31,345,463
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		40,537,446		34,609,647		32,678,715		39,321,429		33,502,504
3 ()				, ,						, ,
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,237,723	\$	7,322,817	\$	6,843,871	\$	(1,975,484)	\$	2,599,836
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of										
the Total Pension Liability (Asset)		90.54%		82.54%		82.68%		105.29%		92.80%
Covered Payroll	\$	3,895,793	\$	3,643,650	\$	3,827,002	\$	3,631,200	\$	3,386,265
	<u> </u>	2,220,100	<u> </u>	2,2.0,000	=	5,527,502	=	5,551,255	=	5,555,255
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage										
of Covered Payroll		108.78%		200.97%		178.83%		-54.40%		76.78%
,										

Notes to the schedules:

⁽¹⁾ The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the September 30, 2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll. (2) For measurement date 9/30/21, the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.5% to 7.25% per year, net of investment related expense.

2019	 2018		2017		2016	2015
\$ 622,141 2,416,957	\$ 674,529 2,446,824 308,630	\$	635,256 2,321,762	\$	618,297 2,201,265	\$ 618,844 2,131,633 (997,832)
768,679 - -	(562,521) 854,009 -		153,793 - -		(374,962) 1,036,841 10,045	(513,866) - 6,362
 (1,688,734)	 (1,750,601)		(2,040,254)		(1,964,221)	 (1,414,928)
2,119,043	1,970,870	1,070,557		1,527,265		(169,787)
32,448,317	30,477,447		29,406,890		27,879,625	28,049,412
 34,567,360	32,448,317		30,477,447		29,406,890	 27,879,625
867,341	829,616		586,260		943,008	1,052,280
182,386	171,608		154,134		146,531	135,036
212,363	208,055		195,078		206,653	197,582
, <u>-</u>	, -		, <u>-</u>		10,045	6,362
1,488,348	1,849,653		2,676,958		2,337,754	(751,053)
(1,688,734)	(1,750,601)		(2,040,254)		(1,964,221)	(1,414,928)
 (95,675)	 (80,644)		(65,640)		(68,661)	 (70,689)
966,029	1,227,687		1,506,536		1,611,109	(845,410)
30,379,434	29,151,747		27,645,211		26,034,102	26,879,512
 31,345,463	 30,379,434		29,151,747		27,645,211	 26,034,102
\$ 3,221,897	\$ 2,068,883	\$	1,325,700	\$	1,761,679	\$ 1,845,523
90.68%	93.62%		95.65%		94.01%	93.38%
\$ 3,267,124	\$ 3,200,845	\$	3,001,194	\$	3,179,278	\$ 3,657,284
98.62%	64.64%		44.17%		55.41%	50.46%

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Other Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2024	 2023	2022	 2021	 2020
Firefighters' Pension Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 1,879,459	\$ 1,516,651	\$ 1,699,711	\$ 1,696,098	\$ 1,628,901
Determined Contributions	 (1,878,075)	 (1,491,462)	 (1,708,792)	 (1,712,219)	 (1,628,901)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,384	\$ 25,189	\$ (9,081)	\$ (16,121)	\$ <u> </u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 2,924,317	\$ 2,447,790	\$ 2,454,101	\$ 2,212,494	\$ 2,168,687
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	64.22%	60.93%	69.63%	77.39%	75.11%
General Employees' Pension Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 65,194 (65,194)	\$ 64,269 (64,269)	\$ 189,622 (189,622)	\$ 236,082 (218,100)	\$ 342,201 (342,201)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 17,982	\$
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 22,014
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1554.47%
Police Officers' Pension Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 1,047,189 (1,018,615)	\$ 791,765 (841,796)	\$ 765,400 (751,099)	\$ 868,583 (881,934)	\$ 958,990 (1,001,262)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 28,574	\$ (50,031)	\$ 14,301	\$ (13,351)	\$ (42,272)
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,895,793	\$ 3,643,650	\$ 3,827,002	\$ 3,631,200	\$ 3,386,265
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	26.15%	23.10%	19.63%	24.29%	29.57%

Notes to the schedules:

⁽²⁾ The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the September 30, 2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll. As of 9/30/21, there are no longer any active employees in the General Pension Plan.

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Other Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

 2019	2018		8 2017		2016		2016		2015		
\$ 1,457,011	\$	1,389,575	\$	1,437,725	\$	1,506,307	\$	1,571,205			
 (1,457,011)		(1,389,575)		(1,437,725)		(1,506,307)		(1,571,205)			
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$				
\$ 2,201,921	\$	2,194,527	\$	2,259,157	\$	2,341,531	\$	2,257,178			
66.17%		63.32%		63.64%		64.33%		69.61%			
\$ 522,632	\$	585,687	\$	622,133	\$	651,442	\$	711,229			
(540,614)		(585,825)		(622,133)		(651,442)		(711,229)			
\$ (17,982)	\$	(138)	\$		\$		\$				
\$ 79,071	\$	79,071	\$	99,870	\$	165,865	\$	360,114			
660.97%		740.71%		622.94%		392.75%		197.50%			
\$ 1,049,727	\$	1,001,224	\$	740,394	\$	1,089,539	\$	1,187,316			
(1,049,727)		(1,001,224)		(740,394)		(1,089,539)		(1,187,316)			
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$				
\$ 3,267,124	\$	3,200,845	\$	3,001,194	\$	3,179,278	\$	3,657,284			
32.13%		31.28%		24.67%		34.27%		32.46%			

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Other Pension Supplementary Information - Notes to Schedule

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: 10/01/2023

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Valuation Date: 10/01/2023 Mortality Healthy Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year.

Beneficiary Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees.

Male: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees set back one year.

Disabled Lives:

Female: 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010

for Disabled Retirees.

Male: 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010

for Disabled Retirees.

Interest Rate 7.15% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Retirement Age Earlier of age 52 or the completion of 25 years of Credited Service if hired prior

to 01/01/1999.

Earlier of age 52 with 10 years of service or the completion of 25 years of

Credited Service if hired between 01/01/1999 and 11/08/2015.

Earlier of age 55 with 10 years of service or the completion of 25 years of

Credited Service if hired after 11/08/2015.

Salary Increases 10.0% for 0 years of service, 5.0% for 1-9 years of service, 4.5% for 10-14 years

of service, 4.0% for 15 or more years of service.

Payroll Growth None.

Cost of Living Increase 3.0% per year beginning at age 65.
Funding Method Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method.

geometric average of Market Value Returns, net of fees. Over time, this may result in a de minimis bias that is above or below the Market Value of Assets.

Termination and Disability

Rate Table	% Terminating	% Becoming Disabled
Years of Service / Age	During the Year	During the Year
0-2 / 20	7.0%	0.18%
3+ / 30	0.0%	0.23%
N/A / 40	N/A	0.38%
N/A / 50	N/A	1.25%
N/A / 60+	N/A	2.61%

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Other Pension Supplementary Information - Notes to Schedule (Continued)

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

Valuation Date: 10/01/2023 Mortality Healthy Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees. Male: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Beneficiary Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees.

Male: PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Disabled Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees, set forward three years. Male: PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees, set forward three years.

Interest Rate Retirement Age 6.60% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. Age 50 and 25 years of Credited Service, or age 57 (age 57 and 10 years of

service if hired after 3/31/94).

Early Retirement Age 55 and 10 years of credited service.

Payroll Growth None.

Cost of Living Increase 3.0% per year beginning at age 65.

Funding Method Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. An interest load equal to 1 year has been applied for determination of required sponsor contributions.

Asset Valuation Method Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the

historical geometric 4-year average Market Value Returns, net of fees. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above

or below Market Value.

Termination and Disability

Rate Table

The Plan has no active members therefore termination and disability rates do

not apply.

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Other Pension Supplementary Information - Notes to Schedule (Continued)

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN

Valuation Date: 10/01/2023 Mortality Healthy Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year.

Beneficiary Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees. Male: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees.

Disabled Lives:

Female: 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% Pub S.H-2010

for Disabled Retirees.

Male: 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% Pub S.H-2010

for Disabled Retirees.

Interest Rate 7.25% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. Retirement Age Earlier of: 1) Age 50 with 10 years of Credited Service, or 2) 25 years of

Credited Service, regardless of age.

Salary Increases 6.5% for 0 years of service, 4.5% for 1 to 5 years of service, 4.0% for 6 or more

years of service.

Payroll Growth None.

Cost of Living Increase 3.0% per year beginning at age 65.
Funding Method Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method.

geometric average of Market Value Returns, net of fees. Over time, this may result in a de minimis bias that is above or below the Market Value of Assets.

Termination and Disability

Rate Table	% Terminating	% Becoming Disabled
Years of Service / Age	During the Year	During the Year
0-1 / 20	17.0%	0.14%
2 / 30	10.0%	0.18%
3-19 / 40	4.0%	0.30%
20+ / 50	0.0%	1.00%
N/A / 60+	N/A	2.09%



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City of Cocoa, Florida Required Other Pension Supplementary Information - Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return					
Net of Investment Expense					
Firefighters' Pension Plan	17.47%	7.36%	-17.24%	27.25%	7.89%
General Employees' Pension Plan	17.48%	10.67%	-14.82%	22.57%	10.26%
Police Officers' Pension Plan	19.85%	8.63%	-14.54%	21.38%	8.55%

City of Cocoa, Florida Required Other Pension Supplementary Information - Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
2.36%	11.12%	12.23%	9.03%	-0.19%
2.59%	11.42%	13.04%	8.39%	0.69%
4.93%	6.41%	9.83%	9.11%	-2.80%

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability							
Service Cost	\$ 539,984	\$ 1,214,837	\$ 1,116,296	\$ 1,156,667	\$ 858,707	\$ 950,505	\$ 1,007,663
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	977,207	746,056	785,136	1,089,009	1,279,470	1,197,534	1,092,025
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	56,557	(12,150)	-
Difference between expected and actual							
experience of the Total OPEB Liability	-	(2,103,403)	-	(1,838,517)	-	788,341	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(510,246)	(9,720,975)	838,504	(6,054,967)	5,055,380	(2,334,802)	(1,867,983)
Benefit payments	(1,227,911)	(1,409,881)	(1,290,637)	(1,377,173)	(1,331,321)	(1,281,410)	(1,090,399)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(220,966)	(11,273,366)	1,449,299	(7,024,981)	5,918,793	(691,982)	(858,694)
Total OPEB Liability (Beginning)	22,283,214	33,556,580	32,107,281	39,132,262	33,213,469	33,905,451	34,764,145
Total OPEB Liability (Ending)	\$ 22,062,248	\$ 22,283,214	\$ 33,556,580	\$ 32,107,281	\$ 39,132,262	\$ 33,213,469	\$ 33,905,451
Covered Employee Payroll at	* 00 000 500	A 00 507 500	# 00 004 500	* 40.470.704	* 00 750 004	4 04 500 400	A 04 000 700
Measurement Period	\$ 26,238,520	\$ 22,597,529	\$ 22,224,560	\$ 19,179,731	\$ 22,758,924	\$ 21,560,496	\$ 21,096,736
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of							
Covered Employee Payroll	84.08%	98.61%	150.99%	167.40%	171.94%	154.05%	160.71%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented during the Fiscal Year 2018. GASB 75 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is only presenting information for the years for which information is available.

The discount rate was changed from 2.19% as of October 1, 2021 to 4.4% as of September 30, 2022.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust for Other Post-Employment Benefits. The City utilizes a pay-as-you-go method of funding.

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	A 44 400 000	A 44 400 000	A 45 447 707	A 704.755
Taxes	\$ 14,423,032	\$ 14,423,032	\$ 15,147,787	
Special assessments	3,426,777	3,426,777	3,419,237	(7,540)
Licenses and permits	1,755,000	1,798,808	6,862,242	5,063,434
Intergovernmental	2,811,703	3,245,447	3,124,908	(120,539)
Charges for services	7,786,730	7,786,730	7,962,501	175,771
Fines and forfeitures	15,000	15,000	76,830	61,830
Interest earnings/(loss)	241,700	241,700	3,267,595	3,025,895
Miscellaneous	310,845	446,921	1,772,603	1,325,682
Total revenues	30,770,787	31,384,415	41,633,703	10,249,288
Expenditures:				
Category:				
City council:				
Personal services	123,266	62,668	40,327	22,341
Operating expenditures	59,642	31,466	10,430	21,036
	182,908	94,134	50,757	43,377
City manager:				
Personal services	563,478	245,600	137,203	108,397
Operating expenditures	21,900	10,624	2,203	8,421
	585,378	256,224	139,406	116,818
Information technology:				
Personal services	1,130,469	581,810	371,688	210,122
Operating expenditures	1,614,985	854,251	521,618	332,633
-1 3 1	2,745,454	1,436,061	893,306	542,755
Comprehensive planning:		-		
Personal services	179,920	204,933	200,633	4,300
Operating expenditures	250,000	369,432	270,221	99,211
	429,920	574,365	470,854	103,511
General accounting:				
Personal services	1,359,975	699,929	430,104	269,825
Operating expenditures	33,850	17,421	7,407	10,014
, , ,	1,393,825	717,350	437,511	279,839
Purchasing:	<u> </u>	•		
Personal services	322,021	165,732	111,613	54,119
Operating expenditures	14,113	7,264	3,039	4,225
, , ,	336,134	172,996	114,652	58,344
Utility accounting:		-		
Personal services	1,582,935	-	-	-
Operating expenditures	804,084	-	-	-
	2,387,019	-	-	-
General operations:				
Personal services	833,241	835,008	728,362	106,646
Operating expenditures	3,099,459	4,710,932	1,692,894	3,018,038
Grants and Other Aids	1,562,304	1,562,305	1,542,305	20,000
	5,495,004	7,108,245	3,963,561	3,144,684
Human resources:				
Personal services	799,068	411,251	266,403	144,848
Operating expenditures	36,747	18,913	3,835	15,078
operating emperiorities	835,815	430,164	270,238	159,926
City clerk:				
Personal services	270,958	129,499	87,818	41,681
Operating expenditures	25,714	23,188	11,413	11,775
operating experience	296,672	152,687	99,231	53,456
		102,001	00,201	00,700

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures:				
Category:				
Community services administration:				
Personal services	204,468	206,465	205,211	1,254
Operating expenditures	33,974	413,024	326,914	86,110
Grants and Other Aids		145,680	145,680	
	238,442	765,169	677,805	87,364
Communication grants:	100 001	400.004	440.000	4.000
Personal services	122,631	122,631	118,628	4,003
Operating expenditures	119,137 241,768	124,137 246,768	111,098 229,726	13,039 17,042
Fleet maintenance:	241,700	240,700	229,720	17,042
Personal services	672,076	347,196	234,933	112,263
Operating expenditures	238,227	130,853	76,296	54,557
Operating expenditures	910,303	478,049	311,229	166,820
Facility management:	910,303	470,043	311,223	100,020
Personal services	825,096	424,647	284,947	139,700
Operating expenditures	1,020,045	591,053	336,666	254,387
operating experiationes	1,845,141	1,015,700	621,613	394,087
Public works administration:	1,040,141	1,010,100	021,010	004,007
Personal services	276,657	276,657	258,440	18,217
Operating expenditures	25,420	15,420	14,136	1,284
-F3F	302,077	292,077	272,576	19,501
Capital projects management:				,
Personal services	188,907	188,907	93,180	95,727
Operating expenditures	87,592	149,142	49,365	99,777
, , ,	276,499	338,049	142,545	195,504
Total General Government	18,502,359	14,078,038	8.695.010	5,383,028
Police administration:				
Personal services	9,119,103	9,041,008	7,994,257	1,046,751
Operating expenditures	1,224,618	1,313,385	1,076,169	237,216
	10,343,721	10,354,393	9,070,426	1,283,967
Police communications:				<u> </u>
Personal services	1,690,592	1,695,592	1,413,346	282,246
Operating expenditures	198,257	139,087	42,964	96,123
	1,888,849	1,834,679	1,456,310	378,369
Police code enforcement:				
Personal services	410,095	410,095	370,810	39,285
Operating expenditures	81,116	80,012	71,227	8,785
	491,211	490,107	442,037	48,070
Emergency disaster:				
Personal services		164,786	164,782	4
Operating expenditures	233,737	234,146	188,749	45,397
	233,737	398,932	353,531	45,401
Fire department administration:				
Personal services	705,731	800,448	738,116	62,332
Operating expenditures	251,712	296,571	261,204	35,367
-	957,443	1,097,019	999,320	97,699
Fire department operations:	0.407.004	0.000.000	0.445.044	100.053
Personal services	6,187,031	6,269,800	6,145,944	123,856
Operating expenditures	1,115,619	1,175,923	958,695	217,228
T. (D. () O. ()	7,302,650	7,445,723	7,104,639	341,084
Total Public Safety	21,217,611	21,620,853	19,426,263	2,194,590

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures:				
Category:				
Leisure services:			400.050	40.000
Personal services	447,656	447,356	403,958	43,398
Operating expenditures	68,920	69,220	51,627	17,593
Dedector of the settle of the	516,576	516,576	455,585	60,991
Parks and beautification:	000 440	000 440	004.000	E4 E40
Personal services	986,449	986,449	934,903	51,546
Operating expenditures	762,464	776,876	694,220	82,656
T. (18)	1,748,913	1,763,325	1,629,123	134,202
Total Recreation	2,265,489	2,279,901	2,084,708	195,193
Economic development:				
Personal services	163,196	163,196	162,742	454
Operating expenditures	33,742	96,577	80,154	16,423
Aid to government agencies	12,500	12,500	-	12,500
Total Economic Development	209,438	272,273	242,896	29,377
Sanitation:				
Operating expenditures	3,381,436	3,381,436	3,340,476	40,960
Total Physical Environment	3,381,436	3,381,436	3,340,476	40,960
Transportation:	440.040	440.040	007.540	20.007
Personal services	419,916	419,916	387,549	32,367
Operating expenditures	745,568	857,383	638,833	218,550
Total Transportation	1,165,484	1,277,299	1,026,382	250,917
Capital Outlay	1,868,917	12,156,962	6,931,918	5,225,044
Debt Service:			, ,	
Principal	-	84,005	242,921	(158,916)
Interest	-	1,986	18,814	(16,828)
Total Debt Service		85,991	261,735	(175,744)
Total assesseditures	40 640 724	EE 1E0 7E0	42 000 200	12 142 265
Total expenditures	48,610,734	55,152,753	42,009,388	13,143,365
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(17,839,947)	(23,768,338)	(375,685)	23,392,653
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	17,876,633	12,740,461	11,794,780	(945,681)
Transfers out	(1,074,726)	(1,761,698)	(1,761,698)	-
Proceeds from sales of capital				
assets	-	525,000	1,921,495	1,396,495
Issuance of debt - SBITA	-	-	141,424	141,424
Issuance of debt - leases			23,445	23,445
Net other financing sources (uses)	16,801,907	11,503,763	12,119,446	615,683
Net change in fund balance	(1,038,040)	(12,264,575)	11,743,761	24,008,336
Fund balances, beginning of year	44,962,486	44,962,486	44,962,486	_ 1,000,000
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 43,924,446	\$ 32,697,911	\$ 56,706,247	\$ 24,008,336
		,,,		

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Cocoa Redevelopment Agency Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			· ·	
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,944,443	\$ 1,838,114	\$ 1,838,114	-
Interest earnings/(loss)	-	-	145,071	145,071
Miscellaneous			42,360	42,360
Total revenues	1,944,443	1,838,114	2,025,545	187,431
Expenditures:				
Economic development	252,022	218,009	167,936	50,073
Capital outlay	1,900,000	1,020,648	40,200	980,448
Principal	-	60,055	60,055	-
Interest		2,124	2,124	
Total expenditures	2,152,022	1,300,836	270,315	1,030,521
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(207,579)	537,278	1,755,230	1,217,952
Transfers in	-	35,859	35,859	_
Transfers out	(222,800)	(2,493,921)	(2,493,921)	<u> </u>
Other financing sources	(222,800)	(2,458,062)	(2,458,062)	
Net change in fund balance	(430,379)	(1,920,784)	(702,832)	1,217,952
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,941,172	2,941,172	2,941,172	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,510,793	\$ 1,020,388	\$ 2,238,340	1,217,952

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - American Rescue Plan Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 1,500,429	\$ 1,100,206	\$ (400,223)
Interest earnings/(loss)	<u>-</u>		23,399	23,399
Total revenues		1,500,429	1,123,605	(376,824)
Expenditures:				
General government	-	21,271	5,646	15,625
Economic development	-	50,000	-	50,000
Capital outlay		1,429,158	1,094,557	334,601
Total expenditures		1,500,429	1,100,203	400,226
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	23,402	23,402
Transfers out		(13,377)	(13,377)	
Other financing sources		(13,377)	(13,377)	
Net change in fund balance	-	(13,377)	10,025	23,402
Fund balances, beginning of year	13,482	13,482	13,482	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 13,482	\$ 105	\$ 23,507	\$ 23,402

CITY OF COCOA, FLORIDA

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2024

NOTE A - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to September 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The proposed budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Complete copies of the proposed budget are open for public inspection until the budget is finally adopted.
- The required number of public hearings pursuant to Florida Statute are held by the City Council in September.
- Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution, which indicates amounts appropriated. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department.
- The budgets for governmental funds are adopted on a basis that is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying budget and actual comparisons are as adopted, and subsequently amended, by the City Council.
- All appropriations which are not expended or accrued lapse at year end.
- The City's Charter establishes the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the general classification level. Resolution 2006-142, which amended the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Policies and Procedures now known as the Financial Operations Manual (Policy), defines "general classification" as the object level as defined by the State of Florida Uniform Accounting System Manual. Expenditures are monitored and adjusted by management in accordance with the City's policies and procedures. In addition, management may not amend the original budget without approval of the City Council. The City Council, by majority vote, may amend the budget at any time during the fiscal year during its regular meetings.

Final adopted budgeted expenditures exceeded budgeted revenues before Other Financing Sources in the General Fund, Loan Guarantee Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund pursuant to the legally adopted budgets.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES - NONMAJOR FUNDS

CITY OF COCOA, FLORIDA

Combining Individual Fund Statements and Schedules - Nonmajor Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Debt service funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources for large capital projects.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Community Development Block Grant – This fund is used to account for revenues received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). These monies are restricted specific projects approved by HUD under the terms of the agreement.

Brevard County Home Program – This fund is used to account for revenues received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) through an interlocal agreement with Brevard County to act as the Participating Jurisdiction (lead agency) in the Brevard Consortium agreement with HUD. These monies are restricted by statute to specific projects approved by HUD under the terms of the interlocal agreement with Brevard County.

Cocoa Housing Assistance Trust Fund - This fund is used to account for funds received for the State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP). The purpose of the program is to provide funds to local governments as an incentive for creating partnerships to produce and preserve affordable housing.

Loan Guarantee Fund - This fund is used to that record the debt service payments on a /U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development Section 108 HUD loan for \$894,000 that partially funded the Dr. Joe Lee Smith Community Center construction.

Opioid Settlement Fund - This fund is used to record the proceeds from the opioid settlement with manufacturers, distributors & dispensers of opioids that were sued by the state of Florida for their wrongful conduct in the opioid crisis to be paid out over 17 years beginning in 2023. Expenditures are to be used to abate the opioid crisis through substance use disorder treatment, prevention and recovery as well as mental health treatment.

Police Confiscated Fund - This fund is used to account for payments received from the state government through settled state police cases and expenditures for law enforcement activity per Florida Statute.

Police Special Education Fund - This fund is used to account for portions of revenues received from traffic fines. The purpose of the fund is to administer police special education programs.

Federal Forfeiture Fund - This fund is used to account for payments received from the federal government through settled federal police cases and expenditures for law enforcement activity per federal regulations.

Arbor Mitigation Fund - This fund is used to account for developer payment for tree removal and expenditures for tree replacements per City ordinance.

Building Permits Fund - This fund is used to account for building permit related revenue and expenditures in compliance with Florida Building Code.

DEBT SERVICE FUND - This fund is used to account for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - This fund is used to assist with reconciliation of large capital projects.

City of Cocoa, Florida Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2024

	Special Revenue							
		Community Development Block Grant		Brevard County Home Program		Cocoa Housing Assistance Trust		Loan Guarantee
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,164	\$	90,223	\$	391,915	\$	851
Restricted Cash		-		-		-		-
Investments		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments		179,609		132,064		-		<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	251,773	\$	222,287	\$	391,915	\$	851
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		89,999		54		-
Accrued payroll and								
related liabilities		969		263		772		-
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		329,912		-
Due to other governments Escrow deposits		-		-		-		-
Escrow deposits	-				_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		969		90,262		330,738		
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		250,804		132,025		61,177		851
Committed		-		-	_	-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		250,804		132,025	. <u> </u>	61,177		851
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	251,773	\$	222,287	\$	391,915	\$	851

				Special	Rev	enue			Debt Service
	Opioid Settlement		Police Confiscated	Police Special Education		Federal Forfeiture	 Arbor Mitigation	 Building Permits	Debt Service
\$	106	\$	53,398	\$ 34,999	\$	40,077	\$ 1,567,951	\$ 1,313,957	\$ 65,237
	103,608 - - -	<u></u>	- - -	 - - - 160		- - -	 - - -	 3,511 -	 602,572 - -
\$	103,714	\$	53,398	\$ 35,159	\$	40,077	\$ 1,567,951	\$ 1,317,468	\$ 667,809
	-		-	-		-	-	32,511	-
	-		-	-		-	-	15,500	-
	-		-	-		-	-	1	-
	- -		35,906	 - -		- -	 - -	 11,456	 - -
_	-	_	35,906	 	_	-	 -	 59,468	
	103,714	<u></u>	17,492 -	 35,159 -		40,077	 - 1,567,951	 1,258,000	 667,809 -
	103,714	. <u> </u>	17,492	 35,159		40,077	 1,567,951	 1,258,000	 667,809
\$	103,714	\$	53,398	\$ 35,159	\$	40,077	\$ 1,567,951	\$ 1,317,468	\$ 667,809

City of Cocoa, Florida Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2024

	Capital Projects	Total
	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted Cash Investments Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments	\$ - - - 2,352,787	\$ 3,630,878 103,608 602,572 3,511 2,664,620
Total assets	\$ 2,352,787	\$ 7,005,189
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Accrued interest Unearned revenue Due to other governments Escrow deposits Total liabilities	869,023 - - - - - 869,023	991,587 17,504 1 329,912 11,456 35,906 1,386,366
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed Total fund balances (deficits)	1,483,764 1,483,764	4,050,872 1,567,951 5,618,823
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 2,352,787	\$ 7,005,189



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City of Cocoa, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Special Revenue								
	Community Development Block Grant	Brevard County Home Program	Cocoa Housing Assistance Trust	Loan Guarantee					
Revenues									
Licenses, permits, and fees Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures	\$ - : 145,498 -	\$ - 96,178	\$ - 67,117	\$ - -					
Interest earnings/(loss) Miscellaneous	1,245 (1,443)	1,692 32,399	7,205	60					
Total revenues	145,300	130,269	74,322	60					
Expenditures Current:									
General government	-	-	-	-					
Public safety	-	-	-	-					
Recreation	-	-	-	-					
Economic development	45,013	96,178	65,458	-					
Debt service:									
Capital outlay	-	-	-	74.000					
Principal	-	-	-	74,000					
Interest				26,485					
Total expenditures	45,013	96,178	65,458	100,485					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	100,287	34,091	8,864	(100,425)					
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers in	-	-	-	69,000					
Transfers out	(69,000)								
Total other financing sources	(69,000)			69,000					
Net change in fund balances	31,287	34,091	8,864	(31,425)					
Fund balances, beginning of year	219,517	97,934	52,313	32,276					
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 250,804	\$ 132,025	\$ 61,177	\$ 851					

Special Revenue											D	ebt Service
Opioid Settlement				Police Special Education	ial Federal			Arbor Mitigation		Building Permits	Debt Service	
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	842,384	\$	-
1,742 69,761		- - 897 -		3,109 618		17,035 641		11,898 1,406,978		22,203 15,243		48,526 - -
71,503	·	897		3,727	_	17,676		1,418,876		879,830		48,526
- - - -		- - - -		- 75 - -		- 13,196 - -		- - 10,000 -		- 697,318 - -		4 - - -
- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		48,220 753 34		- 555,000 519,626
-				75	_	13,196		10,000	_	746,325		1,074,630
71,503	· <u></u>	897		3,652		4,480		1,408,876	_	133,505		(1,026,104
-		-		-		-		-		-		1,074,726
_		-		-		-		-				1,074,726
71,503		897		3,652		4,480		1,408,876		133,505		48,622
32,211		16,595	_	31,507		35,597	_	159,075		1,124,495		619,187
103,714	\$	17,492	\$	35,159	\$	40,077	\$	1,567,951	\$	1,258,000	\$	667,809

City of Cocoa, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Capital Projects	
D	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues	Φ	Ф 040-204
Licenses, permits, and fees Intergovernmental	\$ - 2,352,787	\$ 842,384 2,661,580
Fines and forfeitures	2,332,707	20,144
Interest earnings/(loss)	16,670	113,397
Miscellaneous	-	1,522,938
Total revenues	2,369,457	5,160,443
Expenditures		
Current: General government	_	4
Public safety	-	710,589
Recreation	_	10,000
Economic development	-	206,649
Debt service:		
Capital outlay	3,234,769	3,282,989
Principal	-	629,753
Interest		546,145
Total expenditures	3,234,769	5,386,129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures	(865,312)	(225,686)
Other Financing Sources		
Transfers in	735,113	1,878,839
Transfers out		(69,000)
Total other financing sources	735,113	1,809,839
Net change in fund balances	(130,199)	1,584,153
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,613,963	4,034,670
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,483,764	\$ 5,618,823

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Community Development Block Grant Program Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:		 -		
Intergovernmental	\$ 188,397	\$ 145,498	\$	(42,899)
Interest earnings/(loss)	-	1,245		1,245
Miscellaneous	 -	 (1,443)		(1,443)
Total revenues	188,397	 145,300	_	(43,097)
Expenditures:				
Economic development	 104,802	 45,013	_	59,789
Total expenditures	 104,802	 45,013		59,789
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	 83,595	 100,287		16,692
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers out	 (83,595)	 (69,000)		14,595
Net other financing sources	 (83,595)	 (69,000)		14,595
Net change in fund balance	-	31,287		31,287
Fund balances, beginning of year	 219,517	 219,517		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 219,517	\$ 250,804	\$	31,287

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Brevard County Home Program Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest earnings/(loss) Miscellaneous	\$ 74,090 329	\$ 96,178 1,692 32,399	\$ 22,088 1,363 32,399
Total revenues	 74,419	 130,269	 55,850
Expenditures: Economic development	 310,431	 96,178	 214,253
Total expenditures	 310,431	 96,178	 214,253
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Net change in fund balance	 (236,012) (236,012)	 34,091 34,091	 270,103 270,103
Fund balances, beginning of year	 97,934	 97,934	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (138,078)	\$ 132,025	\$ 270,103

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Cocoa Housing Assistance Trust Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	 Final Budget	 Actual	ariance with
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest earnings/(loss)	\$ 310,552 -	\$ 67,117 7,205	\$ (243,435) 7,205
Total revenues	 310,552	 74,322	 (236,230)
Expenditures: Economic development	 310,552	 65,458	245,094
Total expenditures	 310,552	 65,458	 245,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 	 8,864	 8,864
Net change in fund balance	-	8,864	8,864
Fund balances, beginning of year	 52,313	 52,313	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 52,313	\$ 61,177	\$ 8,864

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Loan Guarantee Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			
Interest earnings/(loss)	\$ -	\$ 60	\$ 60
Total revenues		60	60
Expenditures:			
Principal	74,000	74,000	-
Interest	28,000	26,485	1,515
Total expenditures	102,000	100,485	1,515
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(102,000)	(100,425)	1,575
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	69,000	69,000	
Net other financing sources	69,000	69,000	
Net change in fund balance	(33,000)	(31,425)	1,575
Fund balances, beginning of year	32,276	32,276	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (724)	\$ 851	\$ 1,575

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Opioid Settlement Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	 Final udget	 Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Interest earnings/(loss) Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 1,742 69,761	\$	1,742 69,761
Total revenues	 	 71,503		71,503
Net change in fund balance	-	71,503		71,503
Fund balances, beginning of year	 32,211	 32,211	_	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 32,211	\$ 103,714	\$	71,503

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Police Confiscated Funds Year Ended September 30, 2024

_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Interest earnings/(loss)	\$ -	\$ 897	\$ 897
Total revenues	- _	897	897
Net change in fund balance	-	897	897
Fund balances, beginning of year	16,595	16,595	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 16,595	\$ 17,492	\$ 897

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Police Special Education Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures Interest earnings/(loss)	\$ 3,390	\$ 3,109 618	\$ (281) 618
Total revenues	 3,390	 3,727	 337
Expenditures: Public safety	 3,390	 75	3,315
Total expenditures	 3,390	 75	 3,315
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 	 3,652	 3,652
Net change in fund balance	-	3,652	3,652
Fund balances, beginning of year	 31,507	 31,507	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 31,507	\$ 35,159	\$ 3,652

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Federal Forfeiture Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures Interest earnings/(loss)	\$ -	\$ 17,035 641	\$ 17,035 641
Total revenues		17,676	17,676
Expenditures: Public safety	13,457	13,196	261
Total expenditures	13,457	13,196	261
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(13,457)	4,480	17,937
Net change in fund balance	(13,457)	4,480	17,937
Fund balances, beginning of year	35,597	35,597	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 22,140	\$ 40,077	\$ 17,937

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Arbor Mitigation Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Interest earnings/(loss) Miscellaneous	\$	- \$ 11,898 - 1,406,978	\$ 11,898 1,406,978
Total revenues		1,418,876	1,418,876
Expenditures: Recreation	10,000	10,000	
Total expenditures	10,000	10,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,000) 1,408,876	1,418,876
Net change in fund balance	(10,000	1,408,876	1,418,876
Fund balances, beginning of year	159,075	159,075	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 149,075	\$ 1,567,951	\$ 1,418,876

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Building Permits Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			
Licenses, permits, and fees	\$ 494,000	\$ 842,384	\$ 348,384
Interest earnings/(loss)	· -	22,203	22,203
Miscellaneous	 	 15,243	 15,243
Total revenues	 494,000	 879,830	 385,830
Expenditures:			
Public safety	774,042	697,318	76,724
Capital outlay	48,220	48,220	-
Principal	753	753	-
Interest	 34_	 34_	 <u> </u>
Total expenditures	 823,049	 746,325	 76,724
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	 (329,049)	 133,505	 462,554
Net change in fund balance	(329,049)	133,505	462,554
Fund balances, beginning of year	 1,124,495	 1,124,495	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 795,446	\$ 1,258,000	\$ 462,554

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues:	-	-			
Interest earnings/(loss)	\$ -	\$ 48,526	\$ 48,526		
Total revenues		48,526	48,526		
Expenditures:					
General government	99	4	95		
Principal	555,000	555,000	-		
Interest	519,626	519,626			
Total expenditures	1,074,725	1,074,630	95		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,074,725)	(1,026,104)	48,621		
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers in	1,074,725	1,074,726	1		
Net other financing sources	1,074,725	1,074,726	1		
Net change in fund balance	-	48,622	48,622		
Fund balances, beginning of year	619,187	619,187			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 619,187	\$ 667,809	\$ 48,622		

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	 <u> </u>			
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,187,261	\$ 2,352,787	\$	(1,834,474)
Interest earnings/(loss)	 -	 16,670	_	16,670
Total revenues	 4,187,261	 2,369,457	_	(1,817,804)
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	 5,348,397	 3,234,769	_	2,113,628
Total expenditures	 5,348,397	 3,234,769	_	2,113,628
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,161,136)	 (865,312)		295,824
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers in	 735,113	 735,113	_	<u> </u>
Net other financing sources	 735,113	 735,113	_	
Net change in fund balance	(426,023)	(130,199)		295,824
Fund balances, beginning of year	 1,613,963	 1,613,963	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,187,940	\$ 1,483,764	\$	295,824

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Cocoa, Florida's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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A. Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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Schedule 3 Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Schedule 4 Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

B. Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local ownsource revenues such as ad valorem property taxes, local business taxes, and building permit revenues.

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These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of debt outstanding and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future, as necessary.

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D. Demographic and Economic Information Financial Trends

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

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E. Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

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Additional Notes

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), financial records, and other departmental sources for the relevant year.

City of Cocoa, Florida

Net Position by Component

Last Ten Fiscal Years - (accrual basis of accounting)

	2024	2024		2022		2021
Governmental activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 43,581,137	\$	38,286,694	\$	38,679,745	\$ 35,752,513
Restricted	6,315,451		3,885,024		4,041,969	1,453,324
Unrestricted	17,624,761		6,313,529		3,335,395	2,992,511
Total governmental activities net position	67,521,349		48,485,247		46,057,109	40,198,348
Business-type activities						
Net investment in capital assets	171,194,279		154,385,923		147,634,466	144,119,852
Restricted	38,140,829		38,404,696		37,630,039	33,156,536
Unrestricted	50,647,118		38,396,582		25,942,805	2,089,919
Total business-type activities net position	259,982,226		231,187,201		211,207,310	179,366,307
Primary government						
Net investment in capital assets	214,775,416		192,672,617		186,314,211	179,872,365
Restricted	44,456,280		42,289,720		41,672,008	34,609,860
Unrestricted	 68,271,879		44,710,111		29,278,200	 5,082,430
Total primary government net position	\$ 327,503,575	\$	279,672,448	\$	257,264,419	\$ 219,564,655

Note: Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements. Net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted only when an external party, such as the state or federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or through enabling legislation enacted by the City.

The City began identifying the Working Capital Reserve component of net position on the financial statements in FY 2020. The Working Capital Reserve is equal to 6 months of the Utility and the Stormwater Fund's operating expenses.

Schedule 1

	2020 2019		2018	2017	2016			2015		
\$	35,811,644 852,844 (6,113,171)	\$	29,498,816 941,298 (2,679,661)	\$ 28,913,932 695,990 186,695	\$ 19,280,723 260,393 17,399,902	\$	25,293,324 281,203 11,063,634	\$	20,134,496 252,338 10,786,642	
_	30,551,317		27,760,453	29,796,617	36,941,018		36,638,161		31,173,476	
_	144,746,450 27,826,376 8,350,313 180,923,139		142,364,912 11,381,896 12,438,861 166,185,669	138,261,322 11,227,943 6,749,377 156,238,642	132,683,806 12,395,504 7,335,232 152,414,542		115,435,116 11,818,615 12,143,637 139,397,368		103,777,006 11,822,514 16,743,125 132,342,645	
\$	180,558,094 28,679,220 2,237,142 211,474,456	\$	171,863,728 12,323,194 9,759,200 193,946,122	\$ 167,175,254 11,923,933 6,936,072 186,035,259	\$ 151,964,529 12,655,897 24,735,134 189,355,560	\$	140,728,440 12,099,818 23,207,271 176,035,529	\$	123,911,502 12,074,852 27,529,767 163,516,121	

		2024		2023		2022		2021
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	11,050,436	\$	10,328,318	\$	8,369,986	\$	15,177,191
Public safety		21,545,057		22,319,633		19,124,110		14,482,282
Recreation		2,154,479		3,087,843		1,982,854		1,496,465
Economic development		2,486,148		989,026		1,062,590		1,453,161
Physical environment		3,355,407		3,424,082		3,444,418		2,496,002
Transportation		1,295,097		1,255,168		1,103,133		1,075,246
Interest on long-term debt		542,902		560,200		573,249		595,990
Unallocated depreciation		-		-		-		<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities expenses		42,429,526		41,964,270		35,660,340		36,776,337
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer		61,259,097		60,811,382		55,222,159		50,809,040
Stormwater utility		1,668,190		1,534,804		1,330,825		1,347,820
Total business-type activities		62,927,287		62,346,186		56,552,984		52,156,860
<u>,</u>		,,		,- :-, :				,,
Total primary government activities	\$	105,356,813	\$	104,310,456	\$	92,213,324	\$	88,933,197
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	458,788	\$	275,576	\$	419,433	\$	7,137,848
Public safety	Ψ	4,942,003	Ψ	4,548,677	Ψ	4,492,653	Ψ	4,288,892
Recreation		95,459		79,443		109,397		103,524
Economic development		-		70,110		-		100,021
Physical environment		7,319,216		7,066,671		6,622,088		5,718,099
Operating grants and contributions		2,326,676		2,157,576		2,771,593		3,055,169
Capital grants and contributions		7,768,116		1,056,647		755,253		1,600,242
Total governmental activities program		1,100,110		1,000,011		7.00,200		1,000,212
revenues		22,910,258		15,184,590		15,170,417		21,903,774
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Water and sewer		82,455,298		79,366,257		75,562,582		70,592,100
Stormwater utility		2,247,023		2,122,264		1,984,061		1,869,683
Operating grants and contributions		1,092,880		50,000		26,954		1,000,000
Capital grants and contributions		8,731,121		7,059,347		2,685,358		5,338,039
Total business-type activities program		0,701,121		1,000,041		2,000,000		0,000,009
revenues		94,526,322		88,597,868		80,258,955		77,799,822
Total primary government program		J 1 ,J2U,J22		00,007,000		00,200,000		11,100,022
revenues	\$	117,436,580	\$	103,782,458	\$	95,429,372	\$	99,703,596
	Ψ	117,700,000	Ψ	100,102,400	Ψ	JU,723,J12	Ψ	33,103,330

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
\$	14,796,779 17,278,095 1,535,106 834,415 2,621,199 1,445,676	\$	14,712,121 18,071,667 1,607,032 3,008,059 2,376,579 1,221,639	\$	14,324,743 16,768,238 1,476,661 1,192,366 2,304,779 774,532	\$	13,131,276 16,180,830 1,404,532 1,534,682 3,144,201	\$	12,001,545 12,593,567 1,221,987 817,422 3,055,646	\$	12,192,945 15,887,751 1,236,510 1,075,995 3,061,232
	621,498		649,182		676,437		1,180,788		565,742		592,542
	39,132,768		41,646,279		37,517,756		129,012 36,705,321		128,124 30,384,033		1,303,323 35,350,298
	39,132,700		41,040,219		37,317,730		30,703,321		30,304,033		30,330,290
	54,022,806 1,635,171		52,538,165 1,522,778		47,733,339 1,218,376		46,549,681 1,152,168		44,710,558 1,167,900		43,873,364 1,023,881
	55,657,977		54,060,943		48,951,715		47,701,849		45,878,458		44,897,245
\$	94,790,745	\$	95,707,222	\$	86,469,471	\$	84,407,170	\$	76,262,491	\$	80,247,543
\$	7,301,994	\$	6,599,101	\$	6,254,900	\$	7.095,604	\$	6,040,226	\$	5,975,125
Ψ	3,160,398 97,240	Ψ	3,013,695 140,797	Ψ	2,560,844 123,745	Ψ	2,292,471 132,735 195,121	Ψ	2,219,789 197,801 78,120	Ψ	2,000,615 182,574 166,553
	5,168,075		5,330,167		5,312,519		5,346,364		5,367,608		5,374,671
	1,956,391 1,803,247		2,439,991 600,292		1,953,430 72,781		2,862,670 946,130		2,070,571 1,650,174		2,082,850 683,729
	19,487,345		18,124,043		16,278,219		18,871,095		17,624,289		16,466,117
	71,399,930 1,680,054		65,298,095 1,654,080		62,391,805 1,704,541		59,695,998 1,481,312 762,202		56,433,043 1,376,341 608,791		54,719,795 1,312,233 605,525
_	4,280,474		3,324,099		3,783,027		5,098,296		1,283,545		2,797,467
	77,360,458		70,276,274		67,879,373		67,037,808		59,701,720		59,435,020
\$	96,847,803	\$	88,400,317	\$	84,157,592	\$	85,908,903	\$	77,326,009	\$	75,901,137

City of Cocoa, Florida
Changes in Net Position (Continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years - (accrual basis of accounting)

Net (Expense)/Revenue		2024		2023		2022		2021	
Governmental activities	\$	(19,519,268)	\$	(26,779,680)	\$	(20,489,923)	\$	(14,872,563)	
Business-type activities		31,599,035		26,251,682		23,705,971		25,642,962	
Total primary government net revenue									
(expense)	\$	12,079,767	\$	(527,998)	\$	3,216,048	\$	10,770,399	
General Revenues and Other Changes									
in Net Position									
Governmental activities:									
Property taxes	\$	10,859,563	\$	8,652,439	\$	7,675,100	\$	6,769,653	
Public utility and telecommunication								, ,	
taxes		3,603,956		3,405,712		3,067,937		2,905,770	
Other taxes		141,883							
Franchise taxes		2,243,698		2,229,969		1,987,873		1,644,489	
Shared revenues not restricted to									
specific programs		3,532,767		3,550,334		3,369,050		3,014,567	
Gain on sale of capital assets		1,921,495		45,074		42,206		41,655	
Unrestricted investment earnings		3,778,817		1,452,140		(414,746)		150,447	
Miscellaneous		3,101,709		908,511		2,659,069		828,665	
Transfers, net		9,371,482		8,842,150		7,962,195		9,164,348	
Special item		-		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		38,555,370		29,086,329		26,348,684		24,519,594	
Business-type activities:									
Unrestricted investment earnings		6,251,860		2,384,784		(2,338,768)		101,372	
Miscellaneous		229,488		146,010		227,026		49,245	
Gain on sale of capital assets		86,124		39,565		8,969		13,937	
Transfers, net		(9,371,482)		(8,842,150)		(7,962,195)		(9,164,348)	
Special item		(0.004.040)		(0.074.704)		(40,004,000)		(0.000.704)	
Total business-type activities		(2,804,010)	Φ.	(6,271,791)	Φ.	(10,064,968)	Φ.	(8,999,794)	
Total primary government	\$	35,751,360	\$	22,814,538	\$	16,283,716	\$	15,519,800	
Change in Not Resition									
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	ф	19,036,102	¢	2 206 640	ф	5,858,761	\$	0.647.024	
	\$		\$	2,306,649	\$		Φ	9,647,031	
Business-type activities Total primary government	\$	28,795,025 47,831,127	\$	19,979,891 22,286,540	\$	13,641,003 19,499,764	\$	16,643,168 26,290,199	
Total primary government	φ	+1,001,121	φ	22,200,340	φ	13,433,104	φ	20,230,133	

Schedule 2 (continued)

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
\$	(19,665,359)	\$	(23,522,236)	\$	(21,239,537)	\$	(17,834,226)	\$	(12,759,744)	\$	(18,884,181)
_	21,702,481		16,215,331		18,927,658		19,335,959		13,823,262		14,537,775
\$	2,037,122	\$	(7,306,905)	\$	(2,311,879)	\$	1,501,733	\$	1,063,518	\$	(4,346,406)
Ψ	2,007,122	Ψ	(1,000,000)	Ψ	(2,011,073)	Ψ	1,001,700	Ψ	1,000,010	Ψ	(4,040,400)
\$	6,387,378	\$	5,168,838	\$	5,000,611	\$	4,699,241	\$	4,528,807	\$	4,520,106
Ψ	0,307,370	Ψ	3,100,030	Ψ	3,000,011	Ψ	4,099,241	Ψ	4,320,007	Ψ	4,520,100
	2,696,257		2,628,618		2,169,692		2,179,176		2,142,546		2,011,573
	1,501,869		1,454,938		1,438,506		1,418,014		1,427,925		1,392,338
					. ,		. ,				, ,
	2,790,053		3,706,378		2,340,469		2,088,744		2,012,550		1,983,054
	36,113		9,271		-		-		-		-
	358,105		142,396		56,406		100,577		154,667		90,445
	477,476		395,608		550,203		503,570		829,289		529,855
	8,208,972		7,280,466		6,590,172		7,226,129		11,102,408		11,706,620
_	22,456,223		20,786,513		18,146,059		18,215,451		22,198,192		22,233,991
_	22,400,220		20,700,010		10,140,000		10,210,401		22,100,102		22,200,001
	1,046,181		217,198		175,279		235,491		283,248		232,887
	124,444		-		42,959		69,094		75,422		127,933
	73,336		97,002		53,149		153,005		(11 102 109)		(11,706,620)
	(8,208,972)		(7,280,466)		(6,590,172)		(7,226,129)		(11,102,408)		(11,700,020)
	(6,965,011)		(6,966,266)		(6,318,785)		(6,768,539)		(10,743,738)		(11,345,800)
\$	15,491,212	\$	13,820,247	\$	11,827,274	\$	11,446,912	\$	11,454,454	\$	10,888,191
_		_		_		_		_		_	
\$	2,790,864	\$	(453,024)	\$	311,833	\$	5,455,707	\$	3,314,011	\$	5,011,650
\$	14,737,470 17,528,334	\$	11,961,392 11,508,368	\$	13,017,174 13,329,007	\$	7,054,723 12,510,430	\$	3,794,037 7,108,048	\$	5,158,543 10,170,193
Ф	17,020,004	φ	11,500,508	Φ	13,329,007	φ	12,510,430	Φ	1,100,048	φ	10,170,193

City of Cocoa, Florida
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years - (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2024	2023	2022	2021
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 2,663,032	\$ 527,956	\$ 338,544	\$ 1,619,914
Restricted	67,000	88,531	67,000	67,000
Committed	13,691,757	11,844,641	11,844,641	11,844,641
Assigned	20,066,558	18,730,692	12,260,884	8,640,013
Unassigned	20,217,900	13,770,666	13,529,925	10,052,041
Total general fund	\$ 56,706,247	\$ 44,962,486	\$ 38,040,994	\$ 32,223,609
All other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 64,268	\$ 8,741	\$ -	\$ 6,878
Restricted	6,248,451	5,207,545	3,974,969	4,451,526
Committed	1,567,951	1,773,038	2,463,394	3,184,896
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	-	-	-	-
Total all other government funds	\$ 7,880,670	\$ 6,989,324	\$ 6,438,363	\$ 7,643,300

Schedule 3

 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 1,470,589	\$ 1,666,589	\$ 1,768,057	\$ 297,130	\$ 172,051	\$ 438,024
69,234	-	-	-	-	-
12,271,647	12,288,375	11,400,743	10,403,251	10,000,000	10,000,000
8,779,000	6,250,000	14,494,250	11,600,000	10,855,020	10,855,020
 4,894,070	5,396,667	5,148,440	9,877,964	11,976,517	14,297,920
\$ 27,484,540	\$ 25,601,631	\$ 32,811,490	\$ 32,178,345	\$ 33,003,588	\$ 35,590,964
\$ 5,435	\$ 6,603	\$ 4,915	\$ 848,268	\$ 898,415	\$ 968,115
3,366,108	3,314,866	2,551,525	1,236,715	281,203	252,338
3,568,732	7,981,809	1,716,632	-	-	-
-	-	-	5,860,345	1,915,995	2,358,327
 	(66,298)		(123,735)	237,552	(63,357)
\$ 6,940,275	\$ 11,236,980	\$ 4,273,072	\$ 7,821,593	\$ 3,333,165	\$ 3,515,423

City of Cocoa, Florida
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years - (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 15,147,787	\$ 12,782,994	\$ 11,361,377	\$ 10,275,024
Special Assessments	3,419,237	3,223,854	3,119,213	2,820,550
Licenses and permits	7,704,626	2,974,351	2,822,602	2,731,283
Intergovernmental	8,724,808	6,155,057	6,230,189	6,421,491
Charges for services	7,962,501	7,697,941	7,456,969	12,923,865
Fines and forfeitures	96,974	47,965	81,132	22,350
Investment earnings	3,549,462	1,373,440	(245,781)	135,609
Miscellaneous	3,337,901	1,046,977	753,327	781,243
Total revenues	49,943,296	35,302,579	31,579,028	36,111,415
Expenditures				
General government	8,700,660	7,631,914	6,416,151	13,489,944
Public safety	20,136,852	17,950,355	17,447,956	16,365,131
Economic development	617,481	651,380	757,232	1,419,925
Recreation	2,094,708	1,990,248	1,860,215	1,399,392
Physical environment	3,340,476	3,249,201	3,435,739	2,566,011
Transportation	1,026,382	981,568	869,429	880,011
Capital outlay	11,349,664	2,857,010	5,449,869	1,747,473
Principal	932,729	1,371,582	1,516,675	1,384,000
Interest	567,083	584,380	597,431	620,171
Other Debt Service	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	48,766,035	37,267,638	38,350,697	39,872,058
Deficiency of revenues under				
expenditures	1,177,261	(1,965,059)	(6,771,669)	(3,760,643
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	13,709,478	11,583,758	14,724,432	12,480,592
Transfers out	(4,337,996)	(2,741,608)	(4,251,218)	(3,316,244
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,921,495	45,074	42,206	41,655
Issuance of debt - leases	23,445	-	865,431	-
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Bond discount	-	-	-	•
Bond premium	-	-	-	-
Issuance of debt - SBITA	 141,424	550,288		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 11,457,846	9,437,512	11,380,851	9,206,003
Net change in fund balances	\$ 12,635,107	\$ 7,472,453	\$ 4,609,182	\$ 5,445,360
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	4.0%	5.7%	6.4%	5.3%

Schedule 4

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 9,677,404 2,721,693	\$ 8,829,764 -	\$ 7,797,456 -	\$ 7,170,303 -	\$ 8,296,431 -	\$ 8,099,278
1,963,338	4,485,335	4,122,684	5,005,518	313,935	181,103
5,446,234	4,559,650	5,342,696	6,091,329	5,495,267	5,238,875
12,117,136	11,637,669	11,376,107	11,247,118	13,404,589	13,292,807
21,024	28,802	43,643	42,184	93,881	42,560
299,109	492,683	73,525	89,494	131,533	192,048
1,285,582	1,286,535	1,269,512	732,555	705,100	858,069
 33,531,520	31,320,438	30,025,623	30,378,501	28,440,736	27,904,740
13,823,252	12,770,519	11,940,914	11,519,260	10,342,933	9,987,287
15,367,802	15,082,113	14,249,945	13,586,273	14,348,468	13,521,776
680,050	2,252,073	1,003,355	1,563,100	959,938	1,155,565
1,326,355	1,391,840	1,231,144	1,203,552	1,106,032	1,142,761
2,500,070	2,266,188	2,198,447	3,188,741	2,826,143	3,161,046
1,262,206	1,070,922	621,326	-,	-	-
8,354,051	2,494,869	7,210,525	7,759,900	6,431,769	5,028,077
1,105,000	1,302,873	1,084,910	1,031,000	1,143,729	1,070,500
645,679	726,183	700,618	628,762	557,042	583,843
19,936	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	283,542	-	-
 45,084,401	39,357,580	40,241,184	40,764,130	37,716,054	35,650,855
(11,552,881)	(8,037,142)	(10,215,561)	(10,385,629)	(9,275,318)	(7,746,115)
11,217,983	16,298,453	7,990,703	7,014,528	7,873,404	11,159,572
(3,009,011)	(7,914,354)	(816,158)	(424,356)	(1,457,807)	(57,164)
36,113	18,069	23,773	52,486	90,087	108,512
-	-	101,472	-	-	-
_	_	-	(9,928,053)	_	_
-	-	_	(42,045)	-	-
-	-	-	511,647	-	-
894,000	-	-	16,865,000	-	2,010,000
9,139,085	8,402,168	7,299,790	14,049,207	6,505,684	13,220,920
\$ (2,413,796)	\$ 365,026	\$ (2,915,771)	\$ 3,663,578	\$ (2,769,634)	\$ 5,474,805
4.8%	0.0%	5.4%	5.0%	5.4%	5.4%
4.070	0.070	J. 4 70	5.070	J. 4 70	J. 4 70

	Property	Utility Taxes and Franchise	Inter- governmental		
Fiscal Year	Taxes	Fees	(1)*	Other*	Totals
2024	\$ 10,859,563 \$	5,847,654 \$		24,511,271 \$	49,943,296
2023	8,652,439	5,635,681	6,155,057	14,859,402	35,302,579
2022	7,675,100	5,055,810	6,230,189	12,617,929	31,579,028
2021	6,769,653	5,149,860	6,421,491	17,770,411	36,111,415
2020	6,387,378	4,198,126	5,446,234	17,499,782	33,531,520
2019	5,635,515	4,167,397	4,559,650	16,957,876	31,320,438
2018	5,168,838	4,083,555	5,342,696	15,430,534	30,025,623
2017	5,000,611	3,608,198	6,091,329	15,678,363	30,378,501
2016	4,699,241	3,597,190	5,495,267	14,570,284	28,361,982
2015	4,528,807	3,570,471	5,238,875	14,501,130	27,839,283

(1) Includes local option gas tax.

Note: Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds, as applicable.



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Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Centrally Assessed Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property
2024	\$ 1,839,393,180 \$	298,262,655 \$	10,249,724 \$	528,901,291
2023	1,628,510,190	264,426,268	6,770,722	511,531,793
2022	1,443,390,470	253,655,264	6,374,418	475,009,058
2021	1,356,570,120	261,328,133	4,092,279	449,968,814
2020	1,259,462,890	270,050,324	4,163,609	433,914,576
2019	1,090,255,400	271,171,634	4,097,166	393,758,161
2018	1,002,254,870	261,193,143	4,067,057	376,627,031
2017	940,958,240	270,529,563	3,869,600	355,293,089
2016	874,284,810	277,265,631	3,514,003	337,493,706
2015	838,137,370	268,432,534	2,656,441	328,336,969

Source: Brevard County Property Appraiser.

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Schedule 6

		Estimated	Taxable Assessed
Total Taxable		Actual	Value as a
Assessed	Total Direct	Taxable	Percentage of
Value	Tax Rate	Value	Actual Taxable Value
 valuo	Tax rate	varao	7 totaar raxasio valao
\$ 1,619,004,268	6.953% \$	1,611,076,706	100.492%
1,388,175,387	6.453% \$	1,376,480,690	100.850%
1,228,411,094	6.453%	1,222,019,304	100.523%
1,172,021,718	5.979%	1,166,698,204	100.456%
1,099,762,247	5.979%	1,093,766,539	100.548%
971,766,039	5.979%	967,726,786	100.417%
890,888,039	5.979%	888,479,522	100.271%
860,064,314	5.979%	857,337,863	100.318%
817,570,738	5.979%	818,427,691	99.895%
780,889,376	5.979%	782,374,729	99.810%

	City Direct Rate		Overlapping Rate	ne.	
	Nate		Brevard		Total Direct
			County	Independent	and
Fiscal	Basic	Brevard	Public	Special	Overlapping
 Year	Rate	County	School	Districts	Rates
2024	6.9532	4.1308	6.3830	0.2081	17.6751
2023	6.4532	4.4631	5.4950	0.2294	16.6407
2022	6.4532	4.8700	5.8500	0.2509	17.4241
2021	5.9790	5.0381	5.9420	0.2607	17.2198
2020	5.9790	5.2553	6.0860	0.2734	17.5937
2019	5.9790	5.4432	6.2990	0.2882	18.0094
2018	5.9790	5.8130	6.9160	0.4823	19.1903
2017	5.9790	5.4692	7.2750	0.3343	19.0575
2016	5.9790	5.6310	7.3390	0.3509	19.2999
2015	5.9811	5.7979	7.6060	0.3628	19.7478

⁽¹⁾ Per \$1,000 of assessed value. Source: Brevard County Tax Collector.



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2024

Rank	Tax Payer	Am	nount Levied	Percentage of Total City Levy
1	Wal-Mart Stores East LP	\$	703,942	6.25%
2	Cocoa Grand, LLC		325,509	2.89%
3	Evergreen Integra Cocoa, LLC		207,503	1.84%
4	CF Dolphin COI, LLC		185,215	1.65%
5	East Florida Motor Sales, Inc		83,807	0.74%
6	Sam's East, Inc.		63,302	0.56%
7	Cocoa Commons Stations, LLC		58,503	0.52%
8	Sunrise Mobile Home Park, LLC		53,164	0.47%
9	Mike Erdman Motors, LLC		51,759	0.46%
10	2600 Clearlake Rd, LLC		50,155	0.45%
	Total	\$	1,782,861	15.84%
	Total Amount Levied	\$	11,257,179	

Source: Brevard County Tax Collector.

2015

	2010			Percentage
				of Total City
Rank	Taxpayer	Am	ount Levied	Levy
1	Wal-Mart	\$	53,064	1.14%
2	RLV Cocoa Commons, LP		37,369	0.80%
3	Wal-Mar Stores, Inc/Sam's East, Inc.		34,080	0.73%
4	12550, LLC		28,699	0.61%
5	Home Depot USA, Inc.		28,101	0.60%
6	Monmouth Real Estate Investment		25,112	0.54%
7	Oaks Meadows LTD Partnership		23,318	0.50%
8	Sunrise Mobile Home Park, LLC		18,744	0.40%
9	Cocoa Commercial Properties, LLC		18,535	0.40%
10	SSR Properties, LLC		17,907	0.38%
	Total	\$	284,929	6.10%
	Total Amount Levied	\$	4,668,943	

Source: Brevard County Tax Collector.

			Current Year	Collections		 Total Collection	ons to Date
Fisca Year		Amount Levied	Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	 otal Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy
2024	\$	11,257,179 \$	10,419,768	92.56%	\$ 437,724	\$ 10,857,492	96.45%
2023	3	8,958,078	8,295,655	92.61%	355,517	8,651,172	96.57%
2022	2	7,927,087	7,378,533	93.08%	296,567	7,675,100	96.82%
2021		7,007,446	6,468,872	92.31%	300,781	6,769,653	96.61%
2020)	6,575,409	6,023,708	91.61%	363,670	6,387,378	97.14%
2019)	5,810,115	5,399,899	92.94%	235,616	5,635,515	96.99%
2018	3	5,324,625	4,947,189	92.91%	224,292	5,171,481	97.12%
2017	,	5,142,260	4,768,944	92.74%	231,667	5,000,611	97.25%
2016	6	4,888,261	4,454,794	91.13%	244,447	4,699,241	96.13%
2015	5	4,668,943	4,275,053	91.56%	253,754	4,528,807	97.00%

Source: Tax Certificate, Brevard County Property Appraiser. Financial records of the City of Cocoa, Florida.

⁽¹⁾ Includes delinquent taxes, penalties and tax certificates.

Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 10

Tier rate structure as adopted via 2020 Utility Rate Study.

TIER RATE STRUCTURE BY METER SIZE EFFECTIVE 04/01/2021

Meter Size	1st Tier	2nd Tier	3rd Tier	4th Tier
3/4"	0-5	6-10	11-20	over 20
1"	0-13	14-25	26-50	over 50
1.5"	0-43	44-85	86-170	over 170
2"	0-100	101-200	201-400	over 400
3"	0-300	301-600	601-1,200	over 1,200
4"	0-425	426-850	851-1,700	over 1,700
6"	0-3,250	3,251-6,500	6,501-13,000	over 13,000
8"	0-10,000	10,001-20,000	20,001-40,000	over 40,000
10"	0-21,000	21,001-42,000	42,001-84,000	over 84,000

TIER RATE STRUCTURE BY METER SIZE THROUGH 03/31/2021

Meter Size	1st Tier	2nd Tier	3rd Tier	4th Tier
3/4"	0-6	7-12	13-24	over 24
1"	0-15	16-30	31-60	over 60
1.5"	0-42	43-84	85-168	over 168
2"	0-102	103-204	205-408	over 408
3"	0-420	421-840	841-1,680	over 1,680
4"	0-690	691-1,380	1,381-2,760	over 2,760
6"	0-3,300	3,301-6,600	6,601-13,200	over 13,200
8"	0-12,000	12,001-24-000	24,001-48,000	over 48,000
10"	0-21,000	21,001-42,000	42,001-84,000	over 84,000

INSIDE COCOA CITY LIMITS

BASE RATES

				:	2021	1								
	2024	2023	2022	EFFECTIVE 4/01/21		10/01/21- 3/30/21	2020	2019		2018	20	17	2016	2015
3/4"	\$ 16.65	16.01	\$ 15.39	\$ 14.80	\$	16.44	\$ 16.44	\$ 15	.66 \$	14.91	\$	14.34	\$ 13.66	\$ 13.26
1"	38.55	37.07	35.64	34.27		39.82	39.82	37	.92	36.11		34.72	33.07	32.11
1.5"	89.66	86.21	82.89	79.70		72.22	72.22	68	.78	65.50		62.98	59.98	58.23
2"	140.76	135.35	130.14	125.13		180.63	180.63	172	.03	163.84		157.54	150.04	145.67
3"	319.61	307.32	295.50	284.13		433.62	433.62	412	.97	393.30		378.17	360.16	349.67
4"	549.56	528.42	508.10	488.56		650.42	650.42	619	.45	589.95		567.26	540.25	524.51
6"	1,170.07	1,125.07	1,081.80	1,040.19		1,228.63	1,228.63	1,170	.12	1,114.40	1	,071.54	1,020.51	990.79
8"	2,046.09	1,967.39	1,891.72	1,818.96		1,707.49	1,707.49	1,626	.18	1,548.74	1	,489.17	1,418.26	1,376.95
10"	3,068.10	2,950.10	2,836.63	2,727.53		2,189.30	2,189.30	2,082	.05	1,982.90	1	,906.63	1,815.84	1,762.95
			V	OLUME RATE	S PI	ER THOUSAN	D GALLONS							
1st Tier	\$ 3.85	3.70	\$ 3.56	\$ 3.42	\$	3.42	\$ 3.42	\$ 3	.26 \$	3.10	\$	2.98	\$ 2.84	\$ 2.76
2nd Tier	\$ 7.58 \$	7.29	\$ 7.01	\$ 6.74	\$	6.55	\$ 6.55	\$ 6	.24 \$	5.94	\$	5.71	\$ 5.44	\$ 5.28
3rd Tier	\$ 10.77 \$	10.36	\$ 9.96	\$ 9.58	\$	8.54	\$ 8.54	\$ 8	.13 \$	7.74	\$	7.44	\$ 7.09	\$ 6.88
4th Tier	\$ 14.05	13.51	\$ 12.99	\$ 12.49	\$	11.50	\$ 11.50	\$ 10	.95 \$	10.43	\$	10.03	\$ 9.55	\$ 9.27

OUTSIDE COCOA CITY LIMITS

BASE BATES

BASE RATES												
					:	2021						
	000		0000	2022	EFFECTIVE		0000	2040	0040	2047	2040	0045
	202	4	2023	2022	4/01/21	3/30/21	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
3/4"	•	18.32 \$						•		•		
1"		12.41	40.78					41.71	39.72	38.19	36.38	35.32
1.5"		98.63	94.83			79.44	79.44	75.66	72.05	69.28	65.98	64.06
2"		54.84	148.89					189.23	180.22	173.29	165.04	160.23
3"	3	51.57	338.05	325.05	312.54	476.98	476.98	454.27	432.63	415.99	396.18	384.64
4"		04.52	581.26	558.91	537.41	715.46	715.46	681.40	648.95	623.99	594.28	576.96
6"	,	37.08	1,237.58	,	,	1,351.49	1,351.49	1,287.13	1,225.84	1,178.69	1,122.56	1,089.87
8"	2,2	50.70	2,164.13	2,080.89	2,000.86	1,878.24	1,878.24	1,788.80	1,703.61	1,638.09	1,560.09	1,514.65
10"	3,3	74.91	3,245.11	3,120.29	3,000.28	2,408.23	2,408.23	2,290.26	2,181.19	2,097.29	1,997.42	1,939.25
				V	OLUME RATE	S PER THOUSAN	ND GALLONS					
1st Tier	\$	4.24 \$	4.07	\$ 3.92	\$ 3.76	\$ 3.76	\$ 3.76	\$ 3.59	\$ 3.41	\$ 3.28	\$ 3.12 \$	3.04
2nd Tier	\$	8.34 \$	8.02	\$ 7.71	\$ 7.41	\$ 7.21	\$ 7.21	\$ 6.86	\$ 6.53	\$ 6.28	\$ 5.98 \$	5.81
3rd Tier	\$	11.85 \$	11.40	\$ 10.96	\$ 10.54	\$ 9.39	\$ 9.39	\$ 8.94	\$ 8.51	\$ 8.18	\$ 7.80 \$	7.57
4th Tier	\$	15.46 \$	14.86	\$ 14.29	\$ 13.74	\$ 12.65	\$ 12.65	\$ 12.05	\$ 11.47	\$ 11.03	\$ 10.51 \$	10.20

INSIDE COCOA CITY LIMITS BASE RATES

Meter Size	2024	2023		2022	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
3/4"	\$ 19.97	\$ 19	20 \$	18.46	\$ 17.75	\$ 15.8	9 \$	15.13	\$ 14.41	\$ 13.86	\$ 13.20	\$ 12.82
1"	46.69	44	89	43.16	41.50	29.7	'3	28.31	26.96	25.92	24.69	23.97
1.5"	109.00	104	81	100.78	96.90	59.6	32	56.78	54.08	52.00	49.52	48.08
2"	171.33	164	74	158.40	152.31	148.9	96	141.87	135.11	129.91	123.72	120.12
3"	389.46	374	48	360.08	346.23	596.1	5	567.76	540.72	519.92	495.16	480.74
4"	669.93	644	16	619.38	595.56	894.2	22	851.64	811.09	779.89	742.75	721.12
6"	1,426.70	1,371	83	1,319.07	1,268.34	1,609.6	61	1,532.96	1,459.96	1,403.81	1,336.96	1,298.02
8"	2,495.14	2,399	17	2,306.89	2,218.16	2,575.4	19	2,452.85	2,336.05	2,246.20	2,139.24	2,076.93
10"	3,741.61	3,597	70	3,459.33	3,326.28	3,702.2	29	3,525.99	3,358.09	3,228.93	3,075.17	2,985.60
Volume Rate												
Per 1,000 Gal.	\$ 8.09	\$ 7.	78 \$	7.48	\$ 7.19	\$ 7.5	3 \$	7.17	\$ 6.83	\$ 6.57	\$ 6.26	\$ 6.08

OUTSIDE COCOA CITY LIMITS BASE RATES

Meter Size	2024	20	23	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
3/4"	\$ 24.96	\$	24.00	\$ 23.08	\$ 22.19	\$ 19.87	\$ 18.92	\$ 18.02	\$ 17.33	\$ 16.50	\$ 16.03
1"	58.34		56.10	53.94	51.87	37.16	35.39	33.70	32.40	30.86	29.96
1.5"	136.26		131.02	125.98	121.13	74.53	70.98	67.60	65.00	61.90	60.10
2"	214.16		205.92	198.00	190.38	186.19	177.32	168.88	162.38	154.65	150.15
3"	486.82		468.10	450.10	432.79	745.19	709.70	675.90	649.90	618.95	600.93
4"	837.40		805.19	774.22	744.44	1,117.77	1,064.54	1,013.85	974.86	928.44	901.40
6"	1,783.39	1,	714.80	1,648.85	1,585.43	2,012.01	1,916.20	1,824.95	1,754.76	1,671.20	1,622.53
8"	3,118.91	2,	998.95	2,883.61	2,772.70	3,219.36	3,066.06	2,920.06	2,807.75	2,674.05	2,596.16
10"	4,677.02	4,	497.13	4,324.16	4,157.85	4,627.86	4,407.49	4,197.61	4,036.16	3,843.96	3,732.00
Volume Rate											
Per 1,000 Gal.	\$ 10.11	\$	9.72	\$ 9.35	\$ 8.99	\$ 9.43	\$ 8.98	\$ 8.55	\$ 8.22	\$ 7.83	\$ 7.60

Source: Financial records of the City of Cocoa, Florida.

Water	System	
al	Increace in	

Year	Number of Customers	Increase in Customers	Annual Revenue*	Increase in Revenue	Avg. Daily	Change in
					Flow (mgd**)	Avg. Daily Flow
2024	89,618	1.68%	\$ 65,449,547	5.24%	20.130	5.99%
2023	88,136	0.83%	62,187,837	5.47%	18.993	3.17%
2022	87,413	1.91%	58,961,835	6.61%	18.409	-9.87%
2021	85,778	1.64%	55,304,853	0.30%	20.424	-0.82%
2020	84,393	0.89%	55,139,169	5.60%	20.592	2.11%
2019	83,649	1.71%	52,215,889	6.02%	20.166	-0.65%
2018	82,246	2.06%	49,249,171	0.75%	20.298	-7.44%
2017	80,582	0.47%	48,880,866	6.78%	21.929	3.21%
2016	80,206	0.78%	45,776,069	3.15%	21.247	-3.22%
2015	79,589	-0.76%	44,378,086	0.98%	21.954	-1.86%

Waste Water System

	Number of	Increase in	Annual	Increase in	Avg. Daily	Change in
Year	Customers	Customers	Revenue*	Revenue	Flow (mgd**)	Avg. Daily Flow
2024	8,057	2.44%	\$ 7,608,009	7.62%	2.000	12.36%
2023	7,865	0.32%	7,069,130	5.19%	1.780	0.79%
2022	7,840	2.18%	6,720,122	6.23%	1.766	-12.57%
2021	7,673	4.65%	6,325,718	6.79%	2.020	-7.97%
2020	7,332	-0.05%	5,923,625	6.34%	2.195	7.60%
2019	7,336	4.00%	5,570,678	7.72%	2.040	-11.61%
2018	7,054	0.96%	5,171,562	-1.85%	2.308	6.07%
2017	6,987	-0.77%	5,269,276	5.25%	2.176	4.77%
2016	7,041	1.53%	5,006,306	2.99%	2.077	-2.90%
2015	6,935	12.75%	4,860,790	4.99%	2.139	6.42%

^{*} Revenues exclude miscellaneous charges for services not directly related to consumption.
** mgd = million gallons per day.

Source: Financial records of the City of Cocoa, Florida.

			Governm	ental Activit	ties			
Fiscal Year	Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	R Fire Protection Assessment Revenue Bond	Cocoa ledevelopment Agency Revenue Bonds L	₋eases (2)	Subscription Payable (3)	Note Payable	Direct Borrowing	Net Issuance Discounts & Premiums
2024	\$ 6,245,000	\$ 6,675,000 \$	- \$	496,661	\$ 324,940	\$ -	\$ 410,000	\$ 300,336
2023	6,610,000	6,865,000	-	585,651	374,810	-	484,000	324,517
2022	6,960,000	7,050,000		756,755	-	445,000	529,000	348,697
2021	7,295,000	7,225,000	-	-	-	1,233,000	639,000	372,878
2020	7,620,000	7,395,000	-	-	-	1,867,000	894,000	397,059
2019	7,935,000	7,560,000	-	35,652	-	2,492,000		421,240
2018	8,731,065	7,679,356	-	68,562	-	3,103,000		445,421
2017	9,051,647	7,837,955	-	-	-	3,700,000		469,602
2016	9,376,026	-	-	-	-	4,286,000		(173,974)
2015	9,642,327	-	297,729	-	-	4,857,000		(182,673)

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 18 - Demographic and Economic Statistics.

⁽²⁾ Prior to 10/1/21, the City had Capital Lease agreements. As of 10/1/21, the City had Lease obligations as defined under GASB Statement No. 87.

⁽³⁾ As of 10/1/23, the City had Subscription-based IT Arrangement obligations as defined under GASB Statement No. 96.

Business-type Activities

 Water and Sewer Bonds	Leases	oscription yable (3)	No	te and Loans Payable	Di	t Issuance scounts & remiums	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per ca	pita (1)
\$ 73,086,000 \$	3,032,551	\$ 180,732	\$	-	\$	5,326,931	\$ 96,078,151	7.9%	6 \$	4,750
79,028,000	3,372,061	136,444		-		5,587,496	103,367,979	9.1%	6	5,196
84,916,000	3,701,791	-		-		5,897,175	110,604,418	10.0%	6	5,560
90,785,002	-	-		-		6,206,855	113,756,735	11.49	6	5,886
82,715,000	-	-		13,850,555		6,516,536	121,255,150	13.1%	6	6,274
86,160,000	-	-		15,930,125		6,826,218	127,360,235	14.5%	6	6,589
56,135,000	-	-		17,952,442		(350,026)	93,764,820	11.2%	6	4,862
57,739,956	-	-		19,919,095		(380,044)	98,338,211	12.4%	6	5,181
60,295,739	-	-		22,026,569		(369,261)	95,441,099	12.5%	6	5,068
62,726,522	-	-		24,059,149		(358,478)	101,041,576	14.1%	6	5,517

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	In	Capital nprovement Revenue Bonds	Fire Pro Assess Reve Bor	ment nue	Dis	Issuance counts & emiums	Total	Percentage Actual Taxal Value of Property (in thousand	ole	Per Capita	Population (1)	V	Assessed /alue (in ousands)
2024	\$	6,245,000	\$ 6,6	75,000	\$	300,336	\$ 13,220,336	0.008	\$	653.66	20,225	\$	1,611,077
2023		6,610,000	6,8	65,000		324,517	13,799,517	0.010		693.72	19,892		1,376,481
2022		6,960,000	7,0	50,000		348,697	14,358,697	0.012		721.83	19,892		1,222,019
2021		7,295,000	7,2	25,000		372,878	14,892,878	0.013		770.57	19,327		1,166,698
2020		7,620,000	7,3	95,000		397,059	15,412,059	0.014		797.40	19,328		1,093,767
2019		7,935,000	7,5	60,000		421,240	15,916,240	0.016		801.69	19,328		967,727
2018		8,731,065	7,6	79,356		445,421	16,855,842	0.019		850.90	19,286		888,480
2017		9,051,647	7,8	37,955		469,602	17,359,204	0.020		914.51	18,982		857,338
2016		9,376,026		-		(173,974)	9,202,052	0.011		488.61	18,833		818,428
2015		9,642,327		-		(182,673)	9,459,654	0.012		516.55	18,313		782,375

⁽¹⁾ Source: Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida.

City of Cocoa, Florida Legal Debt Limit Information September 30, 2024

Schedule 15

State Statutes impose no limitation on the amount of bonded debt the City can issue and the City has not adopted a legal debt limit.

City of Cocoa, FloridaDirect and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt September 30, 2024

Schedule 16

Governmental Unit	Del	ot Outstanding (1)	Applicable Percentage (2)	 City's Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Brevard County	\$	6,724,410	3.00%	\$ 201,483
City of Cocoa Direct Debt (Governmental Activities) Revenue Bonds net of related premiums and discor Revenue Notes Leases Payable Subscription Payable	unts			13,220,336 410,000 496,661 324,940 14,451,937
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 14,653,420

⁽¹⁾ Source: Brevard County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Table 12(2) Source: Brevard County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Table 7

4.65

4.82

4.63

4.38

						Debt Service			
 Fiscal Year	Pled Revenu		Less: Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Principal (3)	Interest	Total	Coverage (4)
2024	\$	84,988 \$	36,454	\$ 48,534	\$ 4,	105 \$	3,182 \$	7,287	6.66
2023		77,864	37,103	40,761	3,	930	3,361	7,291	5.59
2022		68,498	33,117	35,381	3,	755	3,532	7,287	4.86
2021		66,833	29,621	37,212	3,	595	3,688	7,283	5.11
2020		67,067	32,010	35,057	3,	445	3,837	7,282	4.81
2019		64,937	30,992	33,945	3,	580	4,121	7,701	4.41

Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds

2,670

2,545

2,420

2,300

3,071

2,994

3,124

3,248

5,741

5,539

5,544

5,548

26,680

26,706

25,661

24,281

32,889

31,557

30,195

29,455

59,569

58,263

55,856

53,736

2018

2017

2016

2015

⁽¹⁾ Pledged revenues include operating and non-operating revenues of Water and Sewer System, excluding impact fees, capital contributions, and intergovernmental. Beginning in 2019, interfund administrative charges are excluded.

⁽²⁾ Operating expenses excludes interest and depreciation.

⁽³⁾ Bond proceeds from revenue refunding bonds are excluded since payments are made with proceeds and not pledged revenues. Accordingly, they are not included in the above calculations.

⁽⁴⁾ Required coverage is 1.25.

Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 18

 Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2024	20,225 \$	1,216,776,450 \$	60,162	3.6%
2023	19,892	1,130,203,764	56,817	3.2%
2022	19,892	1,103,548,484	55,477	4.0%
2021	19,327	995,475,789	51,507	3.8%
2020	19,328	926,023,808	47,911	7.2%
2019	19,328	877,974,400	45,425	3.3%
2018	19,286	840,715,312	43,592	3.7%
2017	18,982	791,264,670	41,685	4.6%
2016	18,833	762,943,663	40,511	5.2%
2015	18,313	717,832,974	39,198	6.1%

⁽¹⁾ Source: Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida Annual.

⁽²⁾ Source: bea.gov/data/income-saving/personal-income-county - metro and other areas.

⁽³⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL (Metropolitan Areas).



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2024

Rank	Employer (1)	Employees (1)	% of Total Employment (2)
1	Walmart Distribution	701	5.76%
2	Publix	646	5.31%
3	Beyel Brothers Inc	479	3.93%
4	City of Cocoa	459	3.77%
5	Eastern Florida State College - Cocoa	454	3.73%
6	Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	348	2.86%
7	Brevard Robotics	322	2.64%
8	Met-Con	274	2.25%
9	Mike Erdman Automotive	255	2.09%
10	Sam's Club	135	1.11%
	Total Employees	4,073	33.45%

⁽¹⁾ Source: The companies listed above.(2) Source: Space Coast Economic Development Council.

2015

Rank	Employer	Employees	% of Total Employment
1	Eastern Florida State College - Cocoa	588	7.21%
2	City of Cocoa	430	5.27%
3	Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	315	3.86%
4	Beyel Brothers Inc	200	2.45%
5	Brevard Robotics	195	2.39%
6	Department of Health and Rehab Services	185	2.27%
7	Sam's Club	150	1.84%
8	University of Central Florida - Cocoa	150	1.84%
9	Coastal Steel, Inc.	145	1.78%
10	Publix	130	1.59%
	Total Employees	2,488	30.52%

Source: Bureau of Economic and Business Research.

City of Cocoa, Florida

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2024	2023	2022	2021
General government				
City Manager/OMB	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
City Clerk	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Finance	9.50	12.50	10.00	11.00
Customer Service	23.00	19.00	22.00	23.00
Human Resources	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Purchasing	4.00	5.00	5.00	4.00
Information Technology	10.00	11.00	10.00	9.00
Fleet Services	8.00	7.00	7.00	6.00
Growth & Economic Development	2.50	2.50	2.00	
Community Services	6.80	8.80	8.80	12.00
Public Safety				
Police Department	89.00	95.00	93.00	94.00
Fire Department	43.00	39.00	44.00	45.00
Public Works	31.00	30.00	29.00	27.00
Water	154.75	155.75	151.00	148.00
Wastewater	42.25	43.25	46.00	40.00
Stormwater	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00
Recreation	5.20	8.20	9.20	6.00
Total	449.00	457.00	457.00	446.00

Source: City of Cocoa Finance Department.

Note 1: Beginning in Fiscal Year 2017, the City of Cocoa moved Code Enforcement from Community Services to Public Safety - Police Department.

Note 2: Beginning in Fiscal Year 2021, the Warehouse Department began reporting to Purchasing.

Note 3: Beginning in Fiscal Year 2022, the City of Cocoa moved Growth and Economic Development into its own Department.

Schedule 20

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
12.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	12.00	11.00
22.00	22.00	29.00	28.00	26.00	25.00
6.50	6.50	5.50	6.50	7.00	6.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
9.00	10.50	9.50	9.50	8.50	7.50
7.00	6.50	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
14.00	13.00	9.80	11.80	16.00	18.00
97.00	97.00	95.00	92.50	89.50	95.25
41.00	47.00	48.00	45.00	44.00	44.00
28.80	27.80	24.80	26.80	28.00	27.00
153.50	150.50	150.00	149.00	128.00	127.00
39.00	37.00	36.00	36.00	33.00	33.00
6.60	7.60	5.40	7.40	6.00	5.00
9.00	8.50	4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00
455.90	456.40	445.00	446.00	419.00	419.75

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Function/Program				
General government				
Building permits issued	1,561	1,778	1,821	1,632
Building inspections conducted	4,384	5,800	7,671	5,108
Police				
Physical arrests	1,126	858	1,065	993
Parking violations	28	5	3	11
Traffic violations	1,932	1,501	1,415	1,493
Fire				
Emergency responses	6,111	6,037	5,956	5,821
Fire responses	139	125	151	135
Inspections	891	988	1,800	2,200
Public Works				
Streets resurfacing (miles)	3	3	5	2
Water				
New connections	1,228	873	1,424	1,036
Water main breaks	101	108	101	83
Average daily consumption				
(thousands of gallons)	20,130	18,993	18,409	20,424
Peak daily consumption				
(thousands of gallons)	23,058	22,150	22,842	24,991
Wastewater				
Average daily sewage treatment				
(thousands of gallons)	2,000	1,780	1,766	2,020

Source: Various City of Cocoa departments.

⁽¹⁾ In Fiscal Year 2017, the Fire Department began performing new business and annual fire inspections. The Building Division performs initial fire inspections during the building permit process (not included herein).

Schedule 21

2020	2019	2018	2017 (1)	2016	2015
1,818	2,012	1,503	1,084	1,063	996
5,741	4,695	2,738	3,294	3,618	3,669
1,124	1,450	1,451	1,274	1,054	1,543
20	34	31	49	48	24
1,522	2,380	2,455	2,568	1,630	2,096
4,770	5,323	5,425	5,413	5,139	4,835
114	95	107	144	107	96
707	1,226	252	199	83	73
2	2	-	6	4	2
1,223	1,078	916	803	707	719
59	84	75	135	83	107
59	04	75	133	63	107
20,592	20,166	20,298	21,929	21,247	21,954
26,175	25,292	26,444	27,695	28,271	27,550
2,195	2,040	2,308	2,176	2,077	2,139

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Function/Program				
Police Stations	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	3	3	3	3
Other Public Works				
Streets (miles)	79	80	79	79
Street Lights	2,182	2,182	2,212	2,182
Traffic Signals	146	146	146	146
Water				
Water mains (miles)	1,423	1,399	1,388	1,375
Fire Hydrants in Cocoa	745	741	730	710
Fire Hydrants - Total System	7,245	7,352	7,039	6,956
Storage capacity				
(thousands of gallons)	22,500	22,500	22,500	22,500
Wastewater				
Sanitary sewers (miles) (1)	129	126	135	135
Treatment capacity				
(thousands of gallons)	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500

Sources: Various City of Cocoa departments.

⁽¹⁾ City of Cocoa, Sanitary Sewers (miles) for fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015 have been restated to exclude Private Sewer miles.

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3
79	79	79	79	79	79
2,182	2,182	2,182	2,182	2,182	2,004
146	146	146	146	146	146
1,376	1,369	1,360	1,353	1,341	1,339
706	701	699	689	687	685
6,814	6,773	6,718	6,658	6,590	6,499
22,500	22,500	22,500	22,500	22,500	22,500
135	130	130	119	118	118
4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500



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COMPLIANCE SECTION



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cocoa, Florida Cocoa, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, of the City of Cocoa, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, grant agreements and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated March 27, 2025.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Independent Auditor's Management Letter

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cocoa, Florida Cocoa, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Cocoa, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.*

Other Reporting Requirements

We have also issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General;* Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 27, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based, in part, on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Programs

As required by Section 10.554(1)(i)6.a., Rules of the Auditor General, a PACE program authorized pursuant to Section 163.081 or Section 163.082, Florida Statutes, did not operate within the City's geographical boundaries during the fiscal year under audit.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires, if appropriate, that we communicated the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.544(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, the Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency reported:

- (A) The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year as zero (0).
- (B) The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as four (4).
- (C) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as zero (0).
- (D) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$85,430.
- (E) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as zero (0).
- (F) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as \$480,032.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.544(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*. the Diamond Square Community Redevelopment Agency reported:

- (A) The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year as zero (0).
- (B) The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as four (4).
- (C) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as zero (0).
- (D) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$98,661.
- (E) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as zero (0).
- (F) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as \$963,961.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.544(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, the Housing Authority of the City of Cocoa reported:

- (A) The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year as thirteen (13).
- (B) The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as four (4).
- (C) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$568,527.
- (D) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$165,235.
- (E) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as zero (0).
- (F) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as zero (0).

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, City Council, and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Independent Accountant's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cocoa, Florida Cocoa, Florida

We have examined the City of Cocoa, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2024.

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Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance in Accordance With the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cocoa, Florida Cocoa, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Cocoa, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the Department of Financial Services State Projects *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2024. The City's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibility of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program and state project as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter
 10.550, Rule of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2025, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Uniform Guidance, Chapter 69I-5, Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, Rules of the Department of Financial Services, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

FEDERAL AGENCY/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	CONTRACT / GRANT NO.	ASSISTANCE LISTING NO.	EXPENDITURES	TRANSFERS TO SUBRECIPIENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Direct Program Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Subtotal - Direct Program	B-23-MC-12-0003	14.218	\$ 145,498 \$ 145,498	\$ 15,250 \$ 15,250
Indirect Program, Pass through Brevard County: Home Investment Partnerships Program Subtotal - Indirect Program Total U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development	M-20-DC-12-00200	14.239	\$ 96,178 \$ 96,178 \$ 241,676	\$ - \$ 15,250
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Direct Program Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid				
African American Civil Rights Historical Research Total U.S. Department of the Interior	P21AP11733-00	15.904	\$ 17,700 \$ 17,700	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct Programs				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - 2023 2021 Patrick Leahy Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	15PBJA-23-GG-03233-JAGX 2021-BU-BX-2202	16.738 16.607	\$ 15,572 1,533	
2022 Patrick Leahy Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 2023 Patrick Leahy Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Subtotal - Direct Programs	2019-BU-BX-19096472 46151500-NASPO-21-ACS	16.607 16.607	1,960 12,732 \$ 31,797	
Indirect Program, pass through Department of Legal Affairs, Office of the Attorney				
General (OAG) Crime Victim Assistance	VOCA-2022-City of Cocoa Police Dept-00556	16.575	\$ 91,785	
Subtotal - Indirect Program Total U.S. Department of Justice	Tollog Dept-00000		\$ 91,785 \$ 123,582	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY Direct Program				
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (American Rescue Plan) Subtotal - Direct Program	COVID-19-1505-0271	21.027	\$ 1,100,203 \$ 1,100,203	
Indirect Programs, Pass through Florida Division of Environmental Protection US 1 and Forrest Ave Stormwater	SLRFP012	21.027	\$ 68,778	
North Fiske SW Pond Floating Wetlands Subtotal - Indirect Programs Total U. S. Department of the Treasury	SLRFP012	21.027	768,000 \$ 836,778 \$ 1,936,981	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			Ψ 1,000,001	
Indirect Program, Pass through Florida Division of Emergency Management Fiske and Broadmoor Acres Drainage Project Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	4337-428-R	97.039	\$ 2,352,787 \$ 2,352,787	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 4,672,726	\$ 15,250
				TRANSFERS TO
STATE AGENCY/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE Direct Programs	CONTRACT / GRANT NO.	CSFA NO.	EXPENDITURES	SUBRECIPIENT
Florida Department of Enviromental Protection Statewide Water Quality Restoration Projects Resilient Florida Program	LG005 24PLN48	37.039 37.098	\$ 1,064,712 14,165	
Total Florida Department of Enviromental Protection	Z4F LIV4O	37.090	\$ 1,078,877	
Florida Housing Corporation Direct Program				
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program Total Florida Housing Corporation		40.901	\$ 65,460 \$ 65,460	
Florida Department of State Direct Program				
Florida Division of Historical Resources Total Florida Department of State	23.h.sc.100.023	45.031	\$ 81,500 \$ 81,500	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS			\$ 1,225,837	

City of Cocoa, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

For reporting entity purposes, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes only the activities of the primary government of the City of Cocoa, Florida.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental organizations.

NOTE 3 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF COCOA, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of report the auditor issued on wheth GAAP:	ner the financial stater	ments audited	l were prepare	ed in accordance with
	☐ Adverse	☐ Disclai	imer	
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?			☐ Yes	⊠ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	1?		☐ Yes	None reported ■
Noncompliance material to the financial sta	tements noted?		☐ Yes	⊠ No
Federal Awards and State Financial	Assistance			
Internal control over major federal program	s and state projects:			
Material weakness(es) identified?			☐ Yes	⊠ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	1?		☐ Yes	None reported ■
Type of auditor's report issued on complian	ice for major federal p	rogram(s) and	l major state p	oroject(s):
(Check each description that applies. program and state project by the type of				name of each major
	Adverse	☐ Disclai	imer	
Any audit findings disclosed that are requaccordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) or of the Auditor General?			☐ Yes	⊠ No
ldentification of major federal programs and	d major state projects:			
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Nam	ne of Federal	Program or 0	Cluster
21.027	Coronavirus State a		al Recovery F	unds
97.039	Hazard Mitigation G	irants		
CSFA Number		Name of §	State Project	
37.039	Statewide Water Qu	uality Restorat	tion Projects	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwee	n Type A and Type B	programs:		
Federal	\$750,000.			
State	\$367,751.			
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?			⊠ Yes	□No

CITY OF COCOA, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No matters are reported.

Section III – Federal Award and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters are reported.

Section IV – Prior Year Audit Findings

No matters are reported.





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FAX: (321) 433-8685

IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Rebecca J Bowman, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of City of Cocoa which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida.
- 2. The governing body of City of Cocoa adopted (Ordinance No. 24-82) implementing an impact fee and authorized City of Cocoa to receive and expend proceeds of an impact fee implemented by City of Cocoa.
- 3. City of Cocoa has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

Rebecca J Bowman, Chief Financial Officer, City of Cocoa STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF BREVARD SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 4 day of December Print Name Minica Account Personally known ____ or produced identification _____ Type of identification produced: _ My Commission Expires: 0.16.2X MONICA R ARSENAULT Commission # HH 498592 Expires June 16, 2028





FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.









City of Cocoa IMPACT FEE FY24

In accordance with F.S. 163.31801, the impact fee affidavit and following reporting items be submitted with the Financial Audit Report.

a) The specific purpose of the impact fee

1) Water & Sewer Impact Fees (Sec. 15-30)

The City of Cocoa charges impact fees to ensure that existing residents will not bear the cost of new facilities and services necessary to support new development. Impact Fees are assessed to ensure minimum levels of service (LOS) adopted when new homes and new businesses are built, or when existing business are expanded under the city's growth management policies for:

- (1) Roads;
- (2) Potable water;
- (3) Wastewater;
- (4) Storm water;
- (5) Solid waste; and
- (6) Parks and recreation.

The city shall monitor compliance with the minimum levels of service set forth in this division by ensuring that public facilities and services needed to support development are available concurrent with the impacts of development, as required by law.

2) Transportation Impact Fees (Sec. 15-60)

Purpose of proportionate fair-share mitigation program for transportation.

The purpose to establish a method whereby the impacts of development on transportation facilities can be mitigated through the cooperative efforts of the public and private sectors, to be known as the proportionate fair-share mitigation program for transportation, as required by and in a manner consistent with F.S. § 163.3180(16).

b) The impact fee schedule policy describing the method of calculation for impact fees

1) Water Service Impact Fee (Code of Ordinances Sec. 22-26.)

Water service customers who require new connections or increased meter size must pay a non-refundable, non-transferable impact fee based on the number of equivalent residential connections (ERC's). Water service impact fees shall be established from time to time by the city council by resolution. For water, an ERC is defined as an average daily flow of 265 gallons per day.

Unit Description	ERC/Unit
Single Family Residence	1.00 ERC
Apartment or Condo: 1 Bath	0.80 ERC
Apartment or Condo: 2 or more Bath	1.00 ERC
Hotel/Motel	0.60 ERC

Commercial, Industrial, Institutional and Residential not Previously Described: Estimated flows (gallons per day) divided by two hundred sixty-five (265) gallons per day equals the number of ERC's.

The engineering manager or designee may utilize the following methods to formulate an estimate:

- (1) Flow submitted on Brevard County's Concurrency Evaluation form or FDEP construction permit application as calculated and certified by a registered engineer or architect.
- (2) Flow calculated from data contained in Florida Administrative Code 64E-6.008, Table I "For System Design".
- (3) Metered flow data documented by the most recent twelve-month flow history of four similar establishments.

2) Sewer Service Impact Fee (Sec. 22-18)

All new sewer connections and existing sewer connections which require an increased water meter size shall require payment of an impact fee as established from time to time by the city council by resolution.

The sewer impact fee is charged per equivalent residential connection (ERC).

3) Brevard County Impact Fee /Transportation (§ 62.809. Computation.)

The following formula shall be used by the county manager to determine the impact fee per unit of development:

- (1) New travel = Trips per day per unit × trip length × percent new travel.
- (2) New road capacity = New travel / 2 / lane capacity.
- (3) Total cost = New road capacity × cost per lane mile.
- (4) Credits = (Dollars per gallon × (annual travel) / (miles per gallon)) × present value factor.
- (5) Net cost = Total cost credits.
- (6) Impact fee = Net cost.

c) The amount assessed for each purpose and for each type of dwelling

1) Water Service Impact Fees (Resolution# 24-074)

Meter Size	ERC	Reclaimed Water Not Available	Reclaimed Water Available
5/8 x 3/4 inch (SFR only)	1.00	\$1,750	\$1,300
5/8 x 3/4 inch (not SFR)	1.00	\$1,750	\$1,750
1 inch (SFR only)	2.50	\$4,375	\$3,250
1 inch (not SFR)	2.50	\$4,375	\$4,375
1.5 inch	6.00	\$10,500	\$10,500
2 inch	9.50	\$16,625	\$16,625
3 inch	21.75	\$38,062.50	\$38,062.50
4 inch	37.50	\$65,625	\$65,625
6 inch	80.00	\$140,000	\$140,000
8 inch	140.00	\$245,000	\$245,000
10 inch	210.00	\$367,500	\$367,500
Unit Description	ERC/unit	Reclaimed Water Not Available	Reclaimed Water Available
Single Family Residence	1.00	\$1,750	\$1,300
Apartment or Condo: 1 Bath	0.80	\$1,400	\$1,400
Apartment or Condo: 2 or more Bath	1.00	\$1,750	\$1,750
Hotel/Motel	0.60	\$1,050	\$1,050

Note: Impact fees will be based on either the calculated ERC's per the Utilities Handbook or the base impact fee listed above, whichever is higher.

2) Sewer Service Impact Fees (Resolution# 24-074)

Sewer Service Impact Fee	
Sewer Impact Fee	\$1,719 per ERC
Sewer Force Main Fee	\$1,450 per ERC

3) Transportation Impact Fees (through Brevard County) Residential Impact Fees

Residential Impact Fees - Examples of Residential structures: Single Family Residence, Duplex Units, Townhouses, Condos, Apartments, Mobile Homes, and RV Pads in RV Parks.

Brevard County assesses and collects residential impact fees for all projects located and permitted within Brevard County. Brevard County collects fees for all 16 cities within the County: Cape Canaveral, Cocoa, Cocoa Beach, Grant-Valkaria, Indialantic, Indian Harbor Beach, Malabar, Melbourne, Melbourne Beach, Melbourne Village, Palm Bay, Palm Shores, Rockledge, Satellite Beach, Titusville, & West Melbourne. The impact fees collected will vary based on the inter-local agreement between the County and each individual city.

Brevard County Residential Impact Fee Schedule Effective January 2, 2017

Cities of Cocoa, Cocoa Beach, Indialantic, Indian Harbour Beach, Malabar, Melbourne Beach, Rockledge, Satellite Beach, and
Titusville

Land Use Type	Unit	Transportation	Fire / Rescue	Emergency Medical Services	Correctional Facility	Library	Solid Waste	Education	Total Fees
Single- Family, Detached	1 Dwelling	\$4,353.00	Not Applicable	\$38.65	\$71.99	\$63.84	\$160.00	\$5,096.50	\$9,783.98
Duplex, Townhouse, 1 to 2 stories	1 Dwelling	\$2,677.00	Not Applicable	\$35.22	\$65.61	\$55.59	\$160.00	\$1,940.50	\$4,933.92
Condo, 1 to 2 stories	1 Dwelling	\$2,677.00	Not Applicable	\$35.22	\$65.61	\$55.59	\$120.00	\$1940.50	\$4,893.92
Apartment, 1 to 2 stories	1 Dwelling	\$2,677.00	Not Applicable	\$33.68	\$62.73	\$37.91	\$120.00	\$1,940.50	\$4,871.82
Townhouse, 3 or more stories	1 Dwelling	\$2,381.00	Not Applicable	\$23.16	\$43.13	\$55.59	\$160.00	\$1,940.50	\$4,603.38
Condo, 3 or more stories	1 Dwelling	\$2,381.00	Not Applicable	\$23.16	\$43.13	\$55.59	\$120.00	\$1,940.50	\$4,563.38
Apartment, 3 or more stories	1 Dwelling	\$2,381.00	Not Applicable	\$22.15	\$41.25	\$37.91	\$120.00	\$1,940.50	\$4,542.81
Mobile Home on Deeded Lot	1 Dwelling	\$1,642.00	Not Applicable	\$30.41	\$56.65	\$46.45	\$160.00	\$1,256.50	\$3,192.01
Mobile Home on Rental Lot	1 Dwelling	\$1,642.00	Not Applicable	\$30.41	\$56.65	\$46.45	\$120.00	\$1,256.50	\$3,152.01
RV Pad in RV Park	1 Dwelling	\$1,642.00	Not Applicable	\$30.41	\$56.65	\$46.45	\$62.40	\$1,256.50	\$3,094.41

Table 2

Commercial Impact Fees - Incorporated

Brevard County assesses and collects commercial impact fees for all projects located and permitted within Brevard County. Brevard County collects impact fees for all 16 cities within the County: Cape Canaveral, Cocoa, Cocoa Beach, Grant-Valkaria, Indialantic, Indian Harbor Beach, Malabar, Melbourne, Melbourne Beach, Melbourne Village, Palm Bay, Palm Shores, Rockledge, Satellite Beach, Titusville, & West Melbourne. The impact fees collected will vary based on the inter-local agreement between the County and each individual city.

2007 Brevard County Commercial Impact Fee Schedule Cities of: Cape Canaveral, Cocoa, Cocoa Beach, Indialantic, Indian Harbour Beach, Malabar, Melbourne Beach, Rockledge, Satellite Beach, and Titusville

LAND USE TYPE	UNIT	TRANSPORTATION	CORRECTIONAL FACILITY	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES	TOTAL
Hotel	Room	\$2,735.00	\$20.22	\$10.68	\$2,766.08
Motel	Room	\$1,480.00	\$20.22	\$10.86	\$1,511.08
Resort Hotel	Room	\$6,522.00	\$20.22	\$10.86	\$6,553.08
Office under 10,000 square feet	1,000 square feet	\$8,630.00	\$58.30	\$31.30	\$8,719.60
Office 10,000 square feet & over	1,000 square feet	\$5,058.00	\$34.17	\$18.35	\$5,110.52
Office Park	1,000 square feet	\$6,228.00	\$26.69	\$14.33	\$6,269.02
Medical Office	1,000 square feet	\$13,024.00	\$57.21	\$30.72	\$13,111.93
Bank	1,000 square feet	\$13,766.00	\$90.38	\$48.52	\$13,904.90
Bank with Drive-Thru	1,000 square feet	\$23,331.00	\$81.48	\$43.74	\$23,456.22
Retail under 10,001 square feet	1,000 square feet	\$5,804.00	\$244.00	\$130.99	\$6,178.99
Retail 10,001 to 49,999 square feet	1,000 square feet	\$5,804.00	\$160.44	\$86.13	\$6,050.57
Retail 50,000 to 99,999 square feet	1,000 square feet	\$6,396.00	\$160.44	\$86.13	\$6,642.57
Retail 100,000 square feet	1,000 square feet	\$5,270.00	\$160.44	\$86.13	\$5,516.57
Retail 100,001 to 299,999 square feet	1,000 square feet	\$5,270.00	\$100.18	\$53.78	\$5,423.96
Retail 300,000 to 499,999 square feet	1,000 square feet	\$5,833.00	\$100.18	\$53.78	\$5,986.96
Retail 500,000 to 1,000,000 square feet	1,000 square feet	\$5,834.00	\$100.18	\$53.78	\$5,987.96

LAND USE TYPE	UNIT	TRANSPORTATION	CORRECTIONAL FACILITY	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES	TOTAL
Retail 1,000,001 square feet & over	1,000 square feet	\$5,834.00	\$84.78	\$45.51	\$5,964.29
Service / Gas Station	Fuel Position	\$4,269.00	\$105.67	\$56.73	\$4,431.40
New & Used Auto Sales	1,000 square feet	\$10,933.00	\$85.41	\$45.85	\$11,064.26
Quality Restaurant	1,000 square feet	\$16,898.00	\$350.75	\$188.30	\$17,437.05
Restaurant	1,000 square feet	\$23,213.00	\$432.22	\$232.04	\$23,877.26
Restaurant with Drive- Thru	1,000 square feet	\$35,791.00	\$428.40	\$229.99	\$36,449.39
Supermarket	1,000 square feet	\$11,258.00	\$219.85	\$118.03	\$11,595.88
Car Wash	Wash Stall	\$11,530.00	\$389.23	\$208.96	\$12,128.19
Auto Repair	1,000 square feet	\$7,703.00	\$66.24	\$35.56	\$7,804.80
Convenience Market	1,000 square feet	\$34,542.00	\$468.17	\$251.34	\$35,261.51
Convenience Market with Gas & Fast Food	1,000 square feet	\$22,563.00	\$468.17	\$251.34	\$23,282.51
Furniture Store	1,000 square feet	\$1,332.00	\$13.41	\$7.20	\$1,352.61
Marina	Acre	\$6,430.00	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	\$6,430.00
Marina	Berth	Not Applicable	\$11.15	\$5.98	\$17.13
Golf Course	Hole	\$11,501.00	\$191.83	\$102.99	\$11,795.82
Tennis Court	Court	\$9,535.00	\$106.95	\$57.42	\$9,699.37
Racquet Club / Health Spa	1,000 square feet	\$5,761.00	\$60.20	\$32.32	\$5,853.52
Movie Theater with Matinee	Seat	\$44.00	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	\$44.00
Movie Theater with Matinee	Screen	Not Applicable	\$621.34	\$333.57	\$954.91
Church	1,000 square feet	\$2,532.00	\$16.42	\$8.81	\$2,557.23
Adult Congregate Living Facility or Retirement Home	Dwelling	\$378.00	\$60.52	\$32.49	\$471.01
Nursing Home	Bed	\$472.00	\$47.00	\$25.23	\$544.23
Day Care Center	1,000 square feet	\$11,769.00	\$366.39	\$196.74	\$12,332.13
Elementary School	Student	\$273.00	\$5.20	\$2.79	\$280.99
Middle School	Student	\$307.00	\$7.33	\$3.93	\$318.26
High School	Student	\$430.00	\$9.05	\$4.86	\$443.91
Junior College	Student	\$842.00	\$4.09	\$2.20	\$848.29
College	Student	\$1,236.00	\$7.00	\$3.76	\$1,246.76
Veterinary Clinic	1,000 square feet	\$3,552.00	\$51.94	\$27.88	\$3,631.82
Hospital	1,000 square feet	\$5,354.00	\$45.81	\$24.60	\$5,424.41

d) The total amount of impact fees charged by type of dwelling (FY24)

1) Transportation Impact Fee / Collected directly by the City IMPACT FEES-OFFICE BLDG

422-0000-324.01-01	Water - Flat Fee	16,625.00	
	Total Impact Fees - Office Bldg		16,625.00
IMPACT-RESIDENTI			
422-0000-324.02-01	Water - Flat Fee	, ,	
422-0000-324.02-11	Sewer - Flat Fee	126,059.00	
	Total Impact Fees - Residentl Bldg		2,379,917.34
IMPACT FEES - RET	AIL BLDG		
422-0000-324.03-01	Water - Flat Fee	136,500.00	
422-0000-324.03-11	Water - Commercial	529,563.21	
422-0000-324.03-21	Sewer - Commercial	472,553.10	
	Total Impact Fees - Retail Bldg		1,138,616.31
IMPACT FEE-HOSPI	TLTY BLDG		
422-0000-324.04-01	Water - Flat Fee	189,000.00	
	Total Impact Fees - Hospilty Bldg		189,000.00
IMPACT-INSTITUTN	L CVC BLD		
422-0000-324.05-01	Water - Flat Fee	46,375.00	
	Total Impact Fees - Institutnl CVC Bld		46,375.00
IMPACT FEES-EDUC	CATNL BLDG		
422-0000-324.08-01	Water - Flat Fee	10,500.00	
	Total Impact Fees - Educatnl Bldg		10,500.00
IMPACT FEES-INDU	STRL BLDG		
422-0000-324.09-01	Water - Flat Fee	28,875.00	
422-0000-324.09-11	Sewer - Flat Fee	7,892.50	
	Total Impact Fees - Industri Bldg		36,767.50
IMPACT FEES-RECI			
422-0000-324.12-01	Water - Flat Fee	10,500.00	
	Total Impact Fees - Recreatn Bldg	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,500.00
IMPACT FEES-OTHI			•
422-0000-324.19-01	Water - Flat Fee	14,875.00	
	Total Impact Fees - Other Bldg		14,875.00
		Grand Total	3,843,176.15
		=	
2) Transportation In	npact Fee /		

2) Transportation Impact Fee /

Collected by the Brevard county on behalf of the City

001-0000-133.30-01 Local Governments <u>108,165.70</u>

Grand Total 108,165.70

e) Exceptions and waivers were provided for the following affordable housing for FY24 (Code of Ordinances Sec. 7-36.)

1. Michael C. Blake Subdivision